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FRI-UW-8615 December 1983

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PUGET SOUND DREDGE DISPOSAL ANALYSIS (PSDDA) DISPOSAL SITE INVESTIGATIONS: PHASE 1 TRAWL STUDIES IN SARATOGA PASSAGE, PORT GARDNER, ELLIOTT BAY AND COMMENCEMENT BAY, WASHINGTON

Principal Investigators

Paul A. Dinnel, David A. Armstrong, Bruce S. Miller, Robert F. Donnelly Fisheries Research Institute, School of Fisheries University of Washington, Seattle

Part I

Crab and Shrimp Studies

ЪУ

Paul A. Dinnel, David A. Armstrong, and Anthony Whiley

### Part II

Demersal Fish Studies

by

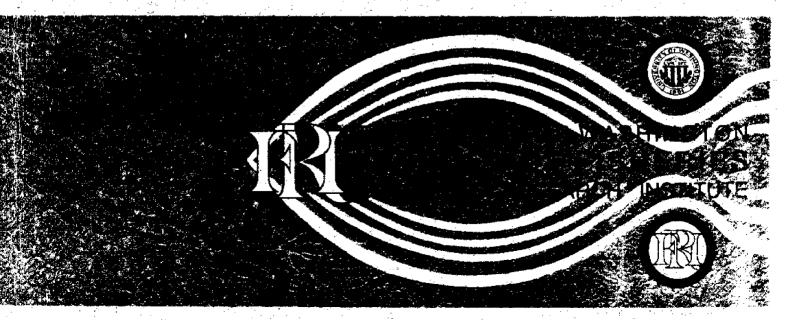
Robert F. Donnelly, Bruce S. Miller, Robert R. Lauth, and Shelley C. Clarke

FINAL REPORT

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31 December 1986 for

Washington Sea Grant Program in Cooperation with Seattle District, U.S. Army Corps of Engineers Seattle, Washington



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Part I

WSG- MR 86- #6

Crab and Shrimp Studies

3716 Brooklyn Avenue N.E. Seattle, Washington 98105

bу

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Part II

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Approved: Robert

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#### EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

The multi-agency Puget Sound Dredge Disposal Analysis (PSDDA) Program has been delegated the task of evaluating, selecting, monitoring and managing sites within the inland waters of Washington State for long-term, unconfined disposal of uncontaminated dredged materials. The Disposal Site Work Group (DSWG) of PSDDA was assigned the responsibility of selecting unconfined, open water disposal sites in central Puget Sound. DSWG selected seven preliminary disposal sites within five Zones of Siting Feasibility (ZSF's) in central Puget Sound (Saratoga Passage, Port Gardner. Elliott Bay and Commencement Bay) based on 19 selection factors covering physical parameters, human uses and historical biological resource data. Final site selection is now dependent, in part, on site-specific trawl investigations for biological resources in and around each of the five ZSF's.

This document is the final technical report detailing the results of trawl studies conducted in each of the five ZSF's during 1986. This report is divided into two parts: Part I summarizes the results of trawling conducted with a small 3-m research beam trawl especially useful for capturing Dungeness crab, shrimp and small bottomfish. Part II details the results of trawling conducted with a research (7.6 m) otter trawl primarily designed to capture bottomfish of all sizes.

Initial trawls in central Puget Sound identified three faunal groups of specific importance to Puget Sound commercial and sport fisheries: Dungeness crab, pandalid shrimp, and bottomfish (especially flatfish, Pacific hake, cod, and rockfish). Each of these resources has been analyzed in this report to provide the best possible biological

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data base for the final site selection process and to provide a "baseline" of information for future monitoring of these disposal sites. It should be noted that the Port Gardner data presented in this report are essentially abstracted from cruise reports from a closely related project (Navy Homeport Project). The final analyses of the Port Gardner data will be available at a later date.

Generally, Dungeness crab were found to be absent from Commencement Bay, of only minor concern in Elliott Bay and Saratoga Passage, and a major resource (especially females) in Port Gardner, where this species will be of primary concern in site selection and future monitoring.

Shrimp were ubiquitous throughout the areas sampled. Shrimp populations were highly variable depending on such factors as site, species, depth, season and habitat type. Shrimp populations were generally insignificant as commercial or sport resources in all of the five ZSF's with the possible exception of the inner Elliott Bay ZSF. Shrimp in this particular area may prove to be a siting concern, although this area is also heavily impacted by gillnet fishing for salmon, ship navigation and anchorage, and toxic contaminants in the nearby Duwamish Waterways.

Bottomfish were sampled by a research trawl and it is important to understand that the data generated are not comparable to that generated by commercial trawls, upon which the Washington Department of Fisheries bases its "flatfish index."

Bottomfish were low in abundance, biomass and species diversity at the Commencement Bay PSDDA sites. In contrast, bottomfish were highest in abundance, biomass and species diversity at the PSDDA sites in

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Elliott Bay, when compared with the other locations sampled in Elliott Bay. Saratoga Passage PSDDA sites were not adequately sampled to make a concluding statement, but WDF studies have previously indicated they may be an important area to some commercial fishes. Preliminary analysis of Port Gardner bottomfish indicates that biomass and abundance decrease with depth and towards the mouth of Port Gardner, and are at maximum values during the winter.

### PUGET SOUND DREDGE DISPOSAL ANALYSIS (PSDDA) DISPOSAL SITE INVESTIGATIONS

PART I

Crab and Shrimp Studies

by

Paul A. Dinnel, David A. Armstrong, and Anthony Whiley

#### INTRODUCTION

In January 1986, the Disposal Site Work Group (DSWG) of the Puget Sound Dredge Disposal Analysis (PSDDA) team, selected preliminary preferred and alternative sites for the unconfined disposal of dredged materials in the main basin of Puget Sound (Phase I area). Initial site selections were based on information gathered from limited field studies conducted within the ZSF's (Zones of Siting Feasibility) and existing information from each ZSF. Selection of final preferred and alternative disposal sites required more detailed evaluations of important physical factors and biological resources in and around the identified sites. One of the key factors in choosing final sites will be an evaluation of important benthic and epibenthic fisheries resources including Dungeness crab (<u>Cancer magister</u>), commercial (Pandalid) shrimp and bottomfish.

The purpose of this report is to describe the findings of the trawling studies conducted in and around each of the preliminary PSDDA disposal sites during February, April, June and September of 1986. The trawls conducted during these seasons consisted of beam trawls known to be effective for capturing Dungeness crab but which also sampled shrimp and smaller bottomfish incidental to crabs. Demersal fauna were additionally sampled by a mediumsized otter trawl especially effective in capturing larger bottomfish and shrimp.

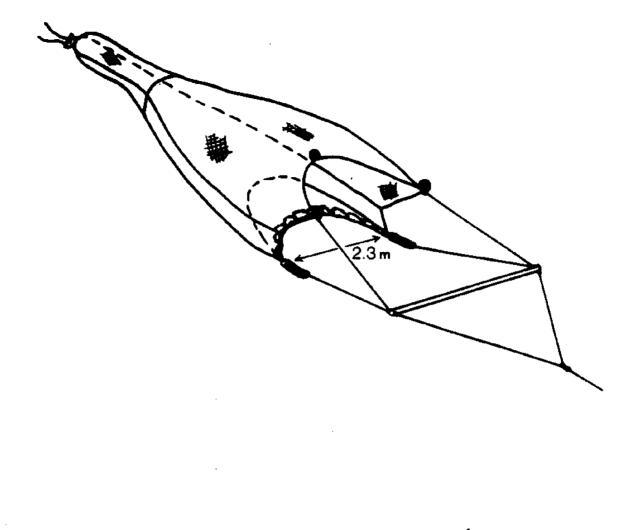
#### METHODS

#### Beam Trawl

All trawling was conducted aboard the 16 m research vessel <u>Kittiwake</u>. Dungeness crabs were sampled with a 3 m beam trawl (Figure 1, top; Gunderson and Ellis 1986) previously used elsewhere in Puget Sound (Dinnel et al. 1985a, 1985b, 1986; Weitkamp et al. 1986). The beam trawl was towed at each station approximately 232 meters (1/8 nautical mile) at a target ground speed and time of 2.5 km/hr (1.5 knots) for 5.5 minutes which yielded an area swept by the net (opening = 2.3 meters) of 534 m<sup>2</sup>. All crabs caught in the trawl were measured, sexed, and assessed for molt condition (degree of shell softness) and reproductive condition (females with or without eggs) and returned to the water. Catches of shrimp and fish from the beam trawls were preserved for later processing in the laboratory.

#### <u>Otter Trawl</u>

Bottomfish and shrimp were sampled with a 7.6 m otter trawl (Figure 1, bottom) designed for the Southern California Coastal Water Research Project (Mearns and Allen 1978). The otter trawl was towed approximately 370 m (1/5 nautical mile) at a target ground speed and time of 4.2 km/hr (2.5 knots) for 5.3 minutes which yielded an area swept by the net (opening = 6 m) of 2,220 m<sup>2</sup>. Incidentally caught crabs were processed on board as described above and returned to the water. Bottomfish and shrimp were identified and counted on board ship, and then at the end of the day, frozen for later processing in the laboratory. Laboratory processing for shrimp included identification to



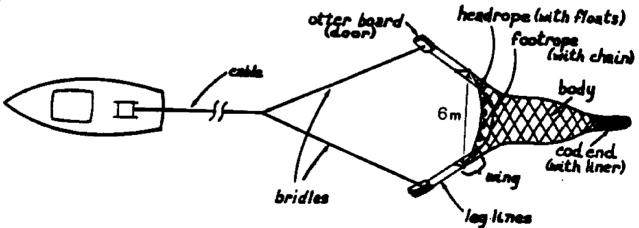


Figure 1. Diagrams of the beam trawl (top) and otter trawl (bottom) used in this study.

species (commercial species only), measurement of carapace lengths and assessments of reproductive condition (shrimp with or without eggs). Bottomfish processing included identification to species, measurements for length and weight, and a check for obvious external abnormalities or parasites (primarily flatfish). See Part II for further discussion of the bottomfish methods and results.

### Sample Sites and Stations

<u>Beam trawls</u>. Beam trawl sampling was conducted in and around seven preliminary preferred or alternative disposal sites in four general areas of Puget Sound (Figure 2). The Saratoga Passage site was surveyed in February and June 1986, but not in September as the site was viewed as the second alternative to the Port Gardner preferred site. The trawl stations in Saratoga Passage consisted of three stations within the preliminary disposal site; eight stations stratified by depth (10, 20, 40 and 30 m below mean lower low water [MLLW]) along Transect 1 east and west of the disposal site; and three stations along Transect 2 north of the disposal site (Figure 3). Transect 2 was sampled only in June.

Beam trawl sampling in Port Gardner was conducted during four seasons (February, April, June and September 1986). Sampling was conducted at two preliminary disposal sites and along seven north-south transects crossing Port Gardner (sample depths from 10 to 165 m) (Figure 4). Three stations each were sampled within PSDDA Sites 1 and 2 during each season. The boundaries of PSDDA Site 1 were moved slightly eastward prior to sampling in September (dashed circle, Figure 4). Thus, this new site included PSDDA 1 Stations 1 and 2, Transect 3 Station 130M and Station H (which was added in September to provide better sampling coverage of the new site) (Figure 4). The Transect 1,

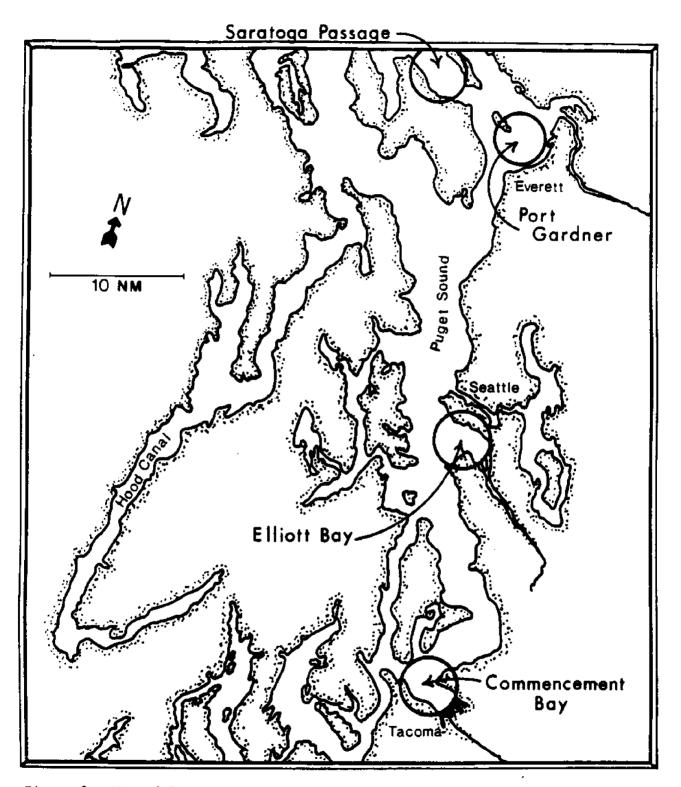
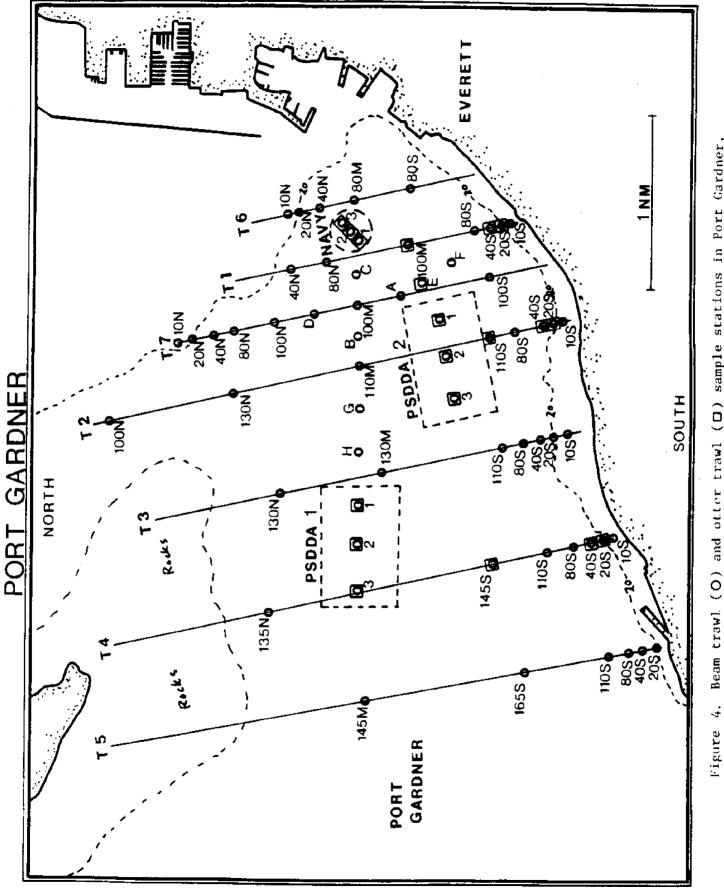


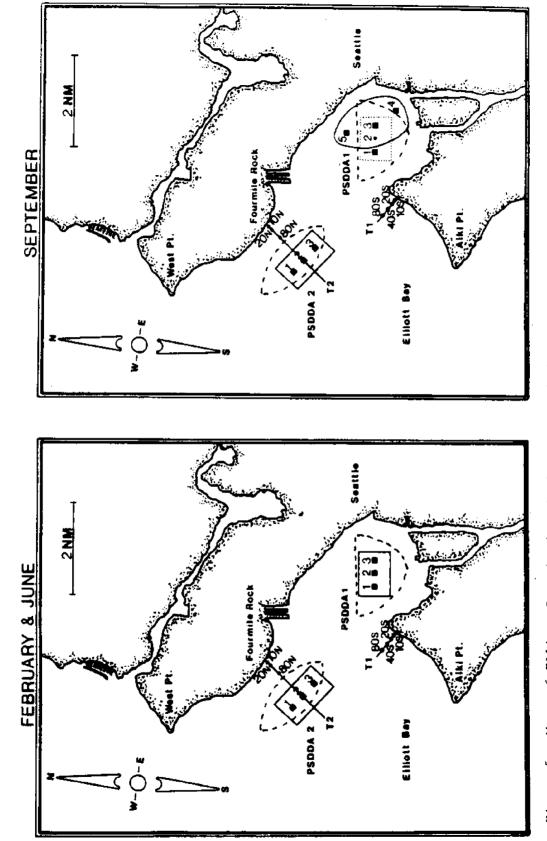
Figure 2. Map of Puget Sound showing the general locations of the preliminary PSDDA disposal sites in the Main Basin.

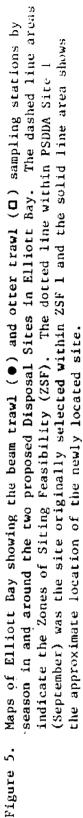


Beam trawl (O) and otter trawl (D) sample stations in Port Gardner, Depths in meters. N = North, M = Middle, S = South. 40N Station was dropped from the sampling array after February 1986 due to repeated gear damage at this location. Some additional beam trawl stations (A-H; Figure 4) were also added in June and September to provide better sampling coverage of the inner portion of the bay in relation to another proposed (NAVY) disposal site (Dinnel et al. 4987).

Beam trawl sampling in Elliott Bay was conducted during three seasons (February, June and September 1986) at two preliminary disposal sites and along two nearshore transects (10, 20, 40 and 80 m depths) (Figure 5). Three stations were sampled within PSDDA Site 1 in inner Elliott Bay during February and June. The location of PSDDA Site 1 was relocated slightly eastward prior to the September trawls; hence, two additional stations (Stations 4 and 5; Figure 5) were added to better characterize the resources within the new site. Three stations were trawled within PSDDA Site 2 (off Fourmile Rock) during all three seasons. The 40 m depth along Transect 2 off Fourmile Rock was deleted due to a rough bottom and repeated gear damage.

Beam trawl sampling in Commencement Bay was conducted during three seasons (February, June and September 1986) at two preliminary PSDDA disposal sites and along two transects stratified by depth (10, 20, 40, 80 and 120 m below MLLW) (Figure 6). Three trawls each were made in PSDDA Sites 1 and 2 in February. By June, PSDDA Site 2 had been relocated to the north of PSDDA Site 1 based on information about relative deposition/erosion potential from the depositional analysis procedure. This new site (called PSDDA Site 2B in this report, Figure 5) was trawled together with PSDDA Site 1 in June. PSDDA Sites 1 and 2B were again sampled in September except that a slight shift of PSDDA Site 1 eastward resulted in the addition of one new station (PSDDA Site 1, Station 4; Figure 6) during this season. As was the case in Elliott Bay, rough bottom conditions resulted in the deletion of the 80 m station on the

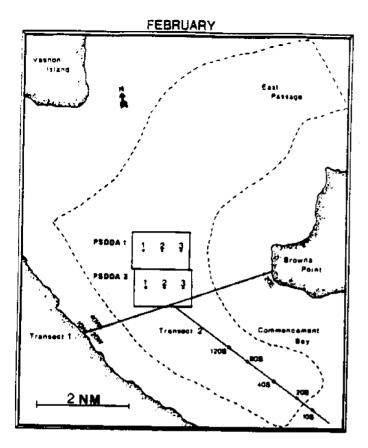


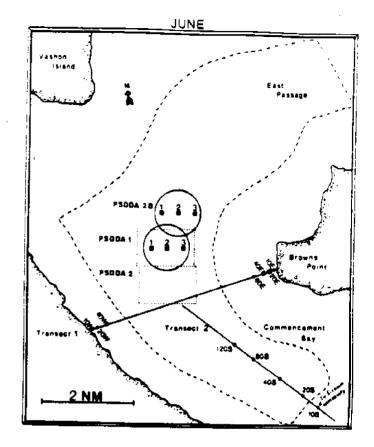


9

ELLIOTT BAY

COMMENCEMENT BAY





- SEPTEMBER Vision Vision Passage Passag
- Figure 6. Maps of Commencement Bay showing the beam trawl (●) and otter trawl (□) sampling stations by season in and around the two preliminary disposal sites in Commencement Bay. The dashed line area shows the Zone of Siting Feasibility (ZSF). The dotted line areas show areas of prior locations for the preliminary disposal sites and the solid lines show the present disposal site locations.

west end of Transect 1.

The exact locations, depths and trawl directions for all trawl stations are recorded in Appendix Tables 1-4.

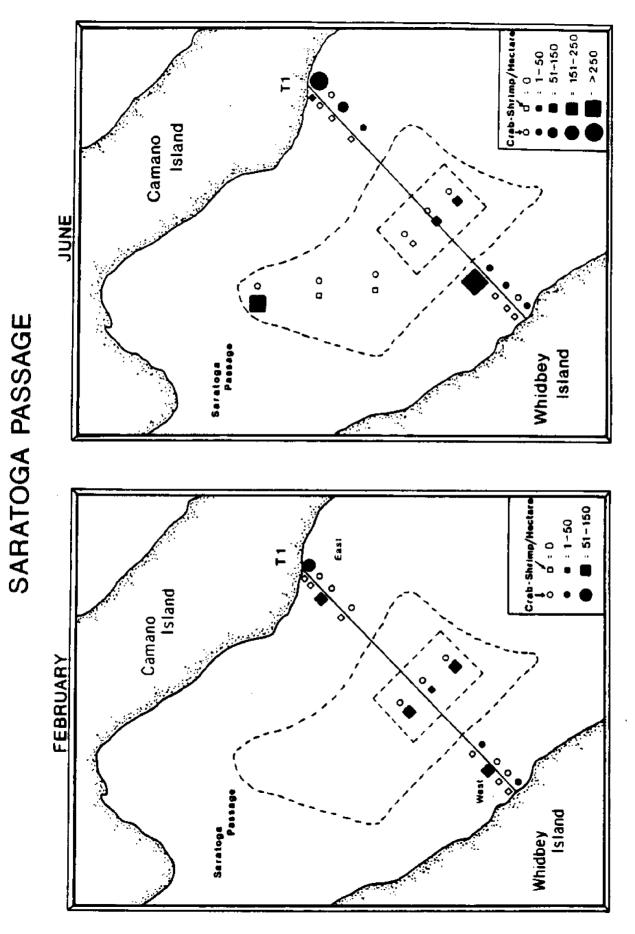
Otter trawls. Otter trawling was conducted at selected beam trawl stations in Saratoga Passage in June, in Port Gardner in February, April, June and September, and in Elliott and Commencement bays in June and September. See Part II of this report for further discussion of the otter trawl work and the results of the beam trawl fish catches.

#### RESULTS

#### Dungeness Crab

Saratoga Passage. The overall average beam trawl catches of Dungeness crab in Saratoga Passage were 1.2 and 42.8 crab/hectare (ha) for the February and June cruises, respectively. Dungeness crab were never caught within the preliminary PSDDA disposal site or at the deep Transect 2 stations north of the PSDDA site (Figure 7). All Dungeness crab were caught along Transect 1 on both east and west sides of Saratoga Passage. Station 10E (10 meters deep east side) had the highest catches of Dungeness crab in both February and June. Only one Dungeness crab was caught by the otter trawl in June, this being at Station 20E on the Camano Island side of Saratoga Passage. Dungeness crab catches for both trawl types and for both seasons are summarized in Appendix Table 5.

Histograms of Dungeness crab carapace width-frequencies show that about 95% of the crabs caught were mature animals ranging in size from 100 to 165 mm carapace width (CW) (Figure 8). Only two juvenile (20-30 mm) crabs were caught, this being in February. These two individuals undoubtedly belonged to





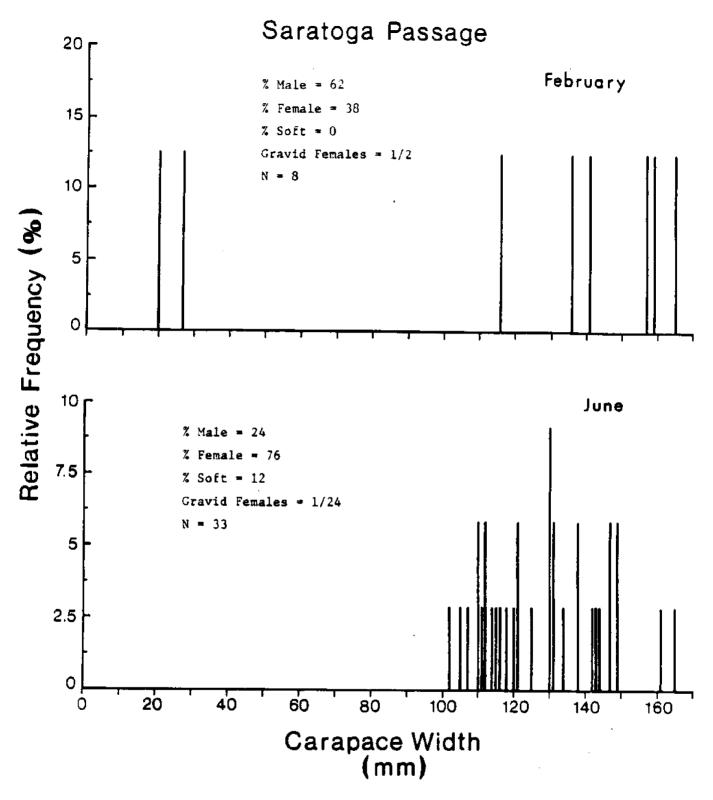


Figure 8. Dungeness crab size-frequency histograms by season for crabs caught in Saratoga Passage.

the 1985 year group. Soft crabs (indicative of recent molting) were only found in June (12%) and only one gravid female was caught during each season.

Occasional rock crabs (<u>Cancer productus</u> and <u>C. gracilis</u>) were also caught by beam trawl in Saratoga Passage. Once again, these crabs were all caught at the inshore stations of Transect 1.

<u>Port Gardner</u>. Up to 63 stations in Port Gardner were sampled by beam trawl in February (n = 56), April (n =  $\frac{1}{20}$ ), June (n = 55) and September (n = 63) 1986. The overall average numbers of Dungeness crab caught/ha ( $\frac{1}{2}$  1 standard deviation) in Port Gardner and within each of the preliminary disposal sites (n = 3 in each case) for each season were (Figure 9):

Average # Crab/ha + 1 Standard Deviation

Season	Port Gardner	NAVY	PSDDA 2	PSDDA 1
February	126 <u>+</u> 150	225 <u>+</u> 98	6 <u>+</u> 11	0 <u>+</u> 0
April	85 <u>+</u> 127	388 <u>+</u> 141	19 <u>+</u> 19	0 <u>+</u> 0
June	114 <u>+</u> 178	502 <u>+</u> 103	19 <u>+</u> 32	0 <u>+</u> 0
September	100 <u>+</u> 119	76 <u>+</u> 51	11 <u>+</u> 0	25 <u>+</u> 29

Average 106.2 + 145.3 297.8 + 103.3 13.8 + 19.4 6.2 + 14.5

Dungeness crab were also sampled by otter trawl (incidental to fish catches) at selected stations in Port Gardner and at each disposal site (n = 3) during each season. Crab catches by otter trawl were usually less than the beam trawl (based on equivalent area trawled) and substantially less at the NAVY disposal site (Figure 9). The average numbers ( $\pm$  1 standard deviation)

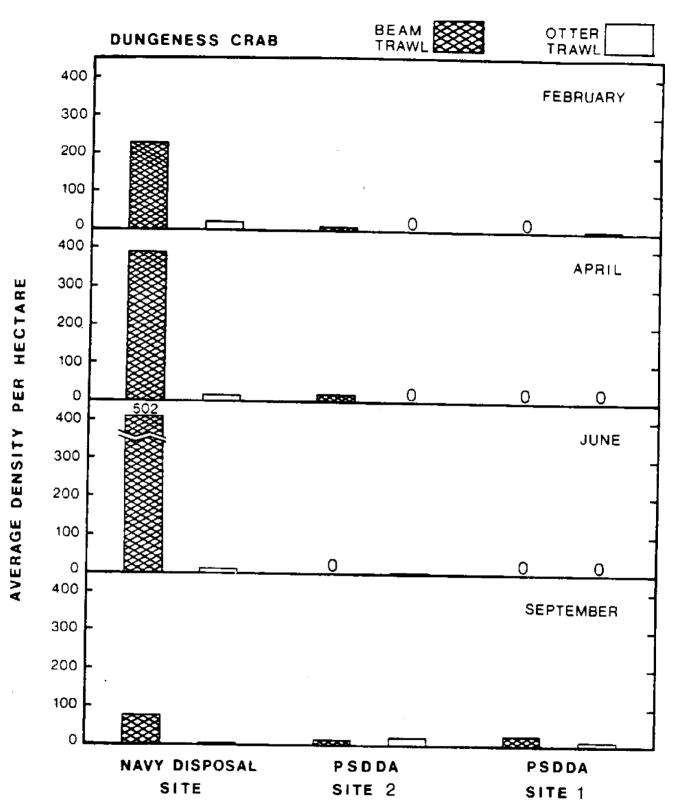


Figure 9. Comparative average densities of Dungeness crab at the Navy Disposal Site and the two control sites in Port Gardner by season and by trawl type.

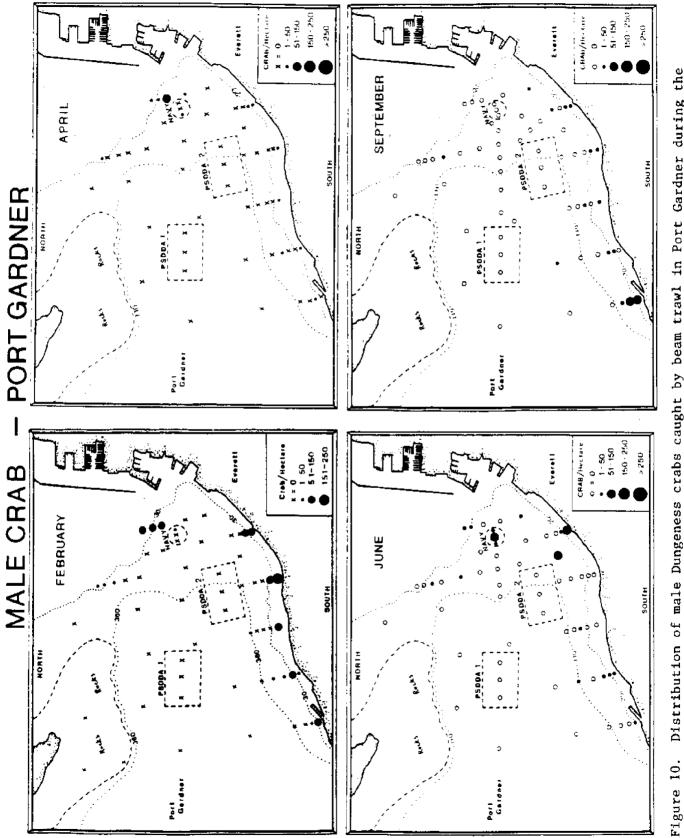
of Dungeness crab caught/ha at the three disposal sites for each season were:

Average #	# Crab/ha <u>+</u> 1 S	Standard Deviat	ion
Season	NAVY	PSDDA 2	PSDDA 1
		,	
February	21 <u>+</u> 10	0 <u>+</u> 0	2 <u>+</u> 3
April	15 <u>+</u> 6	0 <u>+</u> 0	0 <u>+</u> 0
June	9 <u>+</u> 9	1 <u>+</u> 2	0 <u>+</u> 0
September	2 <u>+</u> 3	20 <u>+</u> 7	12 <u>+</u> 4
Average	11.8 <u>+</u> 7.5	5.2 <u>+</u> 3.6	3.5 <u>+</u> 2.5

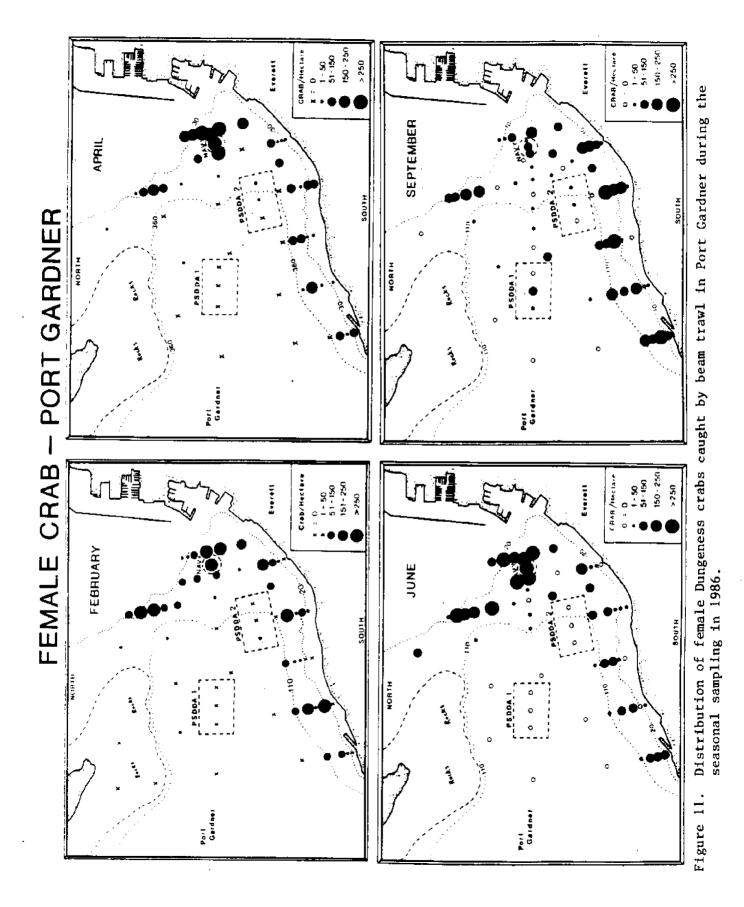
Dungeness crab catches for the beam trawl in Port Gardner are summarized in Appendix Tables 8-12. The otter trawl crab catches are summarized in Appendix Tables 14, 15 and 17.

Based on the beam trawl sampling efforts, the average annual abundance of Dungeness crabs in Port Gardner was estimated to be 106 crab/ha within our sampling grid. The estimated relative abundances at PSDDA Sites 1 (= Control 1) and 3 (= Control 2) were only 13% and 6%, respectively, of this average annual abundance for Port Gardner.

The distributions of male and female crabs illustrated in Figures 10 and 11 show that males were relatively scarce. Typically the males accounted for only 10% of the total crab catch and were generally found at the shallower stations (averge depth of capture for males = 29 m). Female crabs were much more plentiful, were found in abundance at deeper depths (down to~100 m; average capture depth = 63 m), and especially preferred the "nearshore slope" area of Port Gardner instead of the deep, flat areas in the middle of the bay.



Distribution of male Dungeness crabs caught by beam trawl in Port Gardner during the seasonal sampling in 1986.



This pattern is illustrated in greater detail in Figure 12 which shows that the highest abundances of Dungeness crab occur above 100 m depth. Rarely were crabs found at stations in the middle of the bay except during September when crabs may have "spread out" to deeper areas while foraging for food.

The average carapace width of all Dungeness crabs caught in Port Gardner was  $125 \pm 13$  mm with little difference between males  $(132 \pm 21 \text{ mm})$  and females  $(124 \pm 11 \text{ mm})$ . Histograms of carapace width-frequencies (Figure 13) show, however, that the size range for male crabs was greater (80-180 mm) than that for the females (100-150 mm) and that crabs less than about 2 years of age were not caught in the trawls.

Size-frequency histograms (Figure 14) for male crabs by season show a gradual increase in average size from 131 mm in February to 139 mm in September with no recruitment of young crabs (i.e., < 100 m CW) after April. These histograms also suggest that larger legal-sized ( $\geq$  160 mm) crabs disappear from the population, probably due to removal by the commercial/sport fishery.

Female size-frequency histograms (Figure 15) show a pattern different than the males. Essentially no growth is evident based on the seasonal average sizes (123-126 mm CW), but close inspection of the histograms indicates that growth of the smaller females (CW 100-130 mm) is occuring but that this growth is counteracted by a decline in the proportion of females > 130 mm CW, possibly due to natural mortality or emigration to areas outside our sampling grid.

Elliott Bay. Only four Dungeness crab were caught by beam trawl in Elliott Bay during all three sample seasons. None were caught by the otter trawl. Two Dungeness crabs (both mature, non-gravid females) were caught in

CRAB-PORT GARDNER

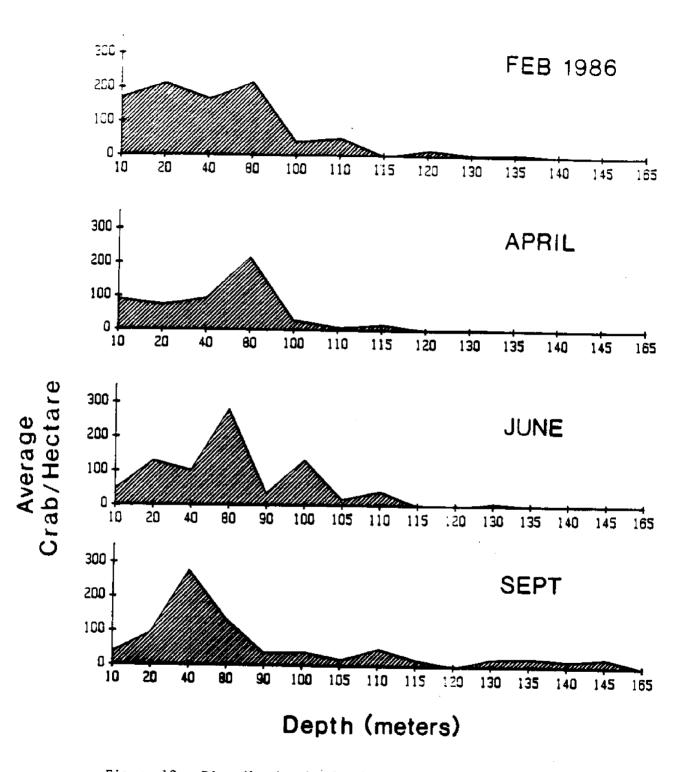
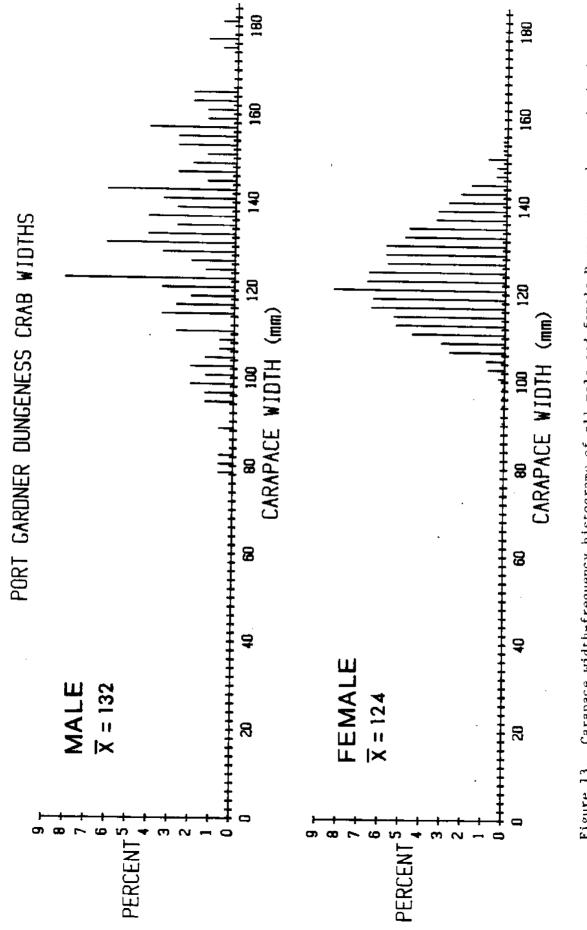


Figure 12. Distribution by depth of all Dungeness crabs caught by beam trawl in Port Gardner during seasonal sampling in 1986.





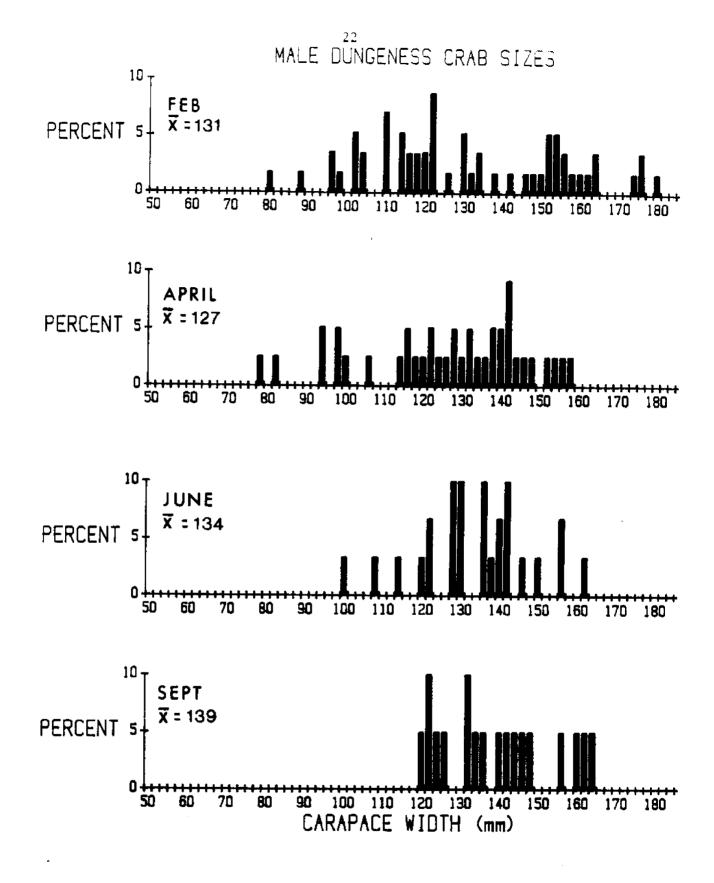


Figure 14. Carapace width-frequency histograms for all male Dungeness crab caught by beam trawl in Port Gardner during seasonal sampling in 1986.

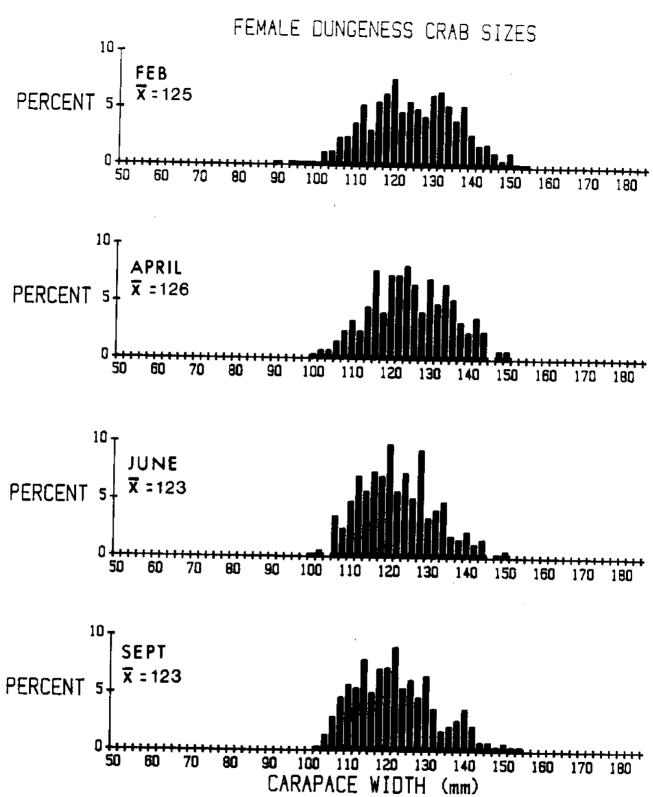


Figure 15. Carapace width-frequency histograms for all female Dungeness crabs caught by beam trawl in Port Gardner during seasonal sampling in 1986.

June at the 10 and 20 m stations of Transect 1 off Duwamish Head (Figure 16). Two mature males were caught in September, also at the 10 m station of Transect 1. Occasional rock crabs were also caught at the shallower stations of Transects 1 and 2.

<u>Commencement Bay</u>. No Dungeness crab were caught in Commencement Bay by either trawl gear. Occasional rock crabs were again caught at the shallower stations (10-40 m) in all three seasons.

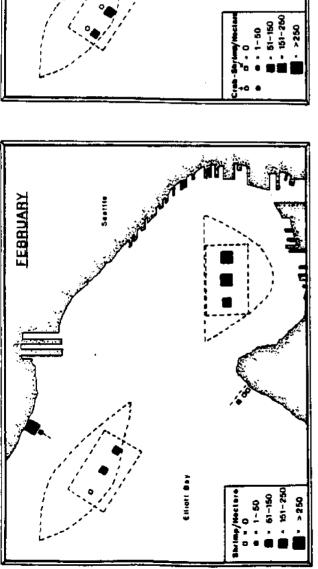
### Shrimp

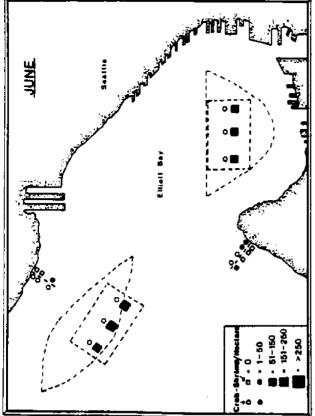
Catch data were collected on six species of Pandalid shrimp of commercial or sport value. These six species were: Spot prawn, <u>Pandalus platyceros;</u> Coonstripe shrimp, <u>P. danae; Humpback shrimp, P. hypsinotus; Flexed shrimp, P. goniurus; Pink shrimp, <u>P. borealis; Smooth pink shrimp, P. jordani; and</u> sidestripe shrimp, <u>Pandalopsis dispar (Butler 1980).</u></u>

Saratoga Passage. The overall average number of shrinp caught by the beam trawl in Saratoga Passage in February and June was essentially the same at 51.9 and 56.2 shrimp/ha, respectively. The largest shrimp catch (300 shrimp/ha) was at the 80 m station on the Whidbey Island side of Transect 1 in June, followed by the 100 m station (243 shrimp/ha) on Transect 2, also in June (Figure 7). The two most abundant shrimp species were the pink and smooth pink shrimps (Appendix Table 6).

The average shrimp catch within the preliminary PSDDA disposal site was 46.8 and 68.7 shrimp/ha for February and June, respectively. Sidestripe shrimp were the most abundant shrimp species caught by the beam trawl in the disposal site in February, while pink shrimp were the most common species in

# ELLIOTT BAY





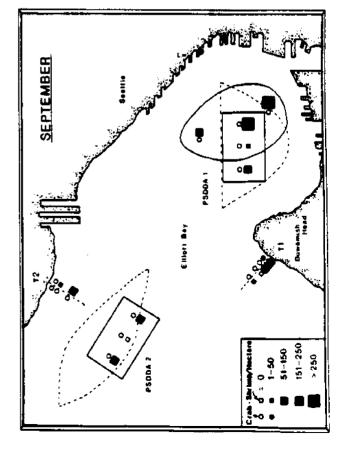


Figure 16. Maps of Elliott Bay showing seasonal beam trawl catches of Dungeness crab and shrimp at the sampling stations in Elliott Bay.

June (Figure 9; Appendix Table 6). However, the otter trawl in June caught more sidestripe shrimp than pink shrimp and caught a total of 126.2 shrimp/ha for all species combined (Figure 17; Appendix Table 7).

<u>Port Gardner</u>. The overall average number of shrimp/ha ( $\pm$  1 standard deviation; all species combined) caught by the beam and otter trawls in the 3 preliminary Port Gardner disposal sites during each season of 1986 were (n = 3 in each case):

Aver	age # Shrimp/ha <u>+</u>	1 Standard Deviation	
Season	NAVY	PSDDA 2	PSDDA 1
Beam Trawl:			
February	687 <u>+</u> 518	81 <u>+</u> :1	0 <u>+</u> 0
April	0 <u>+</u> 0	12 <u>+</u> 11	56 <u>+</u> 19
June	8 <u>+</u> 13	0 <u>+</u> 0	6 <u>+</u> 11
September	293 <u>+</u> 249	6 <u>+</u> 11	31 <u>+</u> 11
Average	446.9 <u>+</u> 381.6	25.0 <u>+</u> 35.1	23.4 <u>+</u> 25.4
Otter Trawl:			
February	188 <u>+</u> 170	354 <u>+</u> 184	135 <u>+</u> 43
April	113 <u>+</u> 21	32 <u>+</u> 21	30 <u>+</u> 5
June	5 <u>+</u> 5	117 <u>+</u> 149	80 <u>+</u> 44
September	443 <u>+</u> 81	86 <u>+</u> 20	101 <u>+</u> 18
Average	186.9 <u>+</u> 175.0	147.1 <u>+</u> 164.2	86.3 <u>+</u> 48.4

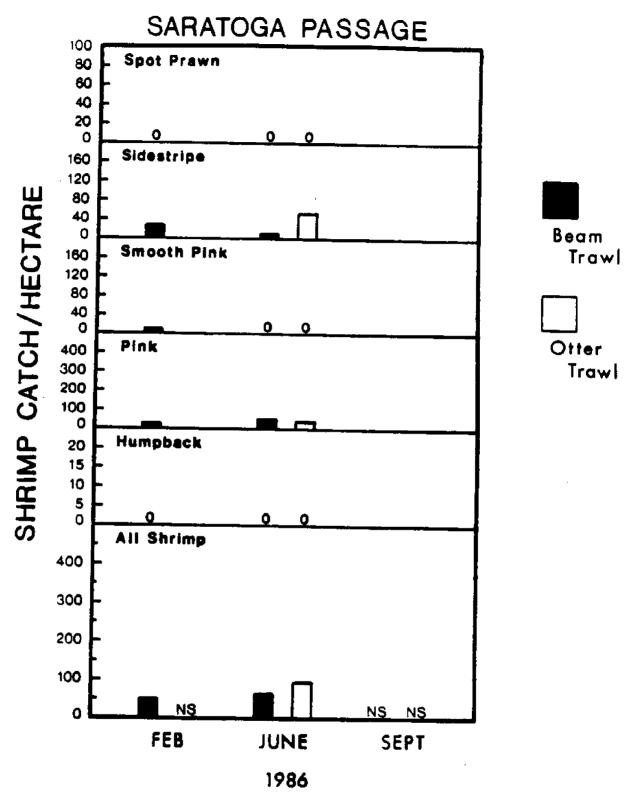


Figure 17. Beam and otter trawl shrimp catches by species and by season for PSDDA Site 2 in Saratoga Passage. The bars are the average catches for the three stations within the Disposal Site. N.S. = not sampled.

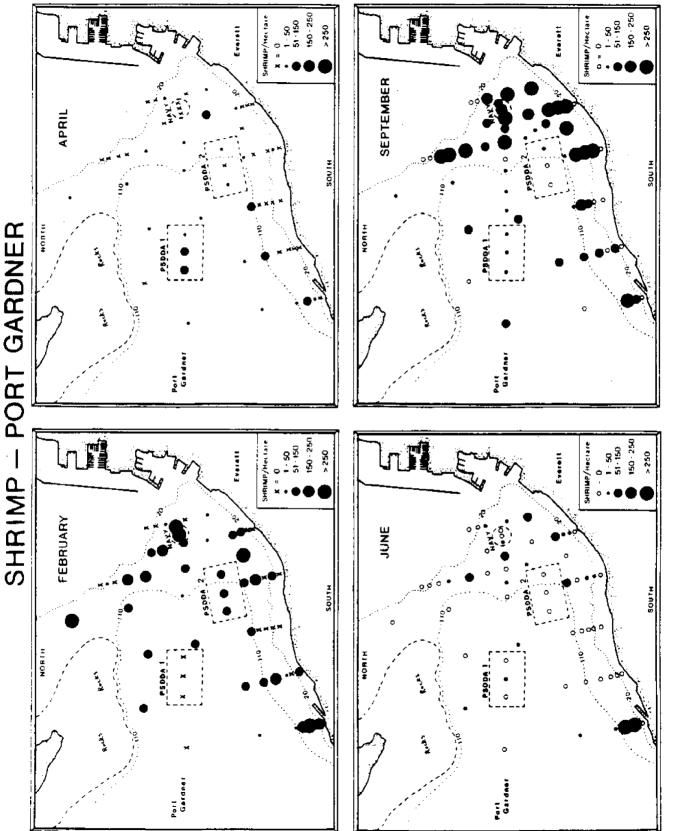
For each gear type, the pattern of relative shrimp densities between the three disposal sites (based on annual averages) was NAVY > PSDDA 2 > PSDDA 1.

Plots of overall shrimp abundances in Port Gardner by season (Figure 13) show that the nearshore slope area (including the NAVY site) was the most important area for shrimp with relatively few shrimp occurring at the deeper stations in the middle of the bay. Figure 18 also shows that there was a distinct seasonality in general shrimp abundances with the highest densities being present during the fall-winter period. The fate of these shrimp during spring and summer is presently unknown.

Plots of shrimp distributions by depth (Figure 19) reinforce the finding that the nearshore slope area provides the most important habitat. The great majority of all shrimp caught by beam trawl in 1986 were found at stations between about 20 and 100 m depth with the exception of April when very few shrimp were caught (Figure 19).

The shrimp species most commonly caught within the three disposal sites in Port Gardner varied with site, season and trawl gear (Figure 20). Generally, sidestripe and pink shrimp were the most abundant at the disposal sites with the smooth pink shrimp being fairly abundant at the NAVY site. Coonstripe shrimp were never caught at these relatively deep stations and humpback and flexed shrimp were scarce. The reasons for the sometimes extreme differences in shrimp density estimates between the two trawl gears are presently unknown and may be, in part, species-dependent. The Port Gardner shrimp catch data for both trawls are summarized in Appendix Tables 13, 14 and 16-18.

Elliott Bay. The overall average beam trawl catches of shrimp in Elliott



Distribution of shrimp (all species combined) caught by beam trawl in Port Gardner during seasonal sampling in 1986. Figure 18.

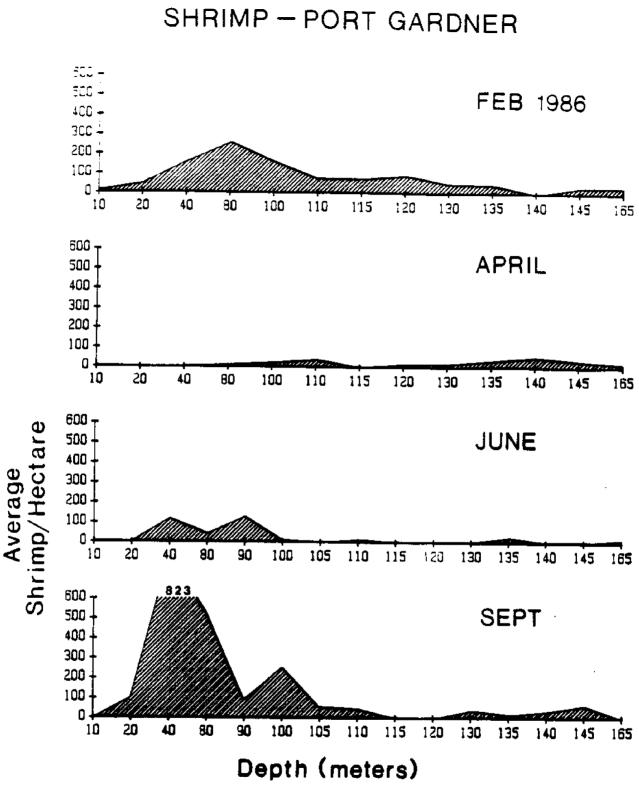
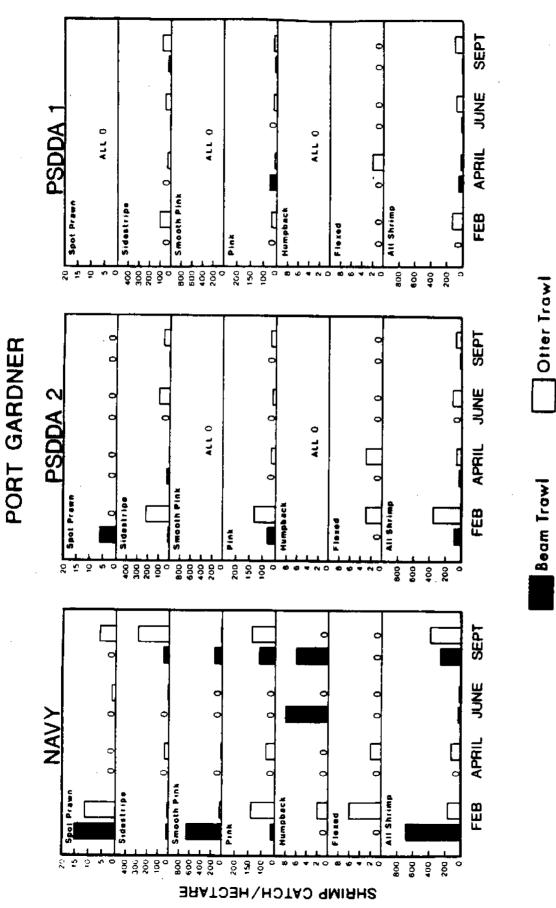


Figure 19. Distribution by depth of shrimp (all species combined) caught by beam trawl in Port Gardner during seasonal sampling in 1986.





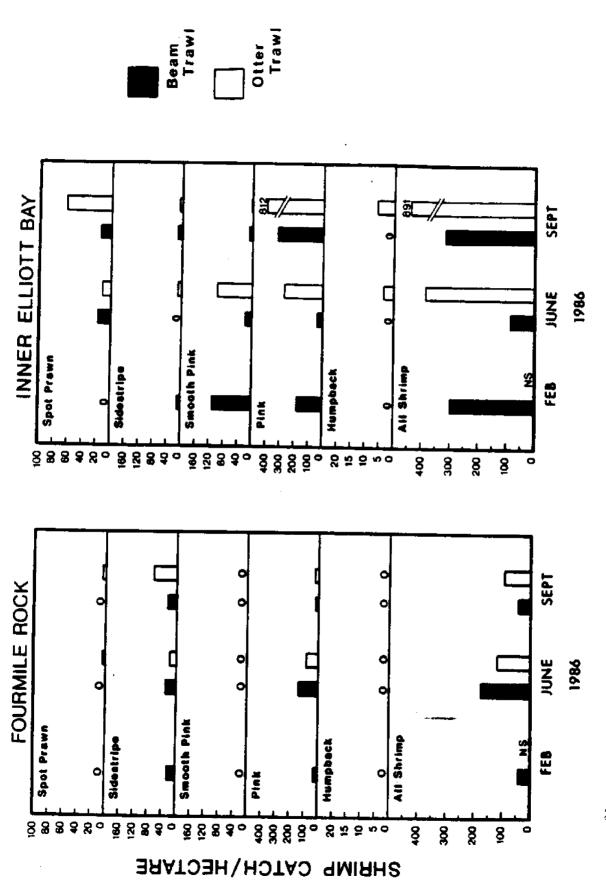
Bay during February, June and September were 131, 66 and 135 shrimp/ha, respectively. Generally, shrimp were most abundant in the beam trawls at PSDDA Site 1 (inner Elliott Bay) in February; most abundant at PSDDA Site 2 (Fourmile Rock) in June; and substantially more abundant at PSDDA Site 1 in September (Figures 8 and 10; Appendix Table 6) Sidestripe and pink shrimp were the most abundant shrimp in the beam trawls at the Fourmile Rock site while pink and smooth pink shrimp were most common at the inner bay disposal site (Figure 21). The otter trawl catches generally showed the same pattern of shrimp distribution except that spot prawn catches were higher than for the beam trawl at the inner bay site in September and a few humpback shrimp were caught in June and September (Figure 21; Appendix Table 7).

A "t"-test was conducted to compare the mean catches of shrimp between the two Elliott Bay disposal sites (data from all seasons combined; Log<sub>10</sub> transformation of catches). The results showed that shrimp were caught in significantly higher numbers (p = 0.0009) when data from both types of trawl gear were combined, but that the level of significance was marginal for each gear type alone (p = 0.054 for the beam trawl shrimp catches and p = 0.050 for the otter trawl catches).

<u>Commencement Bay</u>. The overall average beam trawl shrimp catches in Commencement Bay in February, June and September 1986 were 49, 29 and 128 shrimp/ha, respectively. The two largest shrimp catches in Commencement Bay were off Browns Point in September where coonstripe shrimp were plentiful (1,067/ha) at the 10 m station and pink shrimp were relatively abundant (502/ha) at the 80 m station (Figure 22; Appendix Table 6).

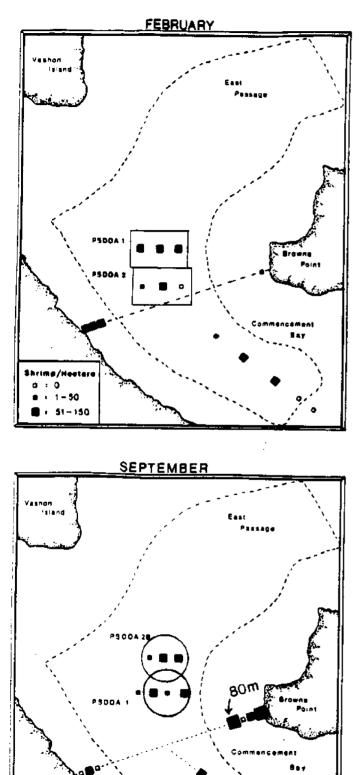
Shrimp catches were very low at the PSDDA 2 site which was only sampled in February (Figure 23). Beam trawl and otter trawl shrimp catches at PSDDA ites 1 and 28 were almost identical in both June and September with pink and





Beam and otter trawl shrimp catches by site, by species and by season for the two Elliott Bay The bars are average catches for the three to five stations within = not sampled. proposed disposal sites. each disposal site. N.S. Figure 21.

# COMMENCEMENT BAY



Skrime/Hester 0 0 1-50 51-150 151-250 > 250

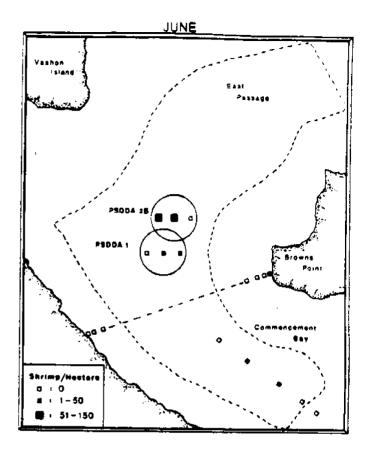
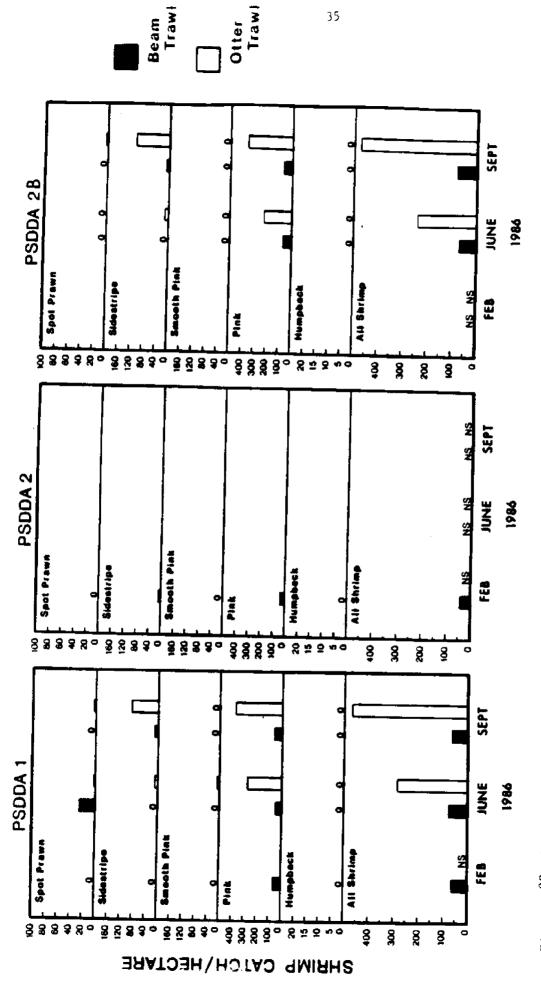


Figure 22. Maps of Commencement Bay showing beam trawl catches of shrimp at the sampling stations in Commencement Bay.

ВАΥ COMMENCEMENT



Beam and otter trawl shrimp catches by site, by species and by season for the proposed disposal The bars are the average catches for the three to four station N.S. = not sampled. sites in Commencement Bay. within each disposal site. 23. Figure

sidestripe shrimp being the dominant species (Figure 23; Appendix Table 5 and 6). "T"-tests conducted to compare the mean shrimp catches (data from all seasons combined;  $\log_{10}$  transformation of catches) between PSDDA Sites 1 and 2B showed that there were no significant differences (p = 0.05) in mean catches regardless of trawl type.

<u>Shrimp distributions by depth</u>. The combination of all shrimp data from all seasons and areas (except Port Gardner) shows that the different species have specific depth preferences. Coonstripe shrimp preferred the shallowest depths (<30 m), often being associated with eelgrass (<u>Zostera marina</u>) and various algas (Figure 24). The mid-depths (50-100 m) were generally preferred by spot prawns and pink, smooth pink and humpback shrimp. Sidestripe and some pink shrimp were found at the deepest (100-150 m) depths.

Shrimp size distributions. Coonstript shrimp was the smallest species caught with carapaces lengths (CL) between about 9 to 12 mm and were generally larger with increasing depth (Figure 25). Both species of pink shrimp were small to moderate in size, averaging 13 to 18 mm CL with no trend in size with depth. Sidestript and humpback shrimp were moderately large in size (18 - 24 mm average CL), trending to smaller sizes with increasing depth. The largest shrimp, the spot prawn, averaged 26 to 34 mm CL and also trended to smaller sizes at depth.

<u>Shrimp length-frequencies</u>. Spot prawn were not caught in any of the PSDDA sites in February but showed indications of a slightly bimodal lengthfrequency during June and September with one size group from about 25 to 38 mm and a second size group from about 40 to 45 mm (Figure 26). Sidestripe shrimp

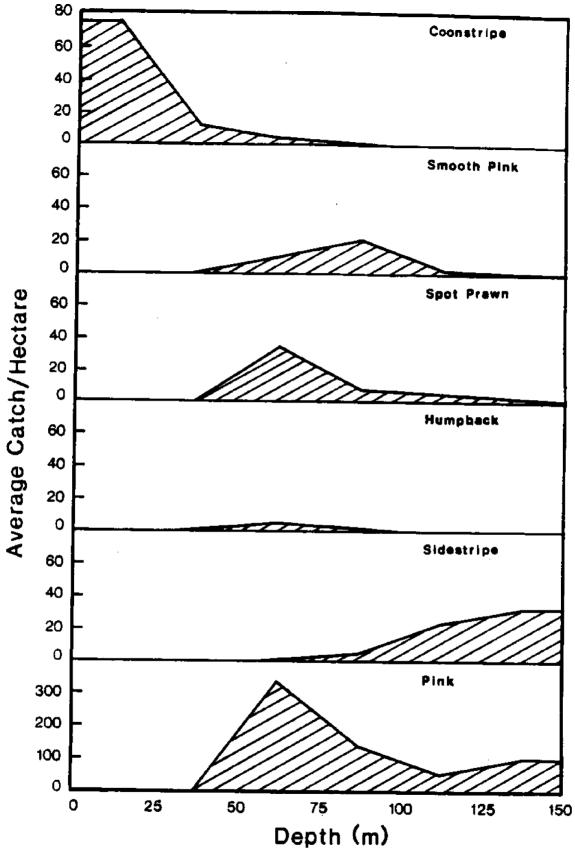


Figure 24. Distribution by depth and by species for all beam trawlcaught shrimp, all areas (except Port Gardner) and seasons combined.

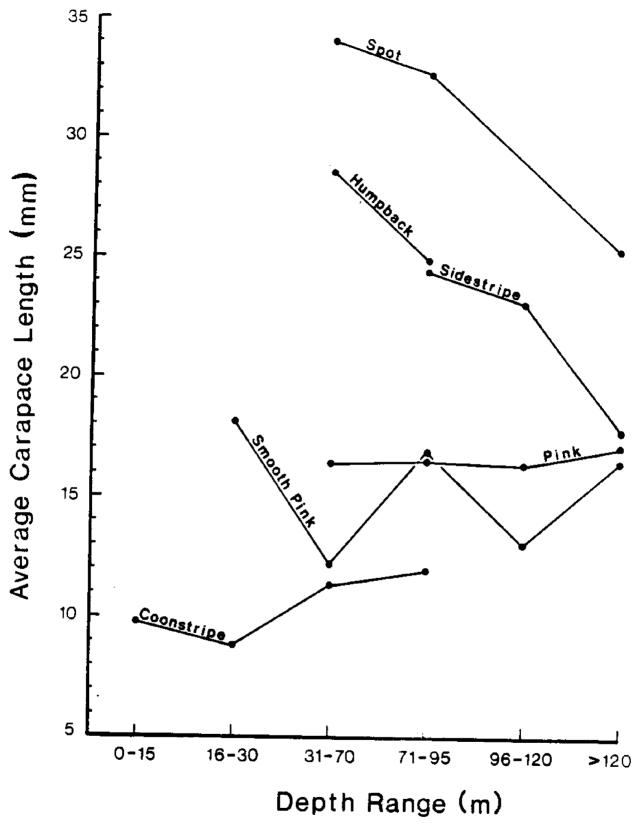
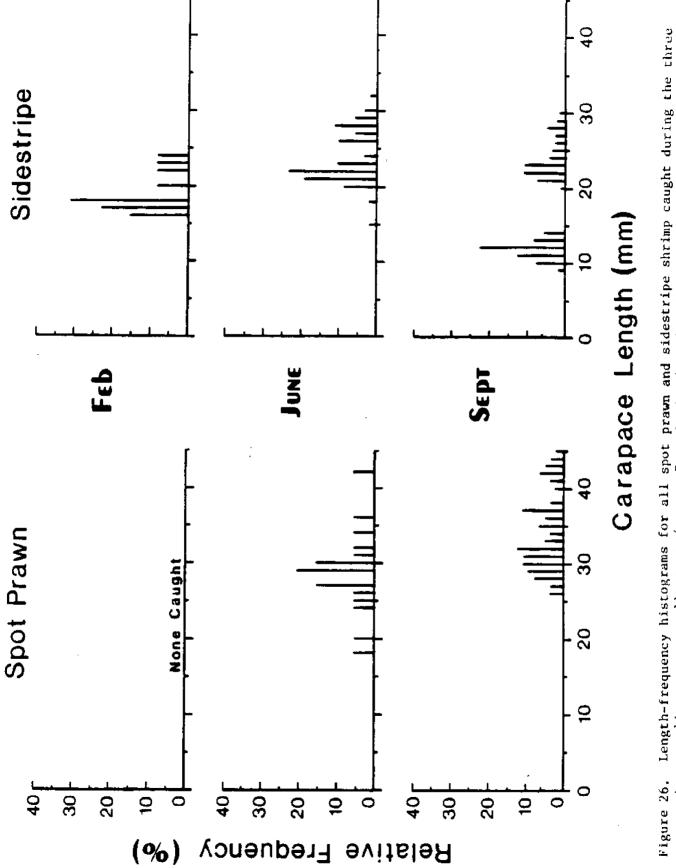


Figure 25. Average carapace lengths by species and by depth ranges for all shrimp caught, all seasons and areas (except Port Gardner) combined.



sampling seasons, all areas (except Port Cardner) combined. .

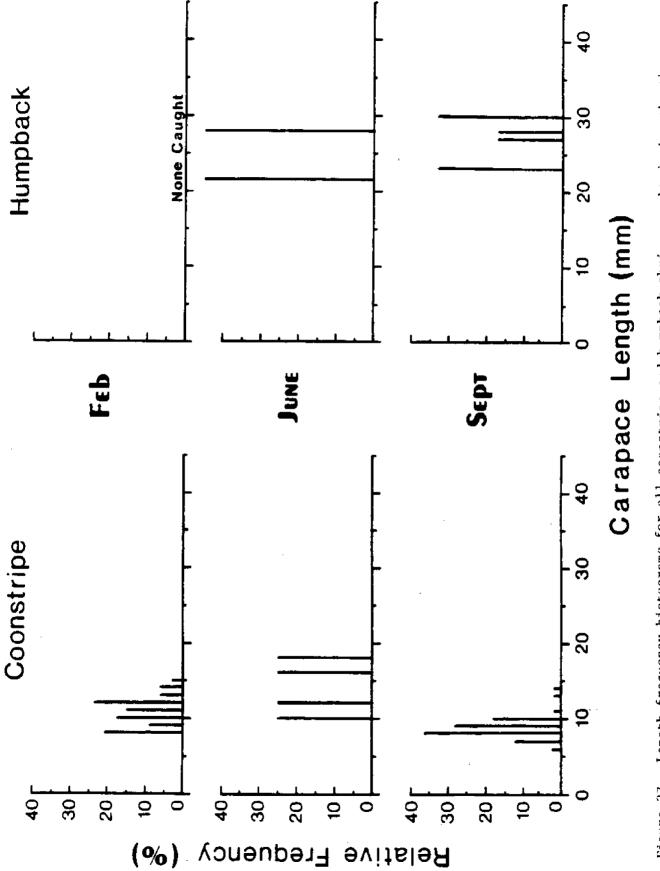
length-frequency patterns suggested a single size group in both February (16-24 mm) and June (20-30 mm) and a bimodal pattern in September (10-15 mm and 20-30 mm) (Figure 26). Coonstripe shrimp length-frequencies suggested a single size group in February and June (8-18 mm) and recruitment of young shrimp in September (6-10 mm) (Figure 27). Relatively few humpback shrimp were caught, but those that were suggested a single size group with sizes between 22-30 mm (Figure 27). Smooth pink shrimp length-frequencies gave a suggestion of a slight bimodal size distribution with size groups from 10-14 mm and 17-20 mm in February with both groups growing progressively larger in June and September (Figure 28). Pink shrimp also showed a bimodal size distribution with size groups from 9-13 mm and 15-20 mm in February. The distinction of the two apparent size groups was less clear in June and September but there was a hint of new recruitment in September with shrimp between 9-12 mm (Figure 28).

## DISCUSSION AND CONCLUSIONS

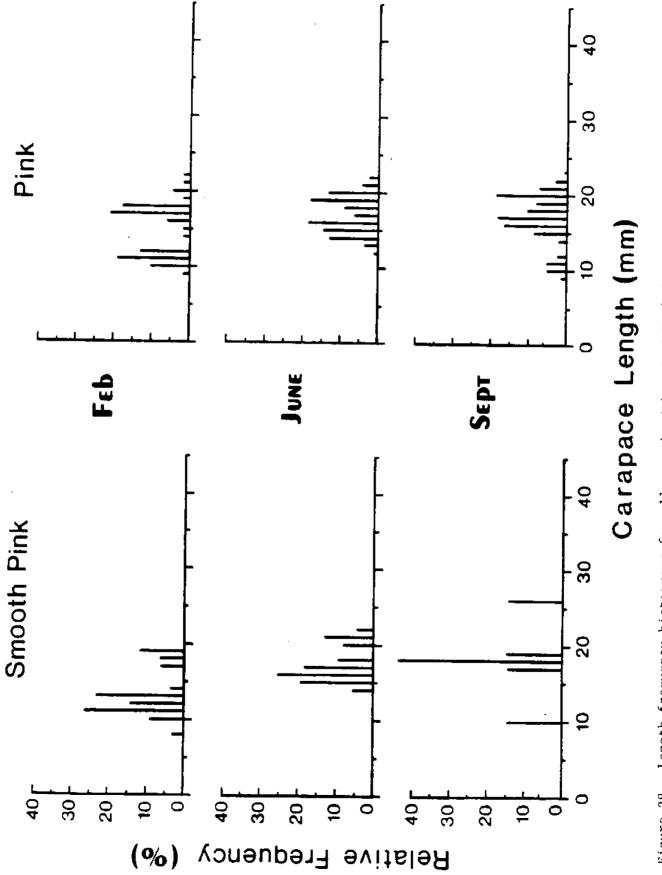
# Dungeness Crab

Dungeness crab were completely absent from all trawls conducted in Commencement Bay in 1986. Although an occasional Dungeness crab has been caught in other trawling operations in the shallow waterways (C. Eaton, pers. comm.), it is clear that this species will not be a factor in siting a disposal site in Commencement Bay.

Only four Dungeness crab were caught in Elliott Bay, all by beam trawl at the shallow stations on the Duwamish Head Transect (Figure 16). Commercial crabbing operations were also observed in shallow water areas between Fourmile Rock and West Point. However, the scarcity of Dungeness crabs in the trawls and the total lack of crabs in the trawls from the preliminary disposal gites









indicates that this species is also not a factor in selecting a final Elliott Bay disposal site location.

Dungeness crab were moderately abundant in the beam trawl catches from Saratoga Passage (Figure 7); however, all crabs were caught along the shoreward slope areas at depths <80 m. No crabs were caught in the preliminary disposal area nor in the deeper water areas north of the disposal site. Hence, the present location of the proposed disposal site is probably in the best location for avoiding impacts to crab. However, evidence from the trawls in Port Gardner suggests that some Dungeness crab move into deep water (i.e., 100-150 m) during the late summer to early fall period. Trawls were not made in Saratoga Pass during this period. Thus, care should be exercised about any assumptions that crab are absent year-round.

Dungeness crab were found to be a very important resource in Port Gardner, consistently averging about 100 crab/ha for all seasons sampled. Of the crabs caught in the trawls, almost 90% were mature females, 78% of which were gravid during the February sampling. Thus, Port Gardner appears to be an important habitat area for the mature females.

The most important area of Port Gardner for the females is the nearshore slope area with few crabs being found in the deeper mid-portion of the Bay (Figures 9-12). Figure 9 shows that, unlike the NAVY disposal site, the two preliminary PSDDA sites contain relatively few crabs. Of these two sites, the PSDDA 1 site in the middle of the bay is farthest from the nearshore crab aggregations. A possible exception to this rule may be during summer-early fall when crabs appear to "spread out" into the deeper areas, but still at densities far less than the "slope" area.

# Shrimp

Commercially important species of shrimp were caught in all of the preliminary PSDDA disposal sites. Summaries of the shrimp catches within the disposal sites of each area (Table 1) show that the average shrimp catches by weight for the combined otter trawl catches were 0.56, 0.06, 1.69 and 1.22 kg/ha for Saratoga Passage, Port Gardner, Elliott Bay and Commencement Bay, respectively.

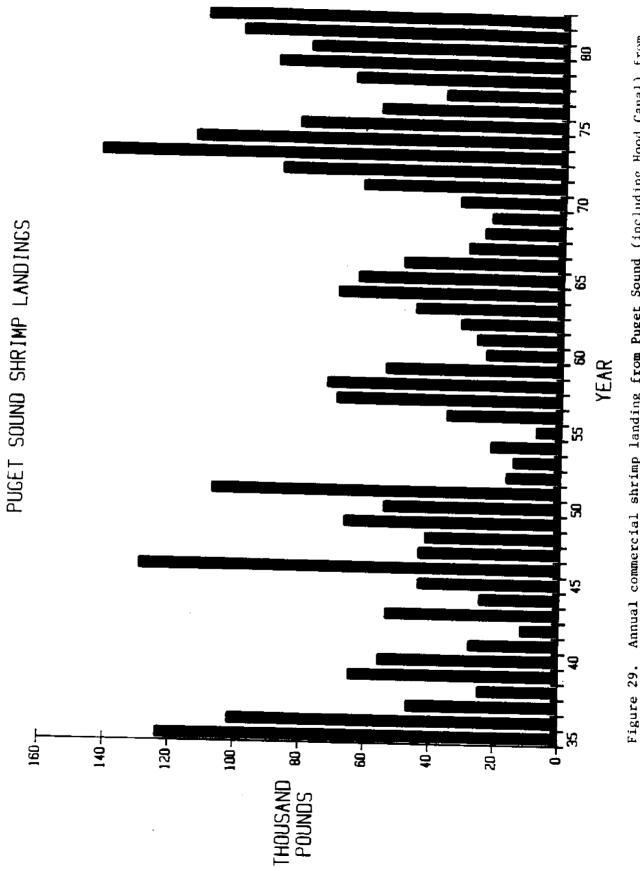
Historically, shrimp have been the basis of a viable trawl fishery in Puget Sound and Hood Canal. Annual landings of shrimp exceeded 400,000 pounds during several years between 1904 and 1915 and averaged about 50,000 pounds during the 1920's and 1930's (Smith 1937). The averge landings between 1935 and 1982 have been highly variable (8 to 144 thousand pounds) and averaged 58,000 pounds (Figure 29).

The historical shrimping grounds fished from the late 1800's through the 1930's included each of the areas in which a PSDDA disposal site is proposed (Figure 30). Saratoga Passage and Elliott Bay are shown as historical spot prawn shrimping areas while Commencement Bay was trawled for smooth pink shrimp. Our present trawls caught spot prawn in Elliott and Commencement Bays but no spot prawn in Saratoga Passage. Relatively few smooth pink shrimp were caught but the closely related pink shrimp was caught in small numbers in Saratoga Passage and in moderate numbers in Elliott and Commencement Bays (Table 1).

Some perspective on the relative importance of shrimp resources in the preliminary disposal sites can be attained by comparing the average otter trawl catches in these sites with otter trawl catches of shrimp in other areas of Puget Sound and Hood Canal. Chew (unpublished data) conducted shrimp surveys during the winter of each year from 1967 to 1979 at about ten sites in

Species Sa	ratoga Passage	Port Gardner	Elliott Bay	Commencement Bay
Spot Prawn				••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••
Ave. #/Ha	0	0.8	23.2	1.5
Ave. carapace length (m	m) —	19.0	33.6	26.8
Ave. weight/shrimp (g)	0	5.0	23.0	12.0
Total weight/Ha (kg)	0	0.00	0.53	0.02
Sidestripe				
Ave. #/Ha	54.1	6.2	23.2	53.3
Ave. carapace length (m		18.0	23.0	15.3
Ave. weight/shrimp (g)	6.2	5.0	6.0	1.9
Total weight/Ha (kg)	0.33	0.02	0.14	0.10
Smooth Pink				
Ave. #/Ha	0	0	23.9	0.8
Ave. carapace length (mm	n) —	_	16.9	16.5
Ave. weight/shrimp (g)	0	0	3.4	3.1
Total weight/Ha (kg)	0	0	0.08	0.00
Pink				
Ave. #/Ha	72.1	17.2	260.6	306.4
Ave. carapace length (mm	a) 16.5	14.4	16.8	17.2
Ave. weight/shrimp (g)	3.2	2.5	3.5	3.6
Total weight/Ha (kg)	0.23	0,04	0.91	1.10
Humpback				
Ave. #/Ha	0	0	2.4	0
Ave. carapace length (mm	n) —	-	26.4	-
Ave. weight/shrimp (g)	0	0	12.0	0
Total weight/Ha (kg)	0	0	0.03	0
All Species Combined				
Ave. #Ha	126.2	24.2	333.3	362.0
Total weight/Ha (kg)	0.56	0.06	1.69	1.22

Table 1. Average shrimp catches, lengths and weights (wet biomass) for all shrimp caught by otter trawl in the proposed PSDDA disposal sites in Saratoga Passage, Port Gardner, Elliott Bay and Commencement Bay during all sample months (combined), 1986.





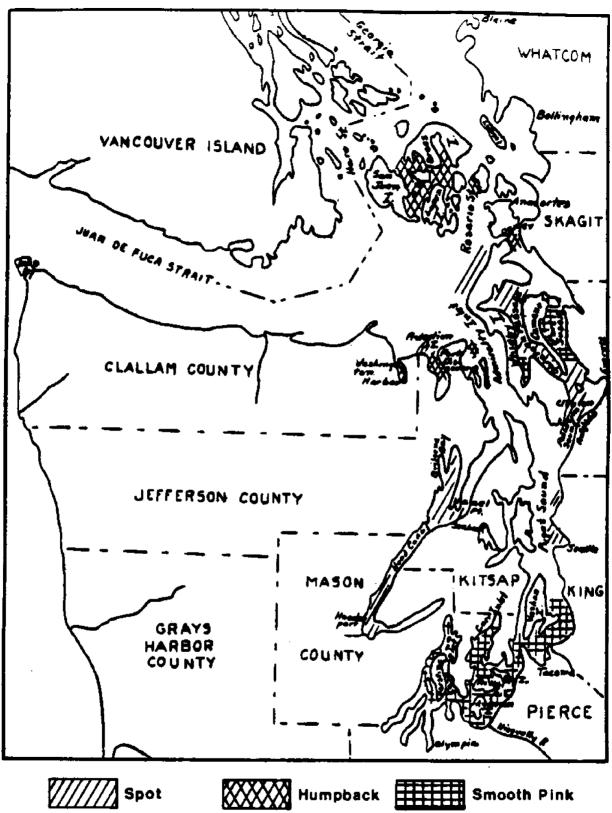


Figure 30. Map of Western Washington showing areas of commercial shrimp production from late 1800's to mid-1930's. The Humpback shrimp is <u>Pandalus</u> hypsinotus. From Smith (1937).

Hood Canal and Puget Sound. Summaries of Chew's data show that the average shrimp catches/ha in four areas of Hood Canal and three areas of Puget Sound all (except Seabeck, Hood Canal) exceeded the average catches in any of the preliminary PSDDA disposal sites (Tables 1 and 2). The one disposal site that appeared to have a potential for commercial shrimp harvesting was the inner Elliott Bay site where spot prawn, sidestripe, pink and smooth pink shrimp were caught in reasonable numbers (Figure 10, Appendix Table 7). Table 3 provides a breakdown of relative shrimp densities within the two preliminary PSDDA sites in Elliott Bay and shows that the inner Elliott Bay site contained about 3 to 7 times the density of shrimp that were caught at the Four-mile Rock site (data from June and September otter trawls). However, this area is also severely impacted by Indian salmon fishing, ship navigation lanes and anchorage areas as well as toxic contaminants in the sediments of the nearby Duwamish Waterways; hence, the value of these shrimp to a fishery is suspect. The potential value of the reproductive capacity of these stocks for supplying new recruits to other productive areas of Puget Sound is not presently known but cannot be ruled out in the decision making process. The Commencement Bay disposal sites also contained some sidestripe and pink shrimp, but both sites contained essentially equal populations, hence, not affording a choice between these two sites based on this factor.

Location/Depth (m)	Number of trawls	Catch/Ha (kg)
Dabob Bay		
20 - 45 45 - 70 70 - 125	33 26 24	2.9 2.7 3.5
Pleasant Harbor		
35 - 65 65 - 90	5 8	2.9 10.0
Seabeck		
45 - 80	3	0.8
Potlatch		
70 - 90	4	6.8
Port Susan		
25 - 70 80 - 120	9 7	12.8 5.7
Tulalip		
50 - 80 80 - 120	3 4	13.5 11.8
Carr Inlet		
45 - 80 80 - 135	4 3	15.1 2.4

Table 2. Estimated average shrimp catches/Ha from otter trawls conducted in selected areas of Hood Canal and Puget Sound from 1967 to 1979. These estimates are derived from unpublished data collected and summarized by Dr. Kenneth Chew, School of Fisheries, University of Washington.

Species	Estimated Total Weight (Kg)/ha					
	June		September			
	Four-Mile Rock	Inner Elliott	Four-Mile Rock	Inner Elliott		
Spot Prawn	0.016	0.210	0.107	1.641		
Sidestrip <b>e Shrimp</b>	0.108	0.060	0.388	0.064		
Smooth Pink Shrimp	0	0.362	0	0.010		
Pink Shrimp	0.265	0.470	0.141	3.004		
lumpback Shrimp	0	0,034	0	0,064		
	<u></u>	·				
Total Weight	0.389	1.136	0.636	4.783		

Table 3. Shrimp weights/ha from the Elliott Bay preliminary disposal sites as estimated from the otter trawl catches in June and September 1986. Shrimp weights for each species were calculated from length-weight regressions developed from data collected by K. Chew (unpublished).

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### Part II

# Demersal Fish Studies

by

Robert F. Donnelly, Bruce S. Miller, Robert R. Lauth, and Shelley C. Clarke

### INTRODUCTION

This study investigated fish assemblages at preliminary Puget Sound Dredge Disposal Analysis (PSDDA) disposal sites in the main basin of Puget Sound and evaluates these assemblages prior to actual disposal of dredged materials. Information obtained will be used in the final site selection process and can be used as baseline data to monitor changes in fish assemblages following disposal activities.

Disposal of dredged materials can affect fish habitats in many ways. Sediment type has been shown to be particularly important for spawning (Morton 1977). Alteration of substrate particle composition by dredged materials and consequent alteration of spawning grounds could be detrimental to the abundance of certain fish species.

Dredged materials can alter the species composition of fish at disposal sites by causing changes in the benthic community upon which the fish feed (Lunz and Kendall 1982). A Rhode Island dredged materials disposal study (Saila et al. 1972) suggests that covering the bottom with a uniform sediment type would decrease the diversity of prey organisms and possibly decrease the diversity of fish species. Desbruyeres et al. [1980, in Thistle (1981)] found five times greater benthic faunal density six months after a disturbance at 2160 m; however, the fauna in the disturbed area was taxonomically different from the surrounding fauna. At a deepwater disposal site in Puget Sound, Bingham (1978) showed a similar effect. Nine months after disposal, diversity of prey organisms was greater at the disposal site than at reference areas. A disturbance caused by an oil spill in shallow water actually resulted in a biomass increase six months to one year after the spill (Orensanz and Gallucci 1982). The work of Grassle (1977), however, cautions that the recovery after disturbance may be depth dependent. Grassle's study found that a deepsea site (1760 m deep) had a colonization rate two orders of magnitude lower than a comparable intertidal site.

Although it is important to be aware of the potential changes, it is difficult to accurately predict what impact the disposal of dredged materials will have on fish assemblages due to the individual nature of each disposal site. Therefore, it is important to identify areas where fish resource conservation is essential from a commercial or ecological perspective before a decision is made regarding disposal. This report documents the benthic fish assemblages of the preliminary main basin PSSDA disposal sites and adjacent reference areas, and can aid in selection of sites where disposal of dredged materials will have a minimal impact.

### MATERIALS AND METHODS

Bottomfish (benthic and demersal fishes) were sampled in Commencement Bay, Elliott Bay, Saratoga Passage and Port Gardner during 1986. Commencement Bay was sampled on June 13 and September 8; Elliott Bay was sampled on July 3 and September 9; and Saratoga Passage was sampled once on July 1. Port Gardner was sampled during four seasons on February 12 and 13, April 18 and 21, June 30 and July 2, and September 11 and 15. Marine environmental data (salinity, dissolved oxygen, water temperature and water clarity) were also collected.

A 7.6-m, single wire otter trawl (Mearns and Allen 1978) was the primary

sampling gear for bottomfish. The body of the net was made of 3.5 mm stretch mesh and the cod end of 0.5 cm stretch mesh covered with 2.5 mm stretch mesh to prevent chafing. The net was deployed from the 16-m research vessel <u>Kittiwake</u>. The effective fishing width of the otter trawl was 6 m. Each sample consisted of one otter trawl haul towed for a distance of 370 m at a target ground speed of 4.2 km per hour. The total area swept (sampled) was 2,220 m<sup>2</sup>. Fish were also collected incidentally by the beam trawl used to sample crabs (see Appendix A). The beam trawl is described elsewhere in the crab and shrimp section (Part I) of this report.

Sampling was conducted both inside and outside of each preliminary PSDDA site (Figures 1-4). Three replicate samples were collected inside each PSDDA site and NAVY site (Port Gardner only) during each sampling cruise. One sample was taken from each station outside of the PSDDA sites and at each of the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers' established reference stations (Clarke 1986) during each cruise. Reference stations were not sampled in Commencement Bay. PSDDA sites and reference stations were the only locations sampled in Elliott Eay (Fig. 2). In Commencement Bay, Saratoga Passage and Port Gardner the PSDDA site(s), the reference station(s) and several additional stations stratified by depth were sampled.

Each trawl catch was brought onboard and fish were sorted by species and life history stage (adult or juvenile), counted and recorded; miscellaneous observations (e.g., spawning condition) were also recorded. The catch was then placed into plastic bags, labeled, put into ice chests and covered with ice. The samples were transported to the University of Washington and placed into a O°C freezer until processed.

Surface water temperature, salinity and dissolved oxygen samples were taken from a bucket of water collected from the surface waters. Bottom water

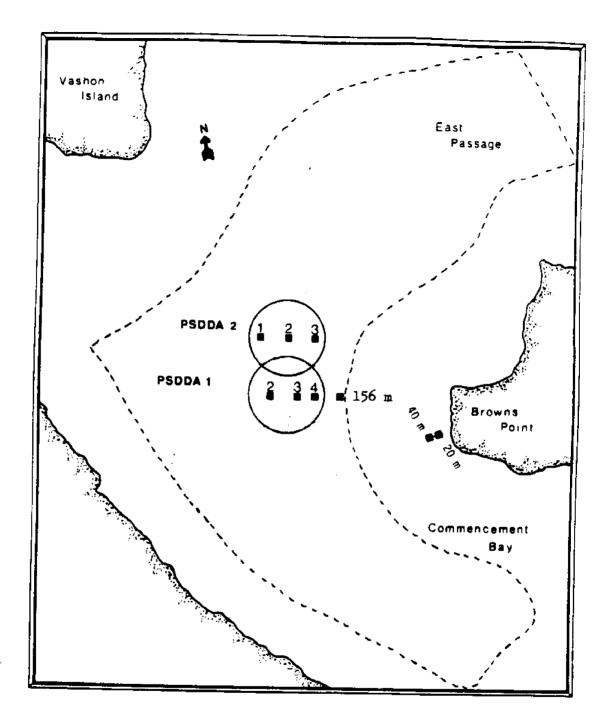


Figure 1. Map of Commencement Bay showing locations sampled for bottomfish (**II**) on June 13 (summer) and September 8 (autumn). The large area enclosed by the dashed line is the zone of siting feasibility (ZSF). Circular areas enclosed by solid lines are the preliminary PSDDA sites.

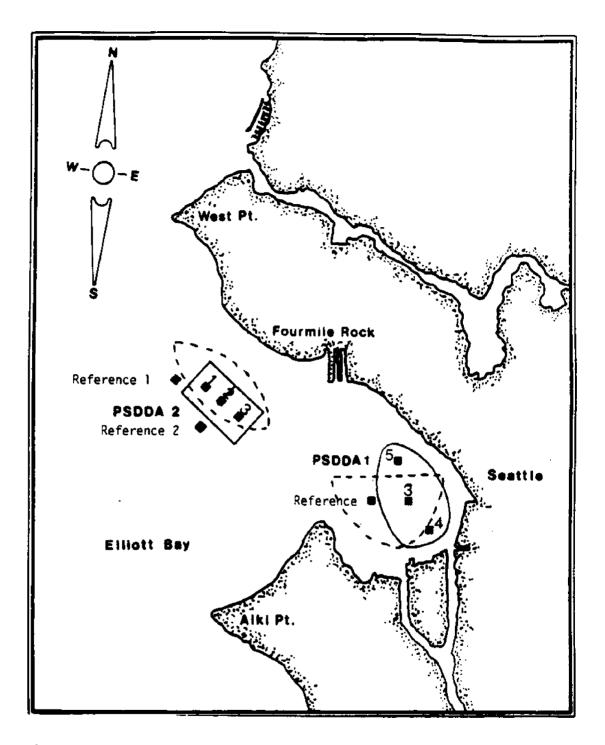


Figure 2. Map of Elliott Bay showing locations sampled for bottomfish () on July 3 (summer) and September 9 (autumn). The areas enclosed by the dashed lines are the ZSFs. The solid lines enclose the preliminary PSDDA sites.

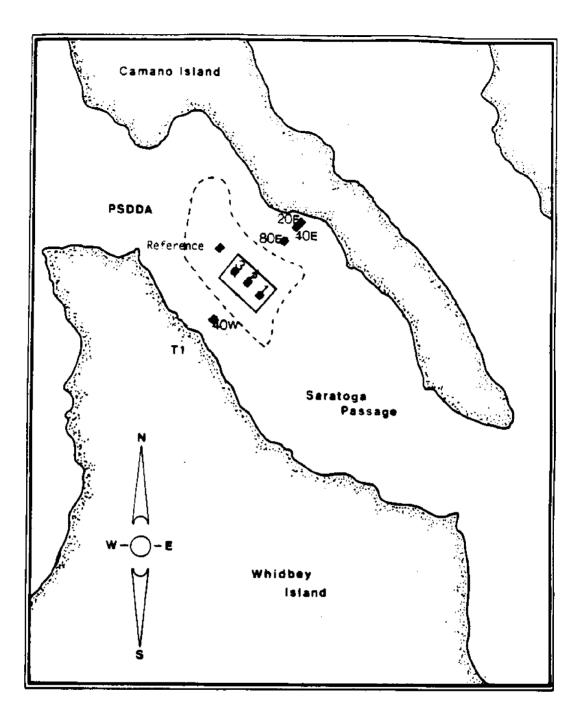
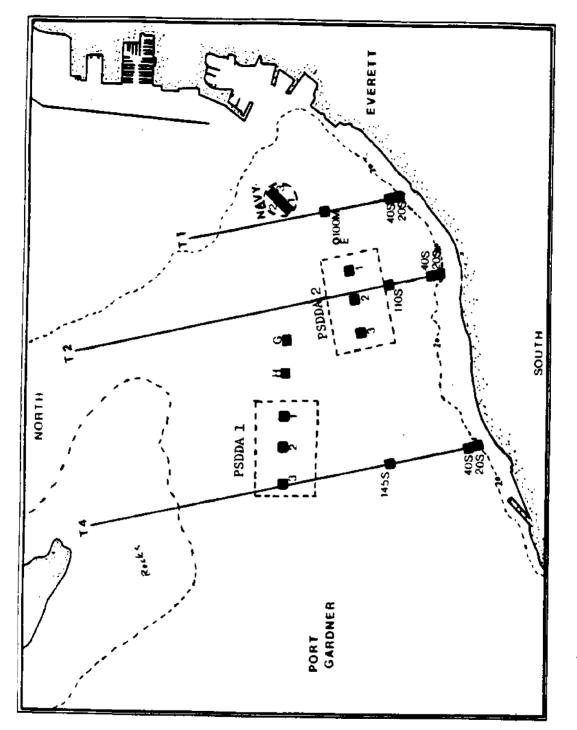


Figure 3. Map of Saratoga Passage showing locations sampled for bottomfish () on July 1 (summer). The area enclosed by the dashed line is the ZSF. The rectangular area enclosed by the solid line is the PSDDA site.



Map of Port Gardner showing the station sampled for bottomfish (**(**). The irregular dashed line represents the 20 m contour. The circular area enclosed by a dashed line is the NAVY site. Stations G and H are reference stations 1 and 2, respectively. T1, T2, and T<sup>4</sup> are transects 1, 2, and 4, respectively. rectangular areas enclosed by dashed lines are PSDDA sites and the Figure 4.

temperature, salinity and dissolved oxygen samples were taken from water collected approximately 1 m above the bottom with a Scott-Richards water bottle. Water temperatures were measured with a hand-held thermometer and recorded in the field. Water samples for salinity determination were placed into bottles for later measurement in the laboratory. Water samples for dissolved oxygen determination were placed into acid washed glass bottles, fixative added, the bottles glass stoppered, and the contents later processed in the laboratory. Water clarity measurements were taken with a Secchi disc from the lee side of the vessel and recorded in the field.

# Laboratory Processing of Fish

Fish samples were removed from the freezer and thawed. The contents were separated by species and life history stage. Total length (mm) of each fish and total weight (grams) of each life history stage were recorded on data forms and then entered into electronic storage. Since the tips of ratfish tails were often missing, a length from the snout to the posterior end of the second dorsal fin, as well as total length (when possible), was recorded for this species. Adult flatfish and ratfish were sexed.

## Flatfish Diseases

Marine flatfishes in Puget Sound are known to be encected by blood worms (the nematode, <u>Philometra</u>), skin tumors, liver tumors and fin erosion (Amish 1976; Angell et al. 1975; Miller and Wellings 1971; Wellings et al. 1976; Malins et al. 1982).

Blood worms are clearly visible and typically located in the subcutaneous areas near or at the base of the dorsal and anal fins (Amish 1976). Skin tumors (Angell et al. 1975; McArn et al. 1968; Miller and Wellings 1971) are

found as two main stages: angioepithelial nodules and epidermal papillomas. All flatfish were externally inspected for blood worms and skin tumors.

Liver tumors are thought to be indicators of pollution (Malins et al. 1982). In the advanced stage, liver tumors are characterized by small nodules visible on the external surface of the liver. English sole caught in polluted areas have often been shown to have liver tumors (Malins et al. 1982; Tetra Tech 1985). Gross examination (non-microscopic) of the external surface of the livers from about 20% of all flatfish caught was done in the laboratory.

Another disease associated with flatfish in polluted areas is fin erosion. Fin erosion typically affects the dorsal and anal fins and is characterized by partial destruction of the fin(s) in question. The severity ranges from minor defects to extensive destruction of the fin(s) (Wellings et al. 1976). All flatfish were examined in the field for fin erosion.

#### Environmental Measurements

Salinity samples were processed by the University of Washington, School of Oceanography Technical Services group, by conductivity bridge (Paquette 1958). Dissolved oxygen samples were processed by the University of Washington, School of Fisheries Environmental Laboratory, using titration techniques described in Standard Methods (1980).

## Data Analysis

Species richness, defined as the total number of species present at each sample site or station, was determined for all stations in Commencement Bay, Elliott Bay and Saratoga Passage.

Species diversity was calculated using the Shannon-Wiener species diversity index H' (Pielou 1978) as follows:

$$H' = -\sum_{i=1}^{n} P_i \ln P_i$$

where  $P_i$  was the proportion of the total sample that belonged to the *i*<sup>th</sup> species and n = the number of species. As a consequence of the formula, H' increases with an increase in the number of species and/or as the individuals caught become more evenly distributed across all species present.

Abundance and biomass averages were calculated for the combined PSDDA site samples. "Replicate" samples were taken only at the proposed PSDDA sites and the NAVY site in Port Gardner; all other stations were sampled once per season. Length-frequency histograms were constructed for the most abundant species from the Elliott Bay, Commencement Bay and Saratoga Passage otter trawl data.

The number of flatfish caught per hectare was calculated for each site by multiplying the abundance estimates for each flatfish species by the constant 4.5 [which is equal to 10,000 m<sup>2</sup> (one hectare) divided by 2,220 m<sup>2</sup> (the total area swept by the otter trawl during each sample)]. Similarly, the reader can also convert to biomass caught per hectare, or number caught per hectare, for the remaining fish species by multiplying the given biomass or abundance values by the constant 4.5.

#### RESULTS

A total of 55 species of fish were collected by otter trawl during this study (Table 1). Common names are used throughout this report, although Table 1 lists both the common and scientific names of all fish caught. The following results are from the otter trawl data only, since beam trawl results (Appendix A) did not add significant additional information for the purpose of Table 1. List of bottomfish species caught by otter trawl during this study. Species are listed in alphabetical order according to their common name.

Fish Spec	ies
Common Name	Scientific Name
American shad	Alosa sapidissima
arrowtooth flounder	Atheresthes stomias
black eelpout	Lycodes diapterus
blackbelly eelpout	Lycodopsis pacifice
blackfin starsnout poacher	Bathyagonus nigripinnis
blacktip poacher	Xeneretmus latifrons
bluebarred prickleback	Plectobranchus evides
bluespotted poacher canary rockfish	Xeneretmus triacanthus
C-O sole	Sebastes pinniger Pleuronichthys coenosus
copper rockfish	Sebastas caurinus
Dover sole	Microstomus pacificus
English sole	Parophyrs vetus
flathead sole	Hippoglossoides elassodon
lingcod	Ophiodon elongatus
longfin smelt	Spirinchus theleichthys
longnose skate	Reje rhine
northern ronguil	Ronquilus jordeni
northern spearnose poacher	Agonopele vulse
Pacific cod	Gadus mecrocephalus
Pacific hake	Merluccius productus
Pacific herring	Clupes harangus pallasi
Pacific lamprey	Lampetra tridentata
Pacific sanddab	Citharichthys sordidus
Pacific staghorn sculpin Pacific torncod	Leptocottus armatus
pallid eelpout	Microgadus proximus
pile perch	Lycodapus mandibularis Rhacochilus vacce
plainfin midshipman	Porichthys notatus
quillback rockfish	Sebestes maliger
ratfish	Hydrolagus colliel
red brotula	Brosmophycis marginata
rex sole	Glyptocephalus zachirus
rock sole	Lepidopsetta bilineata
rockfish UID	Sebestes ap.
roughback sculpin	Chitonotus pugetensis
sablefish	Anopiopome fimbrie
sailfin sculpin	Nautichthys oculofasciatus
sand sole	Psettichthys melanostictus
sculpin UID	Artedius sp.
shiner perch	Cymelogaster aggregata
shortfin eelpout	Lycodes brevipes
slender sole	Lyopsetta exilis
slim sculpin snailfish UID	Redulinus esprelius
snake prickleback	Cyclopteridae
soft sculpin	Lumpenus sagitta Gilbertidia sigalutes
speckled sanddab	Citharichthys stigmaeus
spiny dogfish	Squalus acanthias
spinyhead sculpin	Dasycottus setiger
splitnose rockfish	Sebestes diploproe
starry flounder	Platichthys stellatus
sturgeon poacher	Agonus acipenserinus
tadpole sculpin	Psychrolutes paradoxus
walleye pollock	Theragra chalcogramma
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final site selections. Abundance, biomass, species richness and species diversity were used to characterize the fish assemblage at each PSDDA location.

Flatfish caught per hectare was calculated (Appendix E) at the request of the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers because 6 flatfish/hectare was recommended as a preliminary criterion by Washington Department of Fisheries (WDF) as a minimum number of flatfish needed to support a commercial fishery (WDF 1987). However, it must be understood that the 7.6 m research otter trawl used in this study, and by other research groups (e.g., Southern California Coastal Water Research Project), is selective (as is all sampling gear) and it is unknown how the 7.6 m trawl catches compare to the actual abundance of flatfish present, or how the catches compare to the catches used by WDF to compute the 6 flatfish/hectare criterion. For example, the 7.6 m research trawl probably catches relatively more juveniles than adults compared to a commercial trawl.

# Commencement Bay

Abundance and biomass. Total abundance and biomass values showed seasonal and depth differences between many of the catches (Figures 5 and 6). The summer values were lower than the autumn values. The deeper stations, which included the PSDDA sites, had the lowest values regardless of season. Total abundance and biomass values were highest at 40 m then declined at 20 m (Figures 5 and 6). English sole, Dover sole and ratfish were found in most samples and generally the PSDDA sites contained the lowest abundance and biomass of these three species when compared to the samples collected outside the PSDDA sites. English sole abundance and biomass values were greatest at 40 m in both early summer and autumn, while at the deeper stations, including the PSDDA sites, the English sole abundance and biomass values were lower than

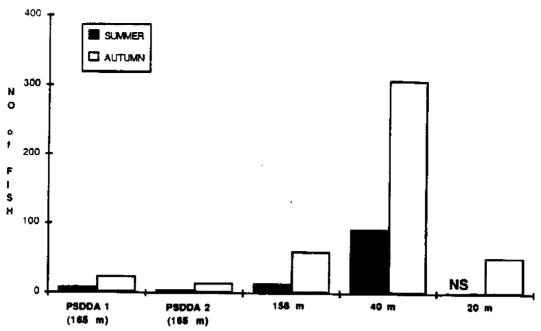


Figure 5. Number (abundance) of fish caught in Commencement Bay, shown by station and season. The values are based on a single sample, except for the PSDDA sites. which are the average of three samples. NS = not sampled.

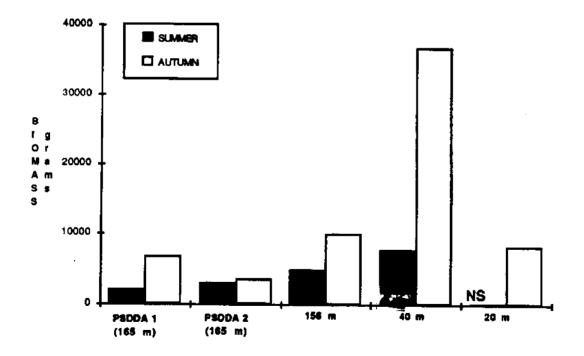


Figure 6. Biomass (in grams) of fish caught in Commencement Bay, shown by station and season. The values are based on a single sample, except for the PSDDA sites, which are the average of three samples. NS = not sampled.

those of the Dover sole and ratfish (Figures 7, A and B and 8, A and B). The abundance and biomass of ratfish was greater at the deeper stations than at either 20 m or 40 m.

<u>Species richness</u>. The values for species richness varied by season and depth (Figure 9). Summer samples had lower values than the autumn period. The deeper locations, which included the PSDDA sites, had the lowest values for species richness.

Species diversity. Values for species diversity, H', were similar throughout Commencement Bay, except for the 156 m station (Figure 10). The 156 m station had a much lower value during the summer than the autumn.

Length-frequency. A significant proportion of English sole caught during the summer at 40 m were less than 205 mm (Figure 11, A and B). These fish were entirely missing from the autumn samples at the same station (Figure 11, A and B). English sole caught at 20 m during autumn sampling were larger than the fish caught at 40 m (Figure 12 and 11B).

<u>Fish health</u>. English sole, Dover sole, rex sole and rock sole all showed indications of blood worm infections. Incidences ranged from 0% to 100% (Table 2). English sole had consistently high infection rates, often as high as 100%, although the sample sizes associated with the highest incidence rates were less than 5 fish each. Incidence of skin tumors and fin erosion were all 0%. Gross examination of flatfish livers did not reveal any evidence of liver tumors.

Environmental measurements. Water temperature showed an inverse relation to depth (Table 3). Water temperatures were higher at the surface than at depth, while salinities were lower at the surface and higher at depth. The Secchi disc measurements were similar at all recording sites.

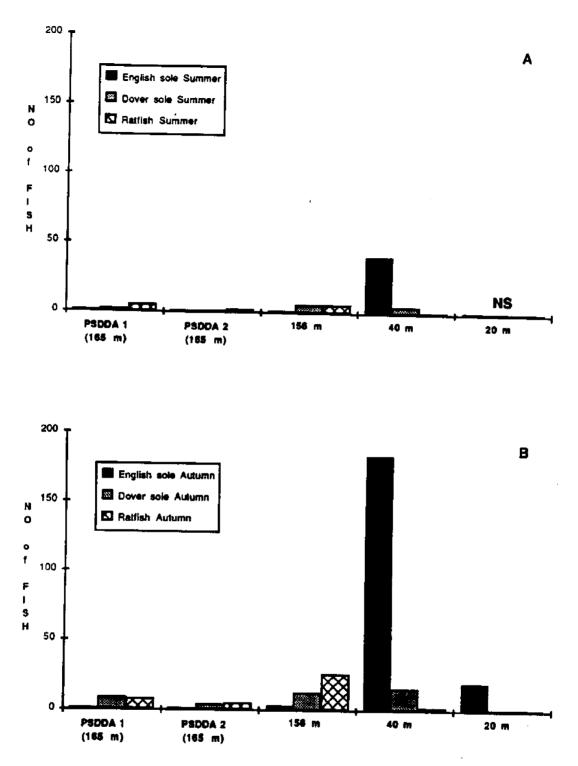


Figure 7. Number (abundance) of English sole, Dover sole and ratfish caught in Commencement Bay during summer (A) and autumn (B), shown by station. The values are based on a single sample, except for the PSDDA sites, which are the average of three samples. NS = not sampled.

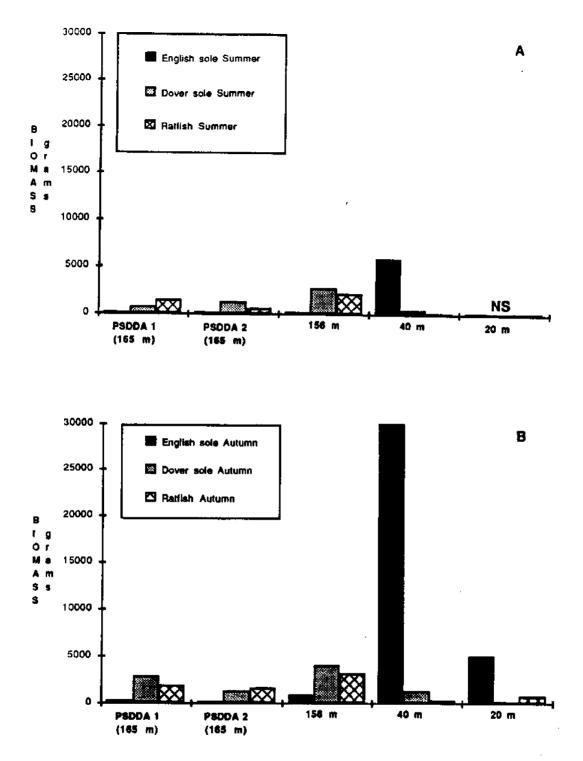


Figure 8. Biomass (in grams) of English sole, Dover sole and ratfish caught in Commencement Bay during summer (A) and autumn (B). Values are based on a single sample, except for the PSDDA sites, which are the average of three samples. NS = not sampled.

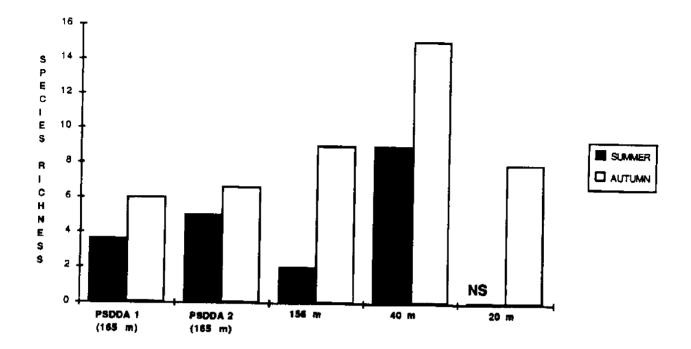


Figure 9. Species richness (total number of species) of fish caught in Commencement Bay, shown by station and season. NS = not sampled.

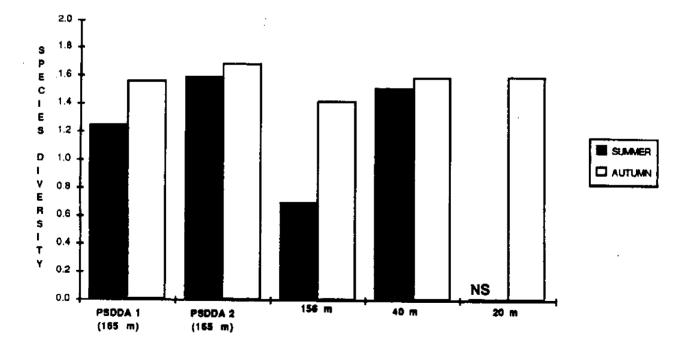


Figure 10. Species diversity (H') of fish caught in Commencement Bay, shown by station and season. NS = not sampled.

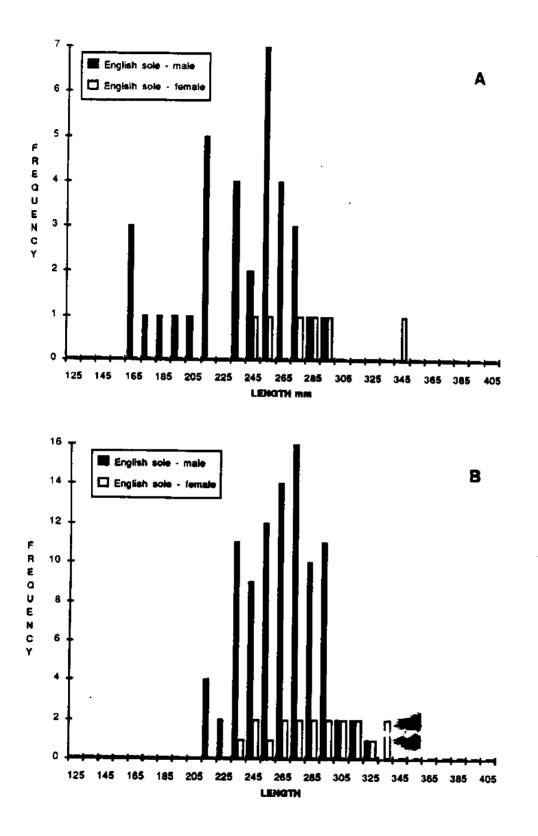


Figure 11. Length frequency of English sole, shown by sex, caught in Commencement Bay during summer (A) and autumn (B) at 40 m.

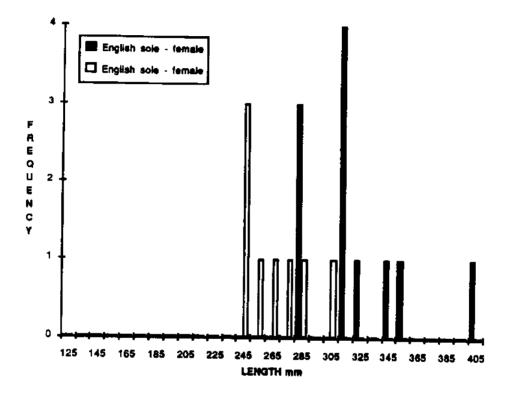


Figure 12. Length frequency of English sole, shown by sex, caught in Commencement Bay during autumn at 20 m.

Percent incidence and sample size (in parentheses) of blood worm (Philometra sp.) infection in flatfish caught in Commencement Bay, shown by species, station and season. S = summer, A = autumn. Table 2.

	PSD (16	PSDDA 1 (165 m)	Lesd	PSDDA 2 (165 m)	156	156 m	40	8	20 m
	n	¥	n	¥	ŝ	¥	S	V	S A
English sole		0(2)	100(1)	100(4)		33(3)	43(40)	48(115)	58(19)
Dover sole	0(4)	0(3)	0(5)	0(10)	0(9)	6(11)	0(5)	35(5)	
sole	0(3)	0(13)	0(2)	0(2) 0(4)		0(3)	• •	0(12)	
Rock sole							0(2)	20(10)	31(16)
Rex sole	-	100(1)		0(1)		0(3)	0(5)	0(7)	
Arrowtooth flounder	ч						, ,	0(1)	
C-U sole								0(1)	0(1)
speckled sanddab									0(3)

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Table 3.	Environmental measurements of temperature, salinity and water clarity in Commencement Bay during autumn by station.
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	Surface Depth
	Temperature, <sup>o</sup> C
PSDDA 1 (165 m) PSDDA 2 (165 m) 40 m	15.111.314.311.213.512.0
	Salinity, º/oo
PSDDA 1 (165 m) PSDDA 2 (165 m) 40 m	26.830.928.630.928.730.3
	Secchi, m
PSDDA 1 (165 m) PSDDA 2 (165 m) 40 m	5.0 6.0 6.0

Elliott Bay

Abundance and biomass. The abundance and biomass values varied by station and by season (Figures 13 and 14). Abundance and biomass values were higher for autumn than for summer at all stations except PSDDA 1 Reference station.

Six species of fish dominated the catches in Elliott Bay: English sole, Dover sole, Pacific hake, slender sole, ratfish and blackbelly eelpout, although not every species was found at each site (Figures 15, A and B and 16, A and B). The PSDDA 1 site (inner Elliott Bay) was the shallowest and had the largest abundance and biomass of Pacific hake, slender sole and blackbelly eelpout. The PSDDA 2 site Fourmile Rock) had a greater abundance and biomass of English sole, Dover sole and ratfish than the PSDDA 1 site. The PSDDA 2 site had lower abundance and biomass values compared with the values found at the adjacent reference stations. Generally, abundance and biomass values increased from the summer to the autumn sampling; specifically, English sole, Dover sole, and ratfish. The shallower PSDDA 1 area had greater numbers of the smaller fishes such as blackbelly eelpouts and slender sole in contrast to the deeper FSDDA 2 area where the larger species dominated.

<u>Species richness</u>. The values for species richness varied by season and depth (Figure 17). Species richness was generally lower during the summer than the autumn, except for the PSDDA 1 reference station, where values were the same. The PSDDA 1 site and the PSDDA 1 reference station generally had larger values than the PSDDA 2 site and the PSDDA 2 reference stations, except for the PSDDA 2 site during the autumn.

Species diversity. The values for species diversity, H', generally diminished from the inner bay PSDDA 1 site and reference station to the Fourmile Rock PSDDA 2 site and reference station (Figure 18) irrespective of

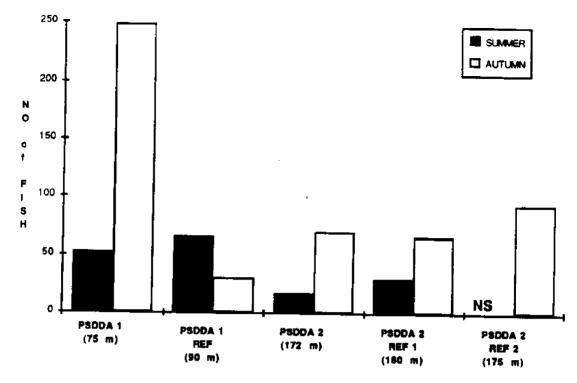


Figure 13.

Number (abundance) of fish caught in Elliott Bay shown by station and season. The values at the PSDDA ref. sites are based on a single sample, while the values at the PSDDA sites are averages of three samples. NS = not sampled.

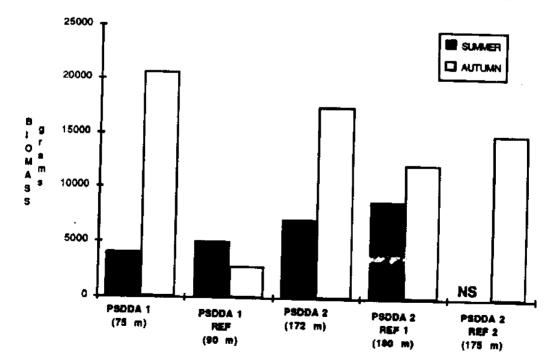


Figure 14. Biomass (in grams) of fish caught in Elliott Bay, shown by station and season. The values at the PSDDA ref. sites are based on a single sample, while the values at the PSDDA sites are averages of three samples. NS = not sampled.

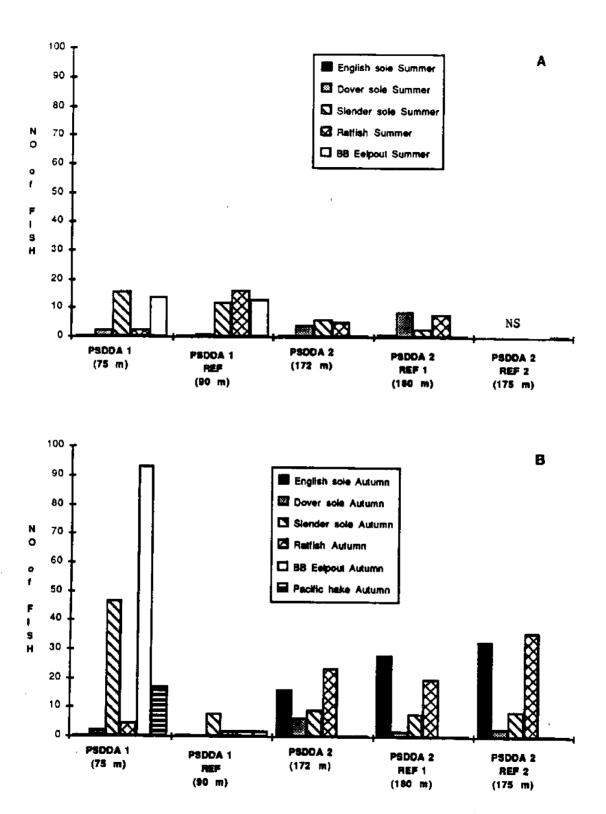


Figure 15. Number (abundance) of English sole, Dover sole, slender sole, ratfish and blackbelly eelpout (BB) caught in Elliott Bay during summer (A) and autumn (B), shown by station. The values at the PSDDA ref. sites are based on a single sample, while the values at the PSDDA sites are averages of three samples. NS = not sampled.

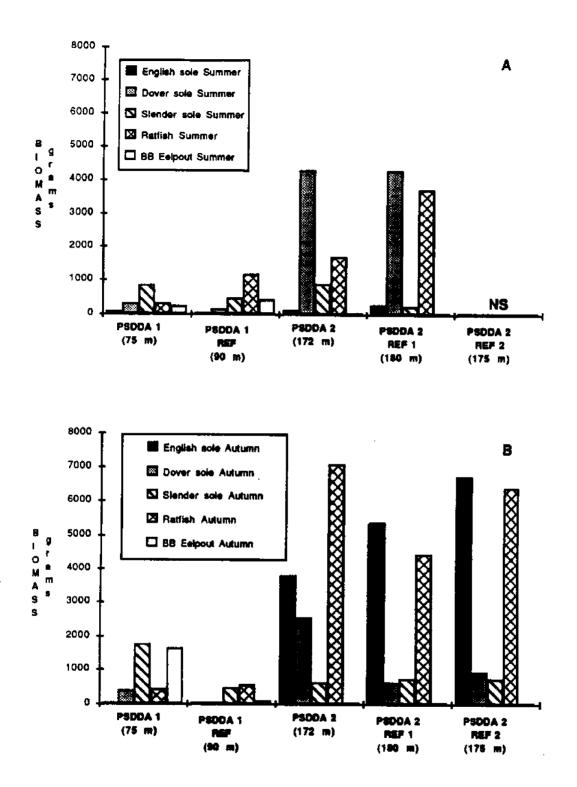


Figure 16. Biomass (in grams) of English sole, Dover sole, slender sole, ratfish and blackbelly eelpout (BB) caught in Elliott Bay during summer (A) and autumn (B), shown by station. The values at the PSDDA ref. sites are based on a single sample, while the values at the PSDDA sites are averages of three samples. NS = not sampled.

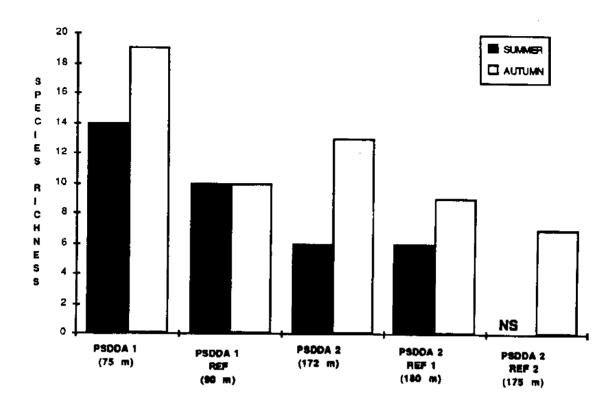


Figure 17. Species richness (total number of species) of fish caught in Elliott Bay, shown by station and season. NS = not sampled.

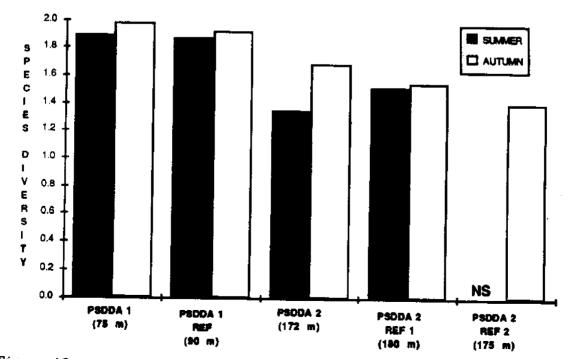


Figure 18. Species diversity (H') of fish caught in Elliott Bay, shown by station and season. NS = not sampled.

season.

Length-frequency. English sole data from the PSDDA 2 Reference Station 1 during autumn suggested a bimodal distribution of adults with no juveniles present (Figure 19).

<u>Fish health</u>. English sole, Dover sole and flathead sole showed evidence of blood worm infections (Table 4). Incidence in these three species ranged from 0% to 42%. The PSDDA 2 area had the highest incidence of blood worm infection in English sole and Dover sole with flathead sole showing only a minor incidence. There were no indications of skin tumors or fin erosion. Gross examination of flatfish livers did not show any indication of liver tumors.

<u>Environmental measurements</u>. Temperature and dissolved oxygen values were higher at the surface than at depth (Table 5), while salinity was lower at the surface than at depth. Dissolved oxygen and Secchi disc measurements showed a seasonal pattern: dissolved oxygen was slightly lower in autumn than in summer and Secchi disc values were slightly higher in autumn than in summer.

#### <u>Saratoga</u> Passage

Abundance and biomass. Only one sample cruise on July 1 was conducted in Saratoga Passage. Abundance and biomass showed variation by depth and by station (Figures 20 and 21). Abundance relative to biomass was greater for all stations except for the PSDDA site. The PSDDA site had an intermediate abundance value and had the highest biomass value. The dominant species included ratfish, English sole, Dover sole, slender sole and adult Pacific hake. Pacific hake were found in the PSDDA site and the reference station, while English sole were only found at the shallower locations. Dover sole were confined to the 40 m west station. Ratfish and slender sole occurred at

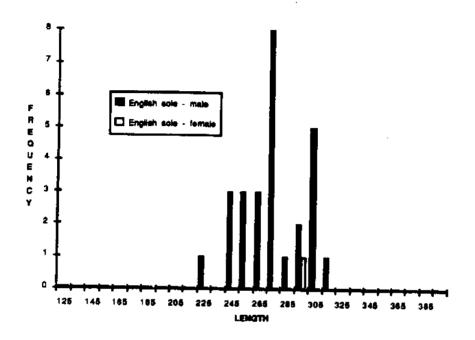


Figure 19. Length frequency of English sole, shown by sex, caught at PSDDA 2, reference 1, during autumn in Elliott Bay.

Percent incidence and sample size (in parentheses) of blood worm (Philometra sp.) infection in flatfish caught in Elliott Bay, shown by species, station and season.  $\overline{S}$  = summer, A = autumn. Table 4.

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	PSDDA 1	A 1	PSDDA	PSDDA 1 Ref	PSDDA	A 2	PSDDA	2 Ref 1	<b>PSDDA</b> 2 Ref 2
	S	V	S	۷	s	A	s	A	s A
	(75	ш)	06)	(E	(172	( H	(180	m) (m	
English sole	0(1)				0(2)	35(55)		14(28)	
Dover sole	0(13)	0(2)	0(1)		0(26)	5(20)			((()))
Slender sole	0(80)	0(148)	0(13)	0(62)	0(35)	0(28)			(c)
Flathead sole	6(54)	3(73)	0(15)	0(11)	0(5)			(0)0	(6)0
	0(5)	0(1)	0(1)						
Rex sole	(6)0	0(9)				0(1)			

,

Table 5.	Environmental measurements of water temperature, dissolved oxygen, salinity and water clarity in Elliott Bay, by station and season.
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	Su	mmer	Autu	מח
	Surface	Bottom	Surface	Bottom
		Temperature	<u>e, °C</u>	
PSDDA 1 (75 m) PSDDA 2 (172 m)	13.5 13.9	10.3 11.0	18.5 12.9	11.9 -
	Dis	solved Oxygen, mg/	1 (% saturat	ion)

PSDDA 1 (75 m)	9•72 (110%)	7.79 (84%)	8.36 (105%)	
PSDDA 2 (172 m)	9•77 (113%)	7.65 (84%)	6.34 (73%)	

# Salinity, 0/00

PSDDA 1 (75 m)		29.9	28.9	30.7
PSDDA 2 (172 m)	28.8	30.2	30.1	

4.0 4.5

<u>Secchi, m</u>

.

Autumn

7.0

-

		Summer
	(75 m) (172 m)	4.0 4.5

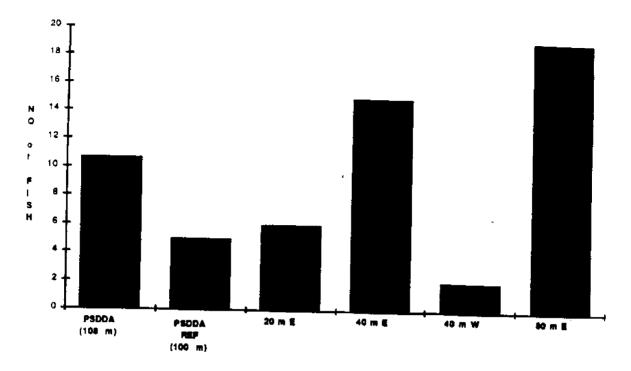


Figure 20. Number (abundance) of fish caught in Saratoga Passage during summer, shown by station. The values are based on a single sample, except for the PSDDA site, which is the average of three samples.

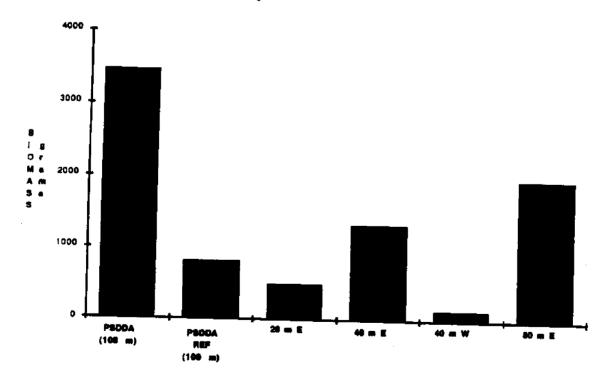


Figure 21. Biomass (in grams) of fish caught in Saratoga Passage during summer, shown by station. The values are based on a single sample, except for the PSDDA site, which is the average of three samples.

the deeper (PSDDA) stations and intermediate depths (Figures 22 and 23).

<u>Species richness</u>. Values for species richness fluctuated by depth; the highest values occurred at the PSDDA site reference station (Figure 24). All other species richness values were lower and showed no discernible pattern.

Species diversity. Values for species diversity, H', varied by depth, the deeper stations, including PSDDA, had the highest values (Figure 25). No pattern was apparent among the shallower stations.

Fish health. Incidence of blood worms, skin tumors and fin erosion were all 0% (Table 6). No evidence of liver tumors was found based on gross examination of flatfish livers.

Environmental measurements. No environmental measurements were collected in Saratoga Passage because of weather conditions that forced an early curtailment of sampling.

### Port Gardner

Abundance and biomass. Abundance and biomass fluctuated by time of year, depth, and station. The NAVY site generally had the largest number and biomass of fish throughout the year. During the winter the 40 m depth had numbers of fish comparable to the NAVY site; however, the biomass values were lower. (Figures 26 and 27). PSDDA 1 and PSDDA 2 sites had low values for abundance and biomass for all seasons except winter when abundance was at its highest (compared with other seasons) and biomass values were second only to the NAVY site (Figures 26 and 27). Five of the locations that were sampled throughout the year were situated at depths of 100 m or more; these included: PSDDA 1, PSDDA 2, 100m M, 110m S and 145m S. The 110m S and 145m S stations had the lowest abundance and biomass values of the 5 deep locations.

<u>Species diversity</u>. Species diversity, H', values showed seasonal and depth differences between many stations, but showed no discernable pattern

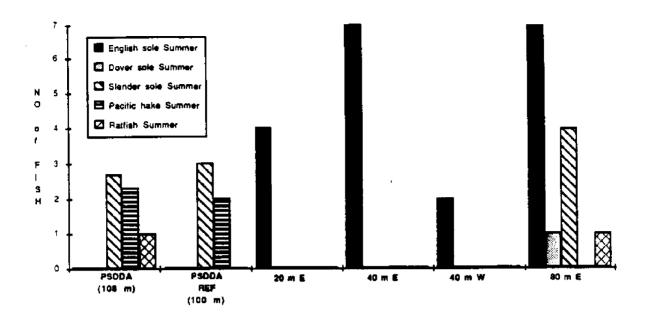


Figure 22. Number (abundance) of English sole, Dover sole, slender sole, Pacific hake and ratfish caught in Saratoga Passage during summer, shown by station. The values are based on a single sample, except for the PSDDA site, which is the average of three samples.

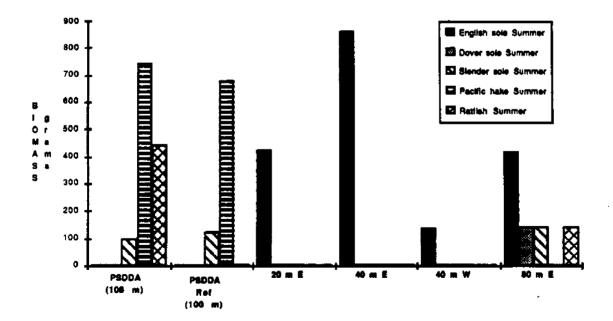


Figure 23. Biomass (in grams) of English sole, Dover sole, slender sole, Pacific hake and ratfish caught in Saratoga Passage during summer, shown by station. The values are based on a single sample, except for the PSDDA site, which is the average of three samples.

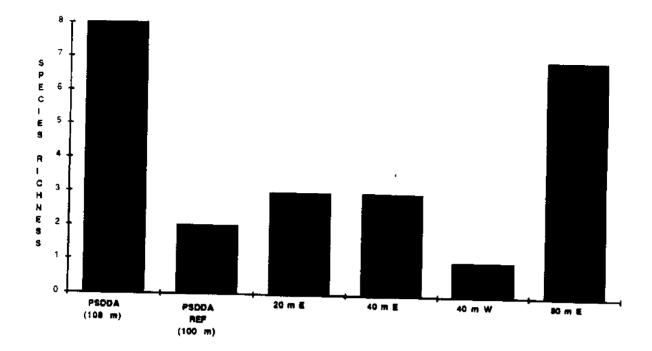


Figure 24. Species richness (total number of species) of fish caught in Saratoga Passage during summer, shown by station.

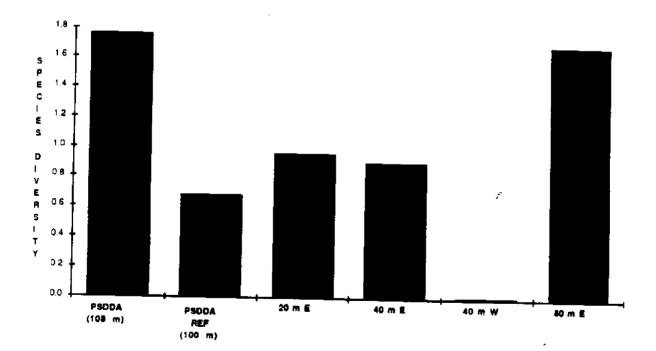
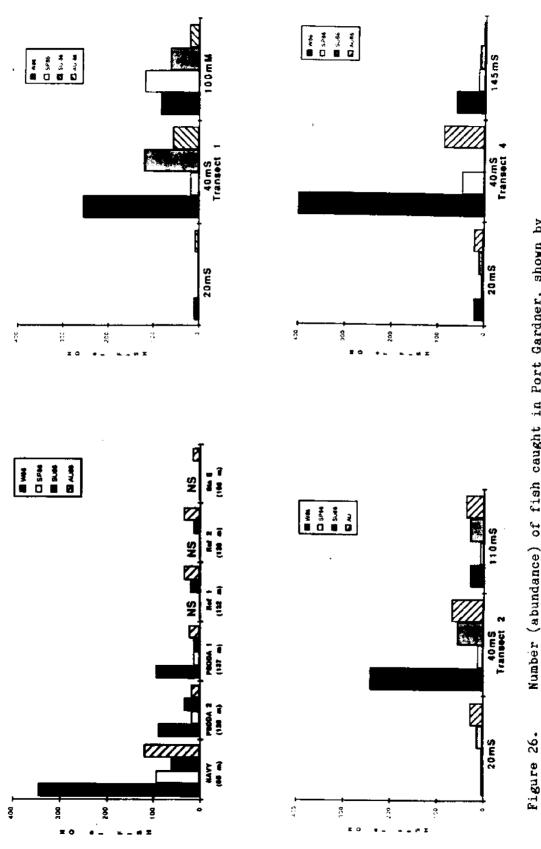


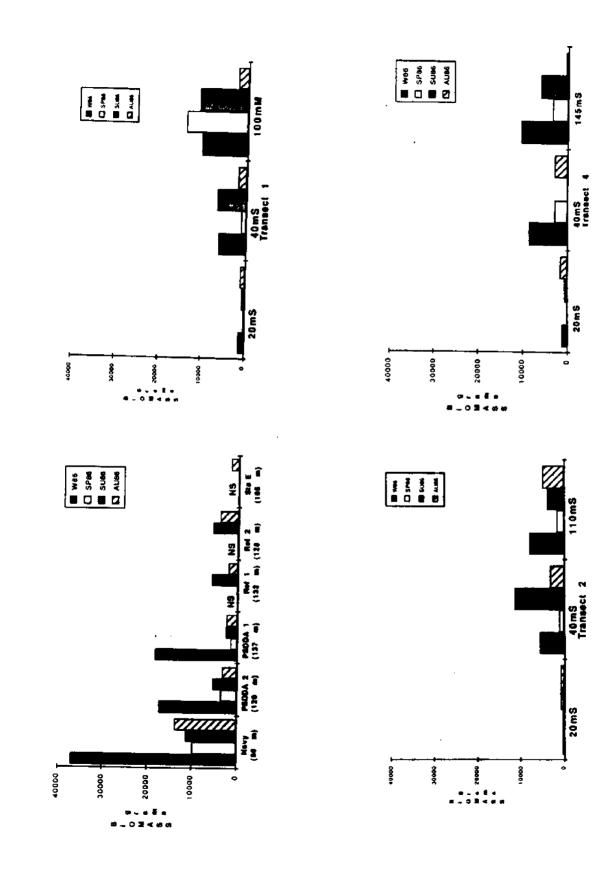
Figure 25. Species diversity (H') of fish caught in Saratoga Passage during summer, shown by station.

Table 6. Percent incidence and sample size (in parentheses) of bloodworm (<u>Philometra</u> sp.) infection in flatfish caught at Saratoga Passage during summer, shown by station and species.

	PSDDA (108 m)	80m E	40m E	40m W	20m E
English sole Slender sole Dover sole	0(17)	0(7) 0(4)	0(7)	0(2)	0(4)
Rock sole		0(1) 0(1)	0(6)		0(2)



station and season. The values are based on a single sample, except for the NAVY and PSDDA sites, which are the average of Number (abundance) of fish caught in Port Gardner, shown by three samples. NS = not sampled.



station and season. The values are based on a single sample, except for the NAVY and PSDDA sites, which are the average of Biomass (in grams) of fish caught in Port Gardner, shown by three samples. NS = not sampled. Figure 27.

(Figure 28).

Fish health. English sole, Dover sole, flathead sole, rex sole and rock sole all showed indications of blood worm infections (Table 7). Incidence varied between species, seasons, depth and station but did not show a discernable pattern. One skin tumor was noted on a slender sole caught at Station 100 mM. Incidence of fin errosion was 0%. Gross examination of flatfish livers did not reveal any evidence of liver tumors.

Environmental measurements. Water temperatures during winter and autumn were higher at the bottom than the surface (Table 8). Spring and summer water temperatures were the reverse with the surface warmer than the bottom. In general, salinities were lower at the surface than the bottom. Secchi disc measurements showed that the best water clarity (higher Secchi disc measurement) occurred in the winter while there were no differences between the other seasons.

## DISCUSSION AND CONCLUSIONS

# The Research Otter Trawl For Documenting Fish Assemblage

The 7.6 m otter trawl has been the dominant sampling gear in Puget Sound demersal fish research for about the last decade. This net is widely used by many groups for similar research in other areas of the country. Standardization of gear reduces the problems associated with comparing results between studies. In addition, the small size of the net allows for ease of use from a range of vessel sizes starting at about 6 m.

The 7.6 m otter trawl has limitations. The net is not fished commercially and due to size, shape and other differences, catches are not directly comparable to commercial otter trawl catches. Other limitations

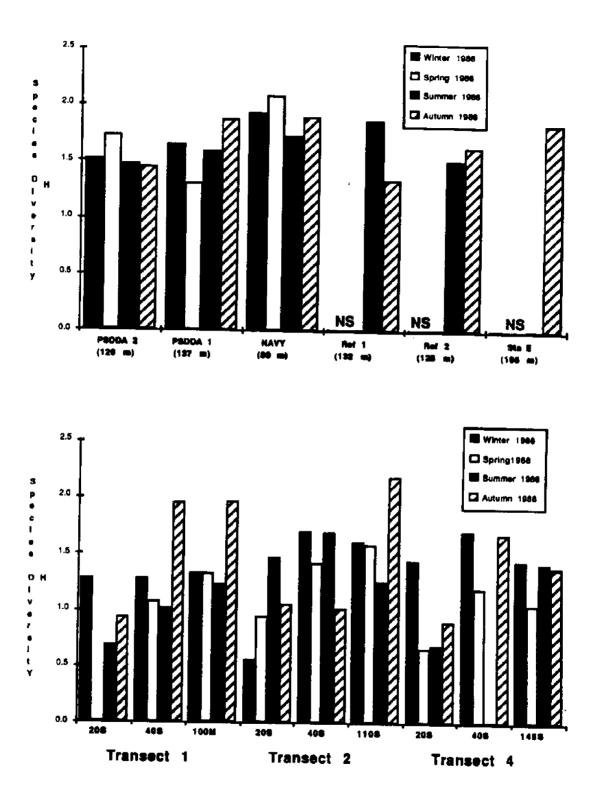


Figure 28. Species diversity of fish (H') caught in Port Gardner, shown by station and season. NS = not sampled.

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tales tala tela tala	English sole	0(5)		0(5)	14(7)	(c)) (3)							

Table 8. Measurements of temperature, salinity and water clarity by station and season at Port Gardner. W = Winter, SP = Spring, SU = Summer, AU = Autumn, NS = not sampled.

Site		Sur	lace			Bot	tom	
				Tempera	ture °C			
	W	SP	SU	AU	W	SP	SU	AU
NAVY	7.0	10.5	11.9	14.0	7.5	9.5	11.0	12.0
PSDDA 2	6.5	10.0	15.2	15.0	8.0	9.0	11.0	13.0
PSDDA 1	6.0	10.2	15.0	14.4	7.5	9.3	9.9	12.0
Tran 1 20mS	NS	10.8	18.1	15.0	NS	9.5	11.5	13.0
Tran 2 40mS	6.5	10.5	10.5	14.0	7.5	NS	11.5	12.0
Tran 4 145mS	6.0	10.5	12.0	NS	8.0	9.0	12.5	NS

				Salinity	0/00			
NAVY	29.85	16.79	22.34	28.73	NS	29.73	NS	30.58
PSDDA 2	21.23	18.53	23.58	NS	NS	29.67	29.81	30.81
PSDDA 1	NS	22.98	24.99	28.23	NS	29.85		
Tran 1 20mS	NS	NS	19.58	28.32	NS	29.16	29.58	30.07
Tran 2 40mS	NS	NS	29.81	NS	NS		29.77	
Tran 4 145mS	22.01	NS	23.58	NS	NS	30.10		NS

				Secchi Disc	m
NAVY	3.50	3.00	3.00	5.00	
PSDDA 2	5.50	4.25	4.50	4.00	
PSDDA 1	8.50	7.25	4.50	NS	
Tran 1 20mS	NS	3.50	3.00	5.50	
Tran 2 40mS	3.50	3.00	3.00	5.00	
Tran 4 145mS	4.50	NS	3.50	NS	

include: 1) current and wind conditions at the time of sampling, 2) gear selectivity relative to each fish species and life history stage, and 3) variability in area swept.

### Commencement Bay

Several trawling studies have previously been conducted in Commencement Bay. These studies concentrated their efforts in the nearshore areas (Becker 1984; Weitcamp and Schadt 1981; Tetra Tech 1985) and in the inner part of Commencement Bay (e.g., the old flood channels of the Puyallup River (Malins et al. 1982; Tetra Tech 1985; Weitkamp and Schadt 1981). Becker (1984) and Tetra Tech (1985) used the same otter trawl as the present study; however, sampling depths only reached 32 meters in contrast to the 175 meter depths of the proposed PSDDA sites. Weitkamp and Schadt (1981) used a different smaller otter trawl and again only sampled the nearshore shallow portions of Commencement Bay.

Data from Commencement Bay indicate that three of the four indices of site utilization by fish varied inversely with depth. As depth increased, species richness, total abundance and total biomass decreased. No correlation between depth and species diversity was evident. However, Tetra Tech (1985) found the species diversity in the inner harbor waterways to be much higher (3.5) compared to study. Results of this study suggest higher catches occurring in deeper water during autumn, while Weitkamp and Schadt (1981) found abundance in shallower areas was highest in summer and lower during other seasons of the year. Becker (1984) found that Dover sole were located at deeper stations while English sole were typically found in shallower waters, similar to the findings of the present PSDDA study.

Fish health was generally good for the flatfish caught in Commencement Bay during this study. The only disease found was blood worm infection in

English sole. Incidence for this disease reached 100% at some stations, but the sample sizes were small (less than five individuals per sample) for locations with high incidence rates. Low incidences (< 1%) of fin erosion and skin tumors have been previously found in flatfish inhabiting the inner (shallow) portions of Commencement Bay in areas known to be contaminated with industrial wastes (Malins et al. 1982, Tetra Tech 1985). Histopathological analyses of livers from flatfish found inhabiting these areas also revealed a low incidence of liver tumors (Malins et al. 1982, Tetra Tech 1985).

Environmental measurements were only available for the autumn period. Dissolved oxygen, temperature, salinity and Secchi disc measurements were all within the ranges found in other parts of Puget Sound (Stober and Chew 1984).

The preliminary PSDDA sites in Commencement Bay had the greatest depth and the lowest abundance, biomass and species richness measures of the stations sampled during this study. The number of adult and juvenile flatfish captured in the preliminary PSDDA sites was low in absolute terms and small when compared to stations outside of the PSDDA sites.

#### Elliott Bay

Several studies have been conducted within and adjacent to Elliott Bay (Bingham 1978; Miller et al. 1974; Miller et al. 1977; Miller 1980; Malins et al. 1982; Stober and Chew 1984). Donnelly et al. (1984) and Bingham (1978) were the only studies that sampled the same areas as the present PSDDA study.

The results of fish sampling in Elliott Bay revealed that the PSDDA sites generally had higher values of species richness than their corresponding reference stations. The PSDDA 2 (Fourmile Rock) site and the adjacent reference stations exhibited a pattern much like PSDDA 1 (inner Elliott Bay): summer season abundance, biomass and species richness figures were comparable,

whereas the autumn values of biomass and species richness for the PSDDA 2 site exceeded the reference stations. Species diversity did not show any clear pattern.

PSDDA 2 samples were taken in close proximity to samples collected for the Renton Sewage Treatment Plant Project (Donnelly et al. 1984). Donnelly et al. found biomass values higher at the deeper sites in contrast to this study where the PSDDA 2 site had higher biomass values than the deeper reference stations. Donnelly et al. (1984) also indicated that species richness and species diversity increased with depth to 50 m and then decreased. This would suggest that the PSDDA 2 site would have higher species richness and species diversity values than the PSDDA 2 reference stations. Indeed, PSDDA 2 values were either comparable to, or exceeded, the reference station values for species richness and species diversity. Neither study was conducted during all four seasons, thus, results from this study should not be considered indicative of conditions at the sample sites throughout the year.

The PSDDA 1 site was compared with a report on the effects of dredged materials disposal on benthic invertebrates in inner Elliott Bay (Bingham 1978). The 1978 report found no substantial difference in infaunal (invertebrate) species richness or biomass, but did find that the shallower stations had the greatest species richness and biomass. The same observation was made at the PSDDA 1 sites (for fish) where the deeper reference station had lower species richness and biomass. Neither Bingham (1978) nor this study found any clear trend in species diversity versus depth.

Fish health was generally good. Blood worm infection in English sole was the only disease noted. The incidence was somewhat lower than the findings of Donnelly et al. (1984). Donnelly et al. also noted the presence of other diseases: skin tumors and fin erosion. Fin erosion, skin tumors and liver

tumors have been found in Elliott Bay, but typically near the inner shore and the Duwamish River (Malins et al. 1982). The present study sites were located in the deeper regions away from the shore of Elliott Bay and may explain why the disease incidence was found to be lower than at previous inshore sampling locations.

Environmental measurements were available for both seasons. The dissolved oxygen values were all near saturation. Dissolved oxygen, temperature, salinity and Secchi disc measurements were all within the values found elsewhere in Puget Sound (Miller et al. 1977; Donnelly et al. 1984).

The preliminary PSDDA sites generally had the highest values for abundance, biomass and species diversity of the locations sampled in Elliott Bay. Dover sole and English sole, two commercially important flatfish, were found in higher numbers and biomass at the PSDDA 2 site and adjacent reference stations than at PSDDA 1. These results suggest that disposal of dredged materials would have less impact on commercial flatfish at the PSDDA 1 site than at PSDDA 2 site.

# Saratoga Passage

The Saratoga Passage PSDDA site ecological measures were generally higher than the adjacent, shallower stations. A tagging study done by Day (1976) suggests that the deeper area of Saratoga Passage was a residence or spawning area for English sole. Day captured English sole in the deep area of Saratoga Passage where they were tagged and transported to other areas of Puget Sound. The majority of tag recoveries were within the deep area of Saratoga Passage, suggesting a homing ability to a preferred feeding location or possibly a spawning area. No English sole were caught at the PSDDA site during the sampling cruise; however, English sole were caught nearby at 80 m. Sampling was too limited to make any concluding statement about the Saratoga Passage

PSDDA site.

No diseases were found in any flatfish.

#### Port Gardner

English (1979) and Washington Department of Ecology (1976) sampled bottom fish at several depths along a transect line very close to Transect 2 of the PSDDA study. During the PSDDA study the catches of English sole less than 150 mm were lower than those found by English (1979). Each study used different capture gear; the earlier study used a 3 m beam trawl, while study used the 7.6 m otter trawl. Other explanations for the abundance differences may be biological or environmental in origin. Shephard et al. (1984) indicated three major reasons for variation in stock size from one year to the next: 1) annual changes in environmental conditions, 2) ecological interactions during early life history, and 3) variations in adult spawning abundance.

The results of the fish sampling in Port Gardner showed that the PSDDA sites had low abundance and biomass values when compared to other stations for spring, summer and autumn. In contrast, winter sampling at the PSDDA sites produced abundance values higher than most stations except for the NAVY and the 40 m depth. Furthermore, biomass values at the two PSDDA sites during the winter were second only to the NAVY site. These data suggest that the larger, older fish move into the preliminary PSDDA sites during the winter months and disperse during the rest of year.

Species diversity did not show any trends that could be related to differences between stations or sites.

Fish health was generally good. Malins et al (1982), using microscopic examination of flatfish livers, found only low levels of nonspecific degenerative/necrotic lesions and intracellular storage disorders in Port

Susan (adjacent to Port Gardner). Gross examination of livers for this study showed no evidence of tumors.

Washington Department of Fisheries (WDF) allows an annual commercial flatfish harvest during the spring and early summer in Port Gardner. The fishing area includes not only Port Gardner, but the adjacent main basin and the area adjoining Port Gardner to Saratoga Passage. Catches from the combined area contribute about 9% to the total annual Puget Sound flatfish harvest. Catches within Port Gardner itself contribute only a small portion of the 9% (WDF personal communication).

The preliminary PSDDA sites may be subjected to low levels of commercial trawling since they are located in the deeper portions of Port Gardner and, for most of the year, had low values for abundance and biomass relative to other stations. In contrast, winter abundance and biomass values at the preliminary PSDDA sites were much higher and second only to the NAVY site. The levels of abundance and biomass were very similar between the two PSDDA sites during every season, thus equal consideration (relative to fish resources) should be given to both preliminary PSDDA sites for disposal of dredged materials. However, data from Transect 4, Station 145 S, which is deeper and located more near the mouth of Port Gardner, show much lower abundance and biomass values than the PSDDA sites. The fish data from Port Gardner has not been fully compiled and analyzed, but when completed, will be issued as part of the Port Gardner report to the U. S. Army Corps of Engineers.

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APPENDIX

PART I

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		START SET OF NET		TRAWL DEPTH (m)	(m) Hi
Station	Depth (m)	A. Radar Ranges (NM) and Markers	Approximate compass bearing	Start tow	End tow
PSDDA Site:					
	113	Lowell Pt./1.25	200°	108	106
Station 2 Station 3	90 90	1.4 E. Pt./1.25 S. Edge Pt. N. of Mabana 1.1 E. Pt./1.2 Pt. of Camano N. of Mabana	300 300	110	118 125
Transect #1:					
10W	=	1.56 S. Edge E. Pt.	2900	ç	17
20W	20	ŝ	290	77	- 9
40W	£	ы 1	2900	37	46
BOW	62	si.	285°	8	63
BOE	8		280°	8	64
40E	39	ŝ	280°	45	46
20E	21	S. Edge Lowell Pt./1.81 Saratoga	260°	2	0
10E	Ξ	Lovell Pt.	290°	2 <b>†</b>	2
Transect #2:					
100N	102	1.2 S. Edge Lowell Pt./0.55 Pt. N. of Mabana	260°	102	0
115N	117	5 Lovell Pt./1.1	240°	121	121
NOCT					

.

		De	Depth (m)		Ranse markara and distance (NW)		
sta	Station #	Start set of net	Start t tow	End	art of net set)	Compass heading (degrees magnetic).	Approximate wire
Nav	Navy CAD Site (80m);	e (80m):					1 100
1	Station 1	Bd	B	8	0.65 marker 4/0.72 SW. Corner S. Dier	0	
n t		85 5	80	85	marker 4/0.72 SW. corner S.		82
a	C NOTIESC	÷	75	83		021	88
NAV	NAVY RAD CAD Site	Site (110m):					
$\sim$	Station 1	105		112	0.9 notch W. Pier/1.0 edge S Dier		
$\sim$	Station 2	113	117	118	CA STATE O		1150
<b>5</b>	Station 3	124	127	116	bump W. of shore notch/1.5 SM. corner S. P.	ļ	1150
	*	( <b>A</b> ) 105	108	110	SV. corner		1200
S	ŝ	~	105	107	SW. corner S.	<b>30</b> 5	1150
0	و م	~	122	129	SW. corner S. Pier/1.15	() I	201
n	Station 7 (	(r) 119	114	115	S. Pier/1.25	140	1500
lSd	PSDDA Site	l (130m):				•	
S		128	130	133	2.10 Marker 4/1.50 Edgewater		
ŝ		133	134	135	Marker 4/1.50	145	1350
Ś	Station 3	136	139	140		145	1350
Trai	Transect #1:					L	
Ĭ	10S	12	12	12	0.50 SW. comper & Die.		
Х	205	21	23	22	SW. COTTOR S	200	250
40	40S	41	45	42	SW. COTNET S.	40	350
90	605	60	62	60	SV. COLDER S.	<u>ج</u>	600
305	S	83	82	78	SW. COTNET S.	5	800
MOOL	N.	101	102	103	Mombor 1/0 15 out	40	1000
RON	N	82	<u>8</u>	22	Marker 4/0.45 Marker 1/1 50	250	8
N09	NC	. 62	60	e og		80	1050

.

On A         set of net         Start bind           set of net         200 52         12         12           22         20         40         52         12           22         55         70         125         12           112         110         110         110         125         135           112         112         12         136         134         125         135           112         112         136         134         125         3.5         136           112         110         110         110         111         1.35         1.36           113         125         3.5         84         1.35         3.5         84         1.35           112         112         110         110         111         1.45         3.5         84         1.35         3.5           112         137         131         131         132         3.5         84         1.35         3.5           113         131         131         132         3.5         3.5         84         1.35         3.5         3.5           113         131         131         132		Depth	( <b>•</b> )	ŕ	Range markers and distance (NM)	Compass	Approximate
R:     R:       22     22       22     22       22     23       23     22       24     22       25     55       26     55       27     28       112     110       112     110       112     110       112     110       113     110       112     125       136     137       137     137       137     137       137     137       137     137       137     137       137     136       137     136       140     138       137     136       140     138       137     136       140     138       140     138       140     138       153     136       164     138       171     147       165     138       166     144       171     147       168     139       169     170       171     147       169     170       171     148       172     24 <tr< th=""><th></th><th>of</th><th>tow</th><th>tow</th><th>(at start of net set)</th><th>heading (degrees magnetic)</th><th>wire out (ft.)</th></tr<>		of	tow	tow	(at start of net set)	heading (degrees magnetic)	wire out (ft.)
1       12       12       12       12       12       12         22       22       20       40       52       70       1.55         40       55       70       1.10       110       110       1.65         112       112       112       12       95       96       1.55       1.55         112       112       12       12       12       12       1.66       1.66         112       12       12       12       12       12       13       136       1.66         113       112       12       13       136       136       136       1.66       1.68         113       112       12       136       136       136       1.66       1.68         113       136       136       136       136       1.68       1.68       1.68         113       136       136       136       136       136       1.68       1.68         113       140       136       136       136       136       1.68       1.68         113       146       136       136       136       1.68       1.68       1.68       1.68	<b>₽</b>						
22       20       40       52       20       40       52         40       52       53       55       55       70       1.0         111       112       110       110       110       110       1.0         112       112       110       100       55       55       1.20         112       112       110       110       110       110       1.00         125       125       125       125       125       126       1.18       1.35         113       112       112       112       126       116       1.18       1.35       1.19         113       115       126       126       126       1.26       1.36       1.36       1.36       1.36         113       116       116       116       1.16       1.16       1.16       1.16         113       116       136       136       136       136       1.36       1.36       1.36       1.36         113       116       118       86       86       2.65       1.66       1.66       1.66       1.66       1.66       1.66       1.66       1.66       1.66       1.66 <td>1</td> <td>=</td> <td>12</td> <td>12</td> <td>1.25 SW. corner S. Pier</td> <td>260</td> <td>250</td>	1	=	12	12	1.25 SW. corner S. Pier	260	250
40       40       40       40       40         62       62       65       55       75       11         111       112       110       110       110       100       100         111       112       110       110       110       110       110       110       110         112       113       126       134       132       136       134       135       136         112       112       132       132       132       136       146	205	22	50	ę	1.25 SW. corner S. Pier	250	350
62       65       70       1.20         111       112       110       110       110         112       111       110       110       110         111       112       110       110       110       110         112       113       125       95       86       1.16       1.16         112       112       123       223       223       233       2.55       86       1.16         113       123       132       133       132       133       2.66       1.66       1.66       1.66         113       113       123       133       133       2.66       1.66	405	4	<b>9</b>	52	SM. corner S.	250	3
88     81     80       111     110     110     110       112     136     134     125       136     134     125     134       136     134     125     134       120     100     110     110       136     136     134     125       137     132     125     134       137     135     136     136       137     136     136     136       137     137     136     136       137     137     136     136       138     137     136     136       139     136     136     136       131     136     136     136       133     136     136     136       134     137     136     136       135     136     136     136       145     138     136     2.56       113     138     139     2.56       114     146     138     136       136     138     136     2.56       141     146     138     2.56       151     138     136     2.56       151     166     166     3	603	62	65	5	1.20 SW. corner S. Pier	250	900
112     112     110     110     110     110       111     110     110     110     110     111     1.35       136     136     134     125     95     84     1.35       125     12     95     12     95     84     1.35       126     136     136     136     136     1.35       137     136     136     136     136     1.36       137     136     136     136     1.36       137     136     136     136     1.36       138     137     136     136     1.66       145     146     138     136     2.06       138     136     136     136     1.66       145     146     138     136     2.06       146     138     136     2.06       151     166     138     2.06       166     138     2.06     2.06       113     138     136     2.06       114     146     138     136       115     138     136     2.06       116     166     138     2.06       117     166     137       118     1	ROS	8	81	8	1.10 SW. corner S. Pier	240	1000
111     10     11       136     13     13       136     13     13       136     13     13       136     13     13       136     13     13       137     13     13       137     13     13       133     13     13       133     13     13       133     13     13       133     13     13       133     13     13       133     13     13       133     13     13       133     13     13       133     13     13       133     13     13       133     13     13       133     13     13       133     13     13       133     13     13       134     13     13       135     13     13       136     13     13       137     13     13       138     13     13       140     14     14       15     13     13       16     14     14       16     14     14       16     14       1	1105	112	110	110	1.14 SW. corner S. Pier	230	1150
136     134     125     35     135       102     95     134     125     95     95       102     95     134     125     95     95       112     123     123     123     125     135       112     135     135     136     136     136       113     135     135     136     136     136       113     135     136     136     136     136       113     135     136     136     136     136       113     136     136     136     136     136       113     136     136     136     136     136       113     136     136     136     136     136       113     136     136     136     136     136       113     136     136     136     136     136       113     136     136     137     136     136       113     136     136     137     136     136       114     136     136     137     136     136       113     166     138     136     137     137       113     166     136     137	11 ON	111	011	Ξ	1.35 Marker 4/1.38 Darlington	155	1150
102       95       94       1.35         12       12       12       12       12         11       12       12       12       12       13         11       12       13       13       13       13       13         11       12       13       13       13       13       13       13         11       13       13       13       13       13       2.03       13         11       13       13       13       13       2.03       13       13       2.03       13         11       14       15       13       13       2.03       13       2.03       13       13       2.03       13       14       1.05       14	NOK 1	136	ž	125	tandall/1.6 SE. Gedney/2.	120	1300
12       12       12       12       12       13         12       12       12       12       12       13       13         112       12       12       12       12       13       13       13         112       13       13       13       13       13       13       13       13         113       13       13       13       13       13       2.09       13         113       13       13       13       13       2.09       13       2.09         113       13       13       13       13       2.0       2.08       1.0       1.08         113       13       13       13       2.0       2.08       2.0	1001	102	8	æ	1.35 Gedney/2.0 Markor 4/1.0 "RBN"	110	1050
12       12       12       12       12         23       23       22       23       13       14         61       66       67       1.89       66       1.89         61       66       67       1.32       134       2.69         112       133       133       134       2.69       1.86         113       113       132       134       2.69       1.86         113       113       123       134       2.69       1.86         113       123       132       134       2.69       1.86         113       145       132       134       2.66       1.86         113       145       143       145       2.65       1.86         119       186       186       136       2.66       3.13         119       166       138       139       2.66       3.13         119       166       146       138       2.66       3.13         151       166       138       2.66       3.13       1.85         160       138       136       136       2.66       3.13         151       166	Transect #3:						
23       23       22       21       1.43         41       42       42       46       1.49         61       60       62       64       1.49         61       60       62       64       1.49         61       112       116       116       11.89         137       137       137       137       2.69         137       137       137       137       2.69         137       137       137       137       2.69         140       145       12       2.2       2.65         113       12       2.7       2.65       2.65         140       142       12       2.2       2.65         140       138       139       2.65       2.65         113       122       2.3       2.45       1.45         113       123       2.3       2.65       2.65         1140       138       139       2.26       2.45         113       138       123       2.25       2.45         113       138       123       2.26       2.45         119       118       136       2.25	105	12	12	0	1.88 S. edge S. Pier	65	250
41       42       46       1.89         61       60       62       64       1.89         61       60       62       64       1.89         112       112       116       116       1.89         129       133       133       136       1.89         137       133       136       1.86       1.86         137       133       136       136       1.89         137       133       136       137       2.09         140       113       132       136       2.09         145       140       138       137       2.05         140       138       139       2.265       2.45         140       138       139       2.265       2.45         113       112       123       2.265       2.45         113       112       123       2.265       2.45         1140       138       139       2.265       2.45         113       138       139       2.25       2.45         113       138       139       2.25       2.45         1141       140       138       139 <td< td=""><td>205</td><td>23</td><td>22</td><td>21</td><td>SV. corner</td><td>70</td><td>350</td></td<>	205	23	22	21	SV. corner	70	350
61     60     67     1.89       80     82     82     82     15       112     115     116     116     116       129     137     131     131     2.09       137     137     131     132     2.09       137     131     132     134     2.09       137     131     132     134     2.09       137     137     132     134     2.09       140     138     132     2.65     66       113     140     138     139     2.05       140     138     137     2.25     2.45       113     142     138     2.26       113     138     139     2.26       113     138     139     2.26       113     138     139     2.26       113     138     139     2.26       113     138     139     2.26       113     138     139     2.26       114     138     139     2.26       113     138     139     2.26       114     138     139     2.26       119     118     0.67     3.13       151     169	40S	4	42	46		75	909
80     82     82     82     112       112     115     116     116     116     116       129     131     131     131     131     2.09       137     131     131     131     131     2.09       137     131     132     131     2.09       137     131     12     131     2.09       137     131     12     132     2.09       138     133     130     2.03     2.06       145     141     12     13     2.05       113     112     133     133     2.05       140     138     139     2.05       141     142     143     145     2.05       113     112     123     2.05       114     138     139     2.06       115     138     139     2.26       116     118     106     3.13       119     118     138     139       119     118     106     3.13       151     150     170     1.92       151     150     170     1.92       151     150     170     1.92	60S	61	3	67	SW. corner	70	800
112     116     116     116     116       129     137     131     131     131     2.09       137     131     131     131     131     2.09       137     131     131     131     2.09       137     131     12     131     2.09       137     111     12     11     2.09       113     113     12     11     2.55       113     112     122     21     2.55       113     112     123     2.56       113     1138     139     2.66       1140     138     139     2.65       113     112     123     2.56       1140     138     139     2.66       1141     145     2.45     2.45       113     138     139     2.26       114     138     139     2.26       113     138     139     2.26       114     138     139     2.26       114     138     139     2.26       113     138     139     2.26       113     138     139     2.26       114     138     13     2.27       116     <	808	8	8	82	1.86 SW. corner S. Pier	75	1050
129       132       134       2.09         137       131       131       130       2.09         137       131       131       130       2.09         137       131       12       13       2.09         137       13       12       13       2.09         137       11       12       11       2.55         113       113       112       133       2.65         113       113       112       123       2.55         113       113       112       123       2.56         1145       138       139       2.66         1145       138       139       2.56         1140       138       139       2.56         119       138       139       2.26         119       138       139       2.26         119       138       139       2.26         119       118       80       82       3.13         151       169       170       1.92       1.92         151       150       170       1.92       1.93         151       150       170       1.92       1.92 </td <td>1105</td> <td>112</td> <td>116</td> <td>116</td> <td>S. edge</td> <td>65</td> <td>1200</td>	1105	112	116	116	S. edge	65	1200
131       131       131       130       2.08         11       12       11       12       11       2.57         11       12       11       12       11       2.57         11       12       11       12       11       2.57         113       113       112       123       2.56         113       112       138       139       2.66         113       112       138       139       2.56         113       112       123       2.56       66         113       112       123       2.66       67         1145       138       139       2.66       67       66         1140       138       139       2.26       5.11         119       118       109       88       82       3.13         119       118       106       3.13       1.92         119       118       106       3.19       1.92         151       150       170       1.92       1.93         151       151       151       1.92       1.93	NOEI	129	132	134	Marker 4/1.35	145	1300
41.       11       12       11       25         27       27       22       21       2.57         41       41       41       42       2.57         61       13       112       11       2.557         113       112       112       21       2.557         113       112       112       2.65       66         113       112       112       2.65       2.65         140       136       147       145       2.65         140       138       139       2.66       66         61       64       43       3.13       2.16         119       118       106       3.19       1.92         151       150       170       1.92       1.93         151       150       170       1.92       1.93	NOC 1	137	131	8	2.08 Marker 4/2.08 Edgewater	145	1350
11     12     11     2.551       27     27     22     21     2.551       41     41     41     42     2.551       61     58     62     2.65       113     113     112     123     2.565       113     112     123     2.65       113     112     123     2.65       1140     138     139     2.65       115     138     139     2.65       119     186     88     3.13       119     118     164     3.13       119     118     106     3.19       119     118     106     3.19       151     150     170     1.92       151     150     170     1.92	Transect #4:						
2%     22     21     2.55       41     41     41     42     2.65       66     58     62     2.65       113     112     123     2.66       145     141     12     123     2.66       145     141     145     2.65     66       145     147     145     2.66       146     138     139     2.66       147     145     2.45     2.65       148     149     145     2.45       149     138     139     2.26       119     181     80     82     3.13       119     118     166     3.19       171     169     170     1.92       151     150     170     1.92	105	Ξ	12	=	SW. corner	<b>6</b>	250
41     41     41     42     2.65       65     58     62     2.65       113     112     123     2.66       115     112     123     2.66       145     147     145     2.45       145     147     145     2.45       146     138     139     2.66       147     145     2.45     2.45       149     138     139     2.26       149     138     139     2.26       149     138     139     2.26       141     147     145     2.45       149     138     139     2.26       119     181     80     82     3.12       119     118     106     3.19       171     169     170     1.92       151     151     151     1.92	205	22	22	21	SM. corner S.	40	350
6.     58     62     2.65       79     85     83     2.66       113     112     123     2.70       145     147     145     2.45       140     138     139     2.66       140     138     139     2.45       140     138     139     2.45       141     145     2.45       142     24     23     2.45       149     138     139     2.26       141     145     2.45     2.45       143     147     145     2.45       149     138     139     2.26       119     118     106     3.19       171     169     170     1.92       151     151     151     1.93	40S	41.	ł	42	SM. corner S.	35	600
79 85 83 2.68 113 112 123 2.70 145 112 123 2.70 140 138 139 2.45 147 145 2.45 148 147 145 2.45 148 149 138 52 3.11 81 80 82 3.12 119 118 106 3.19 171 169 170 1.92 151 152 151 1.83	60S	6. L	58	62	SV. corner S.	35	800
113     112     123     2.70       145     147     145     2.45       140     138     147     22       140     138     139     2.26       141     145     2.45     2.45       142     24     22     At til       61     64     43     3.13       81     80     82     3.13       119     118     106     3.19       171     169     170     1.92       151     151     151     1.83	SOB	61	ይ	83	SW. COLNER S.	<del>Q</del>	1050
145     147     145     2.45       140     138     139     2.26       140     138     139     2.26       21     24     22     At ti       42     38     52     3.13       61     64     43     3.13       81     80     82     3.13       119     118     106     3.19       171     169     170     1.92       151     151     152     151	110S	113	112	123	SW. corner S.	45	1175
140     138     139     2.26       15:     21     24     22     At ti       42     38     52     3.11       61     64     43     3.13       81     80     82     3.13       119     118     106     3.19       171     169     170     1.92       151     151     152     151	145S	145	147	145		210	1350
<b>#</b> 5: 21 24 22 <b>At ti</b> 42 38 52 3.11 61 64 43 3.13 81 80 82 3.12 119 118 106 3.19 171 169 170 1.92 151 152 151 1.83	135N	140	138	139	2.26 Randell Pt./2.20 Edgewater/0.85 "RBN"	140	1500
21     24     22     At ti       42     38     52     3.11       61     64     43     3.13       81     80     82     3.12       119     118     106     3.19       171     169     170     1.92       151     152     151     1.83	- <b>4</b>						
42 38 52 3.11 61 64 43 3.13 81 80 82 3.12 119 118 106 3.19 171 169 170 1.92 151 152 151 1.83	205	21	24	22	tip of fuel docl	60	350
61 64 43 3.13 81 80 82 3.12 119 118 106 3.19 171 169 170 1.92 151 152 151 1.83	SO <b>t</b>	42	38	52	3.11 SW. corner S. Pier	40	600
81 80 82 3-12 119 118 106 3-19 171 169 170 1-92 151 152 151 1.83	605	61	64	43	SM. corner S.	45	800
119 118 106 3.19 171 169 170 1.92 151 152 151 1.83	808	8	8	82	SN.	45	1050
171 169 170 1.92 151 152 151 1.83	1105	611	118	106	SM. corner 3.		1200
151 152 151 1.83	1655	1/11	169	170	1.92 nearest shore Whidbey/0.63 tip fuel dock		1600
	145M	151	152	151	1.83 Edgewater/1.83 shore Clinton Dock	125	1500

Appendix Table 2 (cont.)

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	Depti	Depth (m)		Range warkers and distance (NM)	Compaga	Annrorimete
•	Start	Start	Bnd		heading	wire
Station #	set of net	tow	tow	(at start of net set)	(degrees magnetic)	out (ft.)
Transect #6:						
805	74	Ø.	64	0.33 SW. tip S. Pier	165	1050
BON	8	8	71		280	1050
80N	63	61	3	Marker 4	260	008
NON	ę	42	42	0.35 Marker 4/0.70 SW. corner S. Pier	260	600
ZON	21	21	21	0.37 Marker 4	250	350
10N	12	1	=	0.35 Marker 4	260	250
Transect #7:						
1005	102	8	86	0.80 SW. corner S. Pier	220	1100
1009	101	102	ŝ	1.20 Narker 4/1.26 SW. corner S. Pier	145	100
100N	102	<u>10</u>	101	"RBN"/0.33 Marker	155	0011
BON	80	61	64	1.5 "RBN"/0.53 Marker 3	120	1050
809	22	62	69	1.45 "RBM"	130	008
40N	42	₽	5	1.5 Marker 4/1.50 "RBN"	320	600
20N	22	গ্ন	16	1.60 "RBM"	00	350
NOT	Ħ	14	12	1.60 "RBN"	310	250
Non-Transect Stations	Stations:					
6	105	<del>1</del> 06	1.4	1.25 Marker 4/1.10 nearest shore E. of notch	310	1100
U	92	9	8	1.00 SW. corner S. Pier/1.34 shore Darlington		1050
a	104	<u>t</u> 03	õ	1.30 SW. corner S. Pier/1.46 Darlington	335	1100
<u>a.</u>	110	<u>8</u>	113	0.65 SW. corner S. Pier/0.40 shore at Transect	-	0011
	138	128	127	1.70 Marker 4/1.50 shore at Edgewater	145	1350
×	130	128	128	1.90 Marker 4/1.50 shore at Edgewater	145	1300

		START SET OF NET		TRAWL DEPTH	TH (m)
Station	Depth (m)	Radar Ranges (NM) and Markers	Approximate compass bearing	Start tow	End tow
Fourmile Rock:					
Station 1 Station 2 Station 3	178 168 163	1.05 Shore/1.57 SW Tip Pier 91 0.81 Shore/1.1 SW Tip Pier 91 0.85 Shore/1.0 SW Tin Pier 91	790 2350	168 178	160 181
				<u>8</u>	20
Station 1	91	0.7 Shore D. Head/1.2 NW Corner #46	180°	91	8
	89	Shore D.	1600	62	23
Station 3 Station 4	82	Shore D. Head/0.83 NN Corner #46	1300	78	13
Station 5	86	0.42) IIP TOGU DRYGOCK/0.04 NW COTDER #46 1.6 SW Pier 91/0.95 Duw. Head (nearest)	3100	<u>5</u> 5	60 124
Transect #1:					
105	12	/1.28	185 <sup>0</sup>	12	13
20S 40S	5	0.5 Notch/1.23 Alki O £ Notch/( 34 Alki	190°	21	20
BOS	8	Pt.	1750	<del>5</del> 8	56 X
Transect #2:					
10N	12	1.1 SW Tip Pier 91	1000	1	1
20N	2 2	M Tip Pier 9	285°	21	21
500	0	U.Y. SW TIP FIET YI	290%	72	e B

		START SET OF NET		TRAVL DEPTH	TH (m)
Station	Depth (m)	Radar Ranges (NM) and Markers	Approximate compass bearing	Start tow	End tow
PSDDA Site 1					
	168	0.98 Amarco Corner/1.82 Neill/1.35 Br. Pt.	125°	169	166
	169 1	1.18 Asarco Corner/2.0 Neill/1.15 Br. Pt.	1400	169	168
Station 4	121	1.4 Asarco Corner/1.8 Neill/1.0 Br. Pt. 1.58 Asarco Corner/1.82 Neill/0.82 Br. Pt.	140° 130°	168 169	168 167
PSDDA Site 2	••.				
Station 1 Station 2 Station 3	163 159 158	1.35 Asarco Notch/0.65 Shore 1.5 Asarco Notch/2.63 Neill/1.15 Br. Pt. 1.65 Asarco Notch/2.62 Neill/0.93 Br. Pt.	305° 305°	167 166 166	170 166 166
PSDDA Site 2B	 81				
Station 1 Station 2 Station 3	175 175 175	1.25 Amarco Corner/1.5 Neill/1.3 Br. Pt. 1.5 Amarco Corner/1.12 Br. Pt. 1.74 Amarco Corner/1.0 Br. Pt.	85° 100°	174 175 175	173 174 173
Transect #1:					-
10E	12	Br.	165°	Ξ	15
40E	4 7	0.09 Abeam Br. Pt.	1650	20 7 7	53
BOE	8	Abeam Br.	1800	र <u>छ</u>	<b>\$</b> ድ
40W	41	0.5 Asarco Corner	300°	60	<u>, 4</u>
20W	2	ASArco	300°	22	2 2
101	0	0.45 Asarco Corner	0000	•	1

Commencement Bay beam trawl station location data. The trawl depths are averages from those recorded from the Pohrmon and and and Appendix Table 4.

		START SET OF NET		TRAVL DEPTH (m)	(m) HT
Station	Depth (m)	Radar Ranges (NM) and Markers	Approximate compass bearing	Start tow	End tow
Transect #2	**				
105	14	0.48 End of Sitcum Waterway	120°	51	ur T
20S	22	0.28 Corner Pier 5	400	ر بر ار	5 8
40S	42	0.38 Corner Pier 5	00y	1 K 7 K	2 4 6
80S	82	1.0 N. Shore (E. of Br. Pt.)/0.95 S. Shore	2150	28	RB
1205	120	1.0 Shore Old Tacoma/1.0 Fr "B" (Hylebos)	205°	120	

Appendix Table 4 (Cont.)

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Appendix Table 5. Dungeness crab catches/hectare in Saratoga Passage during February and June, 1986. The averages listed in the table are means  $\pm$ 1 standard deviation. The station numbers for the transects indicate approximate trawl depth in meters and location where N = north, E = east and W = west. N.S. = not sampled.

	Dungene	ss Crab Catch/Hec	tare
	February	Jun	e
Station	Beam Trawl	Beam Trawl	Otter Trawl
PSDDA Site 2 (110M):			
Station 1	0	0	0
Station 2	0	õ	ŏ
Station 3	0	0	ŏ
Station 4	0	<u>N.S.</u>	N.S.
Average	0	0	0
Transect #1:			
10E	11.2	449.4	N.S.
20 <b>E</b>	0	0	4.5
40E	0	56.2	0
80E	0	37.5	ŏ
80W	1.9	18.7	N.S.
40W	0	18.7	0
20W	0	0	N.S.
10W	1.9	<u>18.7</u>	N.S.
Average	1.9 <u>+</u> 3.9	74.9 <u>+</u> 152.5	1.1 <u>+</u> 2.2
Transect #2:			
1 00 <b>N</b>	N.S.	0	N.S.
1 20N	N.S.	Ō	N.S.
115N	N.S.	0	N.S.
Avera <b>ge</b>		0	
Saratoga Pass Average	1.2 <u>+</u> 3.2	42.8 <u>+</u> 118.3	0.6 + 1.7

Appendix Table 6. Beam trawl shrimp catches/hectare in Saratoga Passage during February and June, 1986, and in Elliott and Commencement bays during February, June and September, 1986. The averages listed in the table are means + 1 standard deviation. The station numbers for the transects indicate approximate depths in meters and location where N = North, E = East, W = West and S = South. N.S. = not sampled.
ble 6.
ldix Tal
Appe

Arma/Statton Spot 3144 <u>Amaryod Passact</u> <u>Statton 51 0 1</u> 3141500 2 0 1 3141500 2 0 1 3141500 2 0 1										JUNE .									
0 5 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Sidestripe Coose	Coost 11 Ju	<b>j</b> 1	1	<b>Mayback</b>		Spot 51	Stidmatripe Coosstripe		a the	te i								
 		ſ																	
	71.5 21.5	 			• • •	997 778		9.5 0		i oo	9, <u>5</u> 9, 6, 0	, 009	93.6 112.4						
Average 0 31.2	91.2 2 10.9		511 F F 1	12.5 ± 10.0		<b>4.6</b> ± 0.4	?!   0	2.5 - 21.7		6.2 · 10.8	49-9 - 43-2	•	6.1 + 60.2						
<u>Transect (1 a</u> 100 0		•	9	•		•	c	' a		, e	1 6	•							
		• •	°.	¢.2	••	149.4			-			• • •							
					••	•••	. o 1			, a 1		•••			N.S				
			4.00 4.00	167.) 0	• •		••	•••			••								
121			\$	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	٠	•	9						
1208 1.5. 1208 1.5. 1151 1.5.							***	<u>-</u>	***		<b>1</b> 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	•••	\$10 Q			Stringer Stringer			
Saraloga by Average D 8.5	8.5 - 15.4	0 17.9	1.9 - 71.5 25.5 - 56.4	+-95 - 5-i	0 5	6 918 T 615	3.4 2 10.3 4	1.0 - 10.0 - 5.1 - 10.0 - 5.4 - 15.5 +1.5 - 78.5	1 - 10.0	5-4 - 15-5	41.5 - 78.5	•	1.8 . 5.4	Spot Sidestries Chometries	Chonetzt an	<b>Bace th</b> at a t	Plak	Hum Deach	114
			c	•		•					I				•				
	975 975				, o o	25		- <del>6</del> - 6			2.9 2.9		3.26		 ,	• • •		30	n e
	4			HB.7 _ 32.4		13.7 ± 39.0	-   0		•		143-6 + 50-2		1.47 + 8.17.1	1 8	1	<b>o</b>   a			
:(151) fei 191);				Į		1		:			1					•			
••	1.0.	~x 0 0	71.5 262.2	167.J	• •	243.5	•	• •	• •	0	93.6	•			0	0	112.4	°,	131.1
				925.a	00	1158	2		, 0		, , ,			0 ¥	• •	 0		0 e	19. L
Station 5 1.3.		ĺ	-		ļ			i	 			I		56.2 0	00	1.0	1 6 1 Z	- Eo	
٥	6.2 <u>-</u> 10.6	9 112.4	112.4 2 129.7	0.8(1 ÷ 0.18)	•	300.0 <u>-</u> 61.6 18	18-7 ± 18-8	0	9 9	18.7 ± 18.8	1127-1120	۰	el .2 🛓 to.e	15.0 ± 24-4 11.2 ± 25.1		· •	2	3-1- 	
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~ ~		•	••	• •	• •	0 10.7		• •	• 0	00			• • •					5 Q (	5
							• •	• •	1 <b>6</b> .7	• •	10.7	> o	1.4		•	90	18.7	0 <i>2</i>	0 19.7
•• <b>/</b> 2•		318.4	¢	ø	•	318.4	¢	0	•	ę	0	9	o		q	c	¢	¢	-
0 ×			•	•	•	6-92	° 5	• •	00	• •	••	<b>Q</b> 0	° 5	00 2.2	6.9 6.9	000		900	- 

Appendix Table 6. ( Continued ).

			5	FEMMAN 1																	
area/Station	Spot St	Spot Sidestripe Coosstripe			Plak	Kunpteck	Ē	A pot	Spot Stånateipe	Coonatri pe	and the second	1814	Humehick	1				Self-TEADER Smooth			
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Station J	•	0	•	•	7	•	2:5	¢	0	• •	• •	0			• •	16.7 0	۰.	•	5-2	• •	9.6
		1	ł	ļ		1			İ	ł	ł		•	•				• •	5-65	•	5.15
L'ICTA C	•	•	•	•	1.2 - 0.0	• •	56.2 2 0.0	25.0 + 43.2	0	•	9	14 - 6.68	-	0 . T . D . T	ł •		Ņ	4		<b>&gt;</b>	
P3004 Site 2 (165m);											•				Ş	0,0 1 1 10,0	•	•	5642 ± 34.2	•	65.5 2.32.4
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Station 2	P	18.7	0	• •		••															
Station 3	  -	•	어	Pİ	•	- -	0								4 4 1 1						
All a reason			•	4																	
			•	>		•	0.7 ± 47.1	I							;						
	(1630) -																				
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	j							•	여	이	이	31.5	- -	31.5	0	20		• •	74.4	• •	6-6H
Average	t							۰	0	0	•	69.7 · 28.6	۰	10.7 1 20.6			•			4	
Trusset (1)												)		1			•		MULT - 47.2	•	11.2 ± 65.8
호 ·	.s.							¢	a	Ĩ	<	c			4						
	••	q	~~ K	•	•	Q	37.5	¢	0	•	00	• •	• •			• •	1.001	••	0		1-1-201
ģ								•	••	0	0	¢	•	• •	• 0	• •					<b>9</b> .6
TON	0	•	2.4	•	•	•	2.9		<b>,</b> c	• •	•	•	•	•	•	•	0	• •	20.2		, C
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R.	•	•	74.9	•	0	•	6.12	•	• •	••	>0	, o	• •	3 O			~ *	•	a .	•	? ≸
Transet (2.														ı	I	,	\$	•	5		2
ŝ	•	0	•	•	•	٩	0	0	e	c	4	ç			,						
202	•	0		•	•	•	0	0	• •		• •	• •				••	71 X	2	¢	¢	2
			•	12.4	•	0	112.4	¢	•	•	2.5	• •	0	2.2	• •				0,	ç	
202				, ,	~ ~	• •	, . * F	• •	• •	• •	и.5	•	0	31.5	•	. 0			, 8 	• =	
	۱					1			•	   	•	•	ı اہ	0	)  -	   	-	0		• •	
Commencement May	0	2.3 . 6.6	15.0 - 2.7		N.1 + 7.4	1			ç											: d	
I				7-5 - 29-0					2			20.1 - 21.9	2 2	1.1 _ 43.2	6.6 0.0	10.0 kg.	5 243.4 5	1 9.1 <u>.</u> 5.	29.1 ± 43.2 0.0 3.9 ± 10.0 60.5 ± 243.4 5.2 ± 7.6 53.0 ± 114.6	0'0	120.2 • 2.021
																					I

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i	in meters and location where $E = East and W =$	ation where E	Exast and W	une transec West. N.S.	:t station numbers indicate depth = Not Sampled,	rs indicate d	epth	
Station	Spot Prawn	Sidestripe Shrimp	Coonstripe Shrimp	Smooth Pink Shrimp	Pink Shrimp	Humpback Shrimp	Flexed Shrimp	
<u>Saratoga Passage, June 1986:</u>	- 1 <u>986</u> :							
PSDDA 2, Sta. 1	0	54.0	0	C	1 89	c	c	
2, Sta.	0	18.0	0	) a	1.59		-	
PSDDA 2, Sta. 3	0	90.1	0	• •	1.00			
1, 40	0	0	0	0	10	<b>)</b> C		
<b>I</b> , 20	0	0	0	0	0			
1, 40	• •	°,	0	0	4.5	0	0	
ITANSECT 1, 3U E	-	4.5	0	0	99.1	0	0	
Average ( <u>+</u> l S.D.)	0	23.8 ± 35.2	0	0	45.7 + 43.4	0	0	
Elliott Bay, June 1986:								
PSDDA 1, Sta. 1	36.0	0	0	301.8	126.1	5 7	c	11
l, Sta.	0	18.0	0	0	4.5			.5
ι,	0	0	0	0	261.3	) <b>0</b>	00	
2, Sta.	4.5	27.0	0	0	63.1	0	0	
2, Sta.	0 '	22.5	0	0	40.5	0	0	
PSDDA Z, Sta. 3	-	9.0	0	0	117.1	0	0	
Average ( <u>+</u> 1 S.D.)	6.8 ± 14.4	12.8 ± 11.5	0	50.3 ± 123.2	$102.1 \pm 90.5$	$0.8 \pm 1.8$	0	
Elliott Bay, September 1986:	1986:							
PSDDA 1, Sta. 1	. 40.5	13.5	0	0	252.3	0.0	C	
l, Sta.	N.S.	N.S.	N.S.	N.S.	N.S.	N.S.	o s N	
l, Sta.	0	0	0	0	567.6	0	0	
l, Sta.	193.7	0	0	0	1,747.7	22.5	0	
PSDDA 1, Sta. 5 PSDDA 2, Sta. 1	18.U 9.0	18.0 13.5	00	0.6	680.2 2	0	0	
Ē			•	5	5	Ð	0	

Number of shrimp caught/hectare by <u>otter</u> trawl in Saratoga Passage in June and Elliott and Commencement Bays in June and Sentember 1986. The transact station numbers indicare donth Appendix Table 7.

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Appendix Table 7 (cont	(continued):							
Station	Spot Prawn	Sidestripe Shr1mp	Coonstripe Shrimp	Smooth Pink Shrimp	Pink Shrimp	Humpback Shrimp	Flexed Shrimp	
PSDDA 2, Sta. 2 PSDDA 2, Sta. 3	0 4.5	103.6 76.6	00	00	45.0 31.5	00	00	1
Average (+ 1 S.D.)	38.0 ± 70.1	32.2 ± 40.9	0	1.3 ± 3.4	474.9 ± 622.8	4.5 + 8.6	0	
Commencement Bay, June 1986:	1986:							
PSDDA 1. Sta. 1	4.5	0	c	5 Y		¢		
ì	0	, .			1.022	⇒ ¢	<b>ə</b> (	
l, Sta.	0	0	0	4.5	243.2		<b>-</b> -	
2B, Sta.	0	4.5	0	0	130.6	00		
2B, Sta.	0	22.5	0	0	108.1	ò		
, Sta.	0	13.5	0	0	436.9	) O		
<b>.</b>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Transect 1, 40 E	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Average	0.6 ± 1.6	6.8 ± 8.0	0	$1.1 \pm 2.1$	185.2 ± 156.0	0	0	
Commencement Bay, Septe	September 1986:							11
PSDDA 1, Sta. 1	N.S.	. N.S.	N.S.	N.S.	S N	U Z	у У	6
PSDDA 1, Sta. 2	0	76.6	0	0	310.8			
ī,	9.0	85.6	0	0	378.4	0	) O	
1, S	0	94.6	0	0	414.4	0	0	
2B,	0	99.1	0	0	387.4	0	, 0	
Sta.	4.5	67.6	0	0	297.3	0	0	
, Sta.	0	162.2	0	0	409,9	0	0	
1, 20	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Transect 1, 40 E	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Average ( <u>+</u> 1 S.D.)	1.7 ± 3.3	74.1 ± 52.1	0	0	$274.8 \pm 174.8$	0	0	

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		Dungeness Crab/1000m <sup>2</sup>	ab/1000m <sup>2</sup>		
Station*	Females with eggs	Females without eggs	Males	All crabs	Comments
Navy Disposal Site: (80m)					
Station 1 Station 2 Station 3	9.4 28.1 24.3	6.1 0 9.1	0 0 6.1	11.2 28.1 28.1	60 gal. mud, wood, debris 50 gal. mud, wood, trash 30 gal. wood, trash
Average	20.6 <u>±</u> 9.9 <sup>+</sup>	1.3 +1.1	0.6 ± 1.1	22.5 ± 9.8	
PSDDA Site 2:(120m)	(20m)				
Station 1 Station 2 Station 3	0 0 <b>6</b> . [	000	000	00°.	5 gal. wood, debris 2 gal. fish, detritus 2 gal. fish, detritus
Average	0.6 ± 1.1	0.0	0.0	0.6 ± 1.1	
<u>PSDDA Site 1: (160m)</u>	60m)				
Station 1 Station 2 Station 3	000	000	000	000	l gal. wood, detritus l gal. worm tubes, detritus l gal. worm tubes
Average	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	

algae, wood, trash algae, wood, detritus algae, detritus algae, detritus Comments wood, detritus algae, wood wood, crabs rock, shell crabs gal. gal. gal. gal. gal. gal. gal. gal ga l <u>ga</u> ] gaj gal ga] ga] ga ] ~ <u>50</u>2~  $\infty$ All crabs 11.6 ± 6.1 3.3 ± 7.3 11.0 ± 14.6 15.0 7.5 15.0 1.9 9.4 1.9 30.0 16.8 35.5 0 <u>م</u> م 2.7 ± 5.0 Males Dungeness Crab/1000m<sup>2</sup> 20.6 5.6 00000 000000 without eggs **Females** 1.1 ± 1.5 2.1 ± 3.1 0.00°.00 7.5 00003.7 Appendix Table 8 (continued) with eggs Females 7.8 ± 7.3 5.6 ± 10.7 20.6 20.6 11.8 11.8 2.6 3.8 3.8 و. ا و. ا Transect #1 Transect #2: Station<sup>\*</sup> Transect #3: Average 10-5 20-5 80-5 80-4 80-4 80-4 Average 10-5 20-5 80-5 80-5 120-M

fish; bent beam, torn net wood, starfish, bottles wood, starfish, bottles algae, eelgrass, shell clay balls, rock, wood wood, detritus, shell worm tubes, detritus mud, wood, detritus wood, detritus algae, eelgrass wood, worm tubes wood, trash worm tubes gal. gal. gal. ga] gal gal gal - 52 20 8 - 52 25 8 1.3 ± 2.8 5.6 ± 5.8 11.2 1.9 3.7 15.0 ంంల్లం ; l + 6; 2.4 ± 3.5 9.4 00 Average 10-5 20-5 40-5 80-5 120-8 150-N

(continued)
80
Table
ppendix <sup>-</sup>
Ap

		Dungeness Crab/1000m <sup>2</sup>	.ab/1000m <sup>2</sup>	·	
Station*	Fennales with eggs	Females without eggs	Males	All crabs	Comments
Transect #4:					
10-S	0	0	1.9	1.0	nal rock algae
20-S	30.0	11.2	13.1	54.3	gal.
80-S	16.9		۶. ۲.	3.8 18.8	gal. Ieo
120-S 175_c	2.6	00	0	5.6	
160 - N	0°.	οó		0 .6	2 gal. worm tubes, detritus l gal. worm tubes
Average	8.0 ± 11.3	1.6 ± 4.2	2.7 ± 4.7	12.3 ± 19.5	
<u>Transect #5</u> :					
20-5	0	1.9	5.6	7 5	
40-S	1.9	-	3.7		luu yal, wuud cnips 30 gal, wood, algae
80-S	5.6	9. 6.		7.5	gal. wood,
200-S	4•0 0	۰. ۲			l. detritus, fi
175-M	0	0	00		2 gal. worm tubes, detritus 2 gal. worm tubes, heart urchins
Åverage	2.8 ± 3.9	1.0 ± 1.0	1.6 ± 1.5	5.3 ± 4.5	
Iransect #6:					
80-S	18.7	18.7	0	27.4	gal.
40 - N	40.0	3./ 13.1	⊃ <del>6</del> .	48.7 33.7	10 gal. wood. cans 25 gal. wood. trash
20-N 10-N	3.7	0 9. <b>4</b>	5.6 7.5	9.3 20.6	wood.
Average	16.5 ± 7.1	9.0 ± 7.4	4.5 ± 4.3	29.9 ± 15.3	

Appendix Table 8 (continued)

		Dungeness Crab/1000m <sup>2</sup>	rab/1000m <sup>c</sup>		
Station*	Females with eggs	Females without eggs	Males	All crabs	Comments
ransect #7:					
100-S	9.4 0.1	00	00	9.4	
N-001	2.0		20	ۍ د ۲	3 gal. worm tubes, wood
80-N	8.5	0	• •	2 C	<u>.</u>
40-N	54.3	3.7	1.9	59.9	
20-N	43.1	7.5	6.1	52.5	
N-01	7.5	13.1	1.9	22.5	<u>:</u>
Average	18.6 ± 20.9	3.5 ± 5.1	0.8 ± 1.0	22.9 ± 23.7	

\* Station numbers for the transects indicate depth in meters plus location where N=north, S=south, and M=middle

t Mean ±1 standard deviation.

Appendix Table 9.	Dungeness Crah D In Port Gardner	ensities Per H During April,	Dungeness Crab Densities Per Hectare Calculated From Beam Trawl Catches In Port Gardner During April, 1986.	eam Irawl Catches
Station <sup>1</sup>	Females	Males	All Crabs	Substrate Comments
Navy Disposal Site (80m)				
Station 1	477	19	496	20 gal. Wood, Debris, Bottles
Station 2	439	0	439	20 gal. Wood, Bark, Cans
Station 3	229	0	229	10 gal. Wood, Shell, Debris
Average	382 ± 134 <sup>2</sup>	6 <del>+</del> 11	333 ± 141	
PSDDA Site 2 (110m)				
Station 1	33	0	38	5 gal. Wood, Detritus
Station 2	19	C	19	30 gal. Wood
Station 3	0	0	0	3 gal. Wood Chips
Average	19 ± 19	0.0	19 ± 19	.21
PSDDA Site 1 (130m)				
Station 1	Û	0	0	2 gal. Wood, Detritus, Worm Tubes
Station 2	0	0	0	· 1 gal. Detritus
Station 3	0	0	0	1 gal. Worm Tubes
Average	0.0	0.0	0.0	

Table Appendix 9. (continued)	Dungeness Crab Densities Per Hectar In Port Gardner During April, 1986.	ensities Per He During April, ]	sities Per Hectare Calculated From Beam Trawl Catches ring April, 1986.	eam Trawl Catches
Station	Females	Males	All Crabs	Comments
Transect #1				
10-5	38	38	76	] dal HI VA Hond Chine
20-S	19	19	38	1 gal HIVA Hood Chico
40-S	19	0	19	n dal III VA Wood Chine
80-S	. 95	0	95	10 Cal III VA Mond Rotting
100-M	0	0	0	12 Gal Hond Mid
80-N	57	0	57	2 Dal Detritus Wood Chine
40-N	N.S. <sup>3</sup>	<u>N.S.</u>	N.S.	
Average	38 ± 34	10 ± 16	48 ± 36	
Transect #2				
10-S	57	19	76	5 gal. Zostera. III VA
20-S	57	0	57	20 gal, UIVA
40-S	38	0	38	4 gal. ULVA. Wood. Shell
80-S	76	0	76	8 gal. Wood. Debris, Cans
110-S	0	C	0	5 gal, Wood, Detritus
110-M	0	0	0	qal.
130-N	0	0	0	
100-N	19	0	19	l qal. Mood
Average	31 ± 30	2 ± 7	33 ± 33	

Table Appendix 9. (continued)	Dungeness Crab Densiti In Port Gardner During	Densities Per During April,	Dungeness Crab Densities Per Hectare Calculated From Beam Trawl Catches In Port Gardner During April, 1986.	Beam Irawl Catches
Station	Fema les	Males	All Crabs	Comments
Transect #3				
10-S	38	19	57	6 dal II VA Shell Rottles
20-S	38	0	38	
40-S	115	0	115	30 dal Hond Dock Doct Doct
8 <b>0-</b> 5	95	0	95	7 Gal. Hond
110-5	0	0	0	20 Gal Flav Ralls Hood
130-M	0	0	0	Logue day 04115, MUCU 1 dal Natritur Hourn Tubor
130-N	19	0	19	i gal Horm Tubec
Average	44 ± 45	3 + 7	46 - 45	
Transect #4				
10-S	19	38	57	2 ga]. Zostera, HLVA, Shell
20-S	0	0	0	123 LLCAS POOR UNHI LEO
40-S	19	0	19	HIVA MOOD BATTLOC
80-S	191	19	210	3 Gal. II VA Wood Fars
110-S	19	0	19	. Leo
145-S	0	0	0	. leb
135-N	0	0	0	qa].
Average	35 ± 69	8 ± 15	44 - 76	5
Transect #5				
20-5	57	0	57	30 Gal HEVA Time Hood Shell
40-S	19	19	38	50 cal Wood Chine Gravel
80-S	115	0	115	filling Rock Gravel Rottlar
110-S	0	0	0	3 dal. Mud. Pea Gravel Wood
165-5	0	0	0	2 dal blood Chine Worm Tuttor
145-M	0	q	0	
Average	32 ± 46	3 - 3	35 ± 46	

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	un rort wardner Du	During April, 1986.	1986.	
Station	Fema l es	Males	All Crabs	Comments
Iransect #6				
80-S	191	0	191	ICAD FOOT AV HI LEO DA
80-M	573	19	592	25 Gal Mood Dobwic Dotting
40-N	248	57	305	20 gal: Mood, Debris, Buttles 20 gal Wood Dottloc
20-N	210	19	229	4 dal Wood Dotwitte
10-N	229	19	248	2 dal Wood China
Average	290 ± 160	23 ± 21	313 ± 161	- dat . wood cittles
Transect #7				
100-5	57	0	57	4 na) HIVA Wood Chine
100-M	38	0	38	2 Gal Detritue How Tuber
100-N	38	0	38	gal: betritue, worm jupes nal Antritue
80-N	76	0	76	
40-N	153	0	153	2 dal Hood Chine
20-N	114	0	114	 [en
10-N	19	19	33	0.1 dal Detritus Shell
Average	71 ± 47.7	3 ± 7	73 ± 45	
Grand Average	. 79 ± 122	6 ± 12	85 ± 127	

Station numbers for the transacts indicate depth in meters plus location where N = North. M = Middle, S = South

Mean ± 1 Standard Diviation

N.S. = Not Sampled

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		Densitv/Hectare	a re	
Station	Females	Males	All crabs	Substrate comments
Navy Disposal Site (80m)	(m)			
Station 1	375	47	421	40 gal. wood, cans, crabs, debris
Station 2	543	75	618	50 gal. wood, cans, crabs
Station 3	431	37	<u>468</u>	10 gal. wood, crabs, debris
Average	450 <u>+</u> 86 <sup>2</sup>	53 ± 20	502 + 103	
PSDDA Site 2 (110m)				
Station 1	0	0	0	1 gal. wood, detritus
Station 2	0	0	0	1 gal. worm tubes, wood
Station 3	0	0	0	1 gal. wood, detritus
Average	0	0	0	
PSDDA Site 1 (130m)				
Station 1	0	0	0	2 gal. worm tubes, detrital kelp
Station 2	0	0	0	1 gal. worm tubes
Station 3	0	0	0	2 gal. worm tubes
Average	0	0	0	

	Fenales	Males	All Crabs	Comments
Transect #1				
10 <del>-</del> S	0	56	56	3 gal. <u>Ulva</u> , wood
20-S	19	77	56	20 gal. Ulva
40-S	19	0	. 61	10 gal. wood, Ulva
80-S	169	0	169	6 gal. wood, <u>Ulva</u>
100-M	0	0	0	2 gal. detritus
80N	918	0	918	8 gal. detritus
40-N	N.S. <sup>3</sup>	N.S.	N.S.	
Average	188 <u>+</u> 364	16 ± 25	203 + 355	
Transect #2				,
10-S	61	0	19	15 gal. Ulva, wood
20-S	19	0	19	20 gal. <u>Ulva</u> , wood
40-S	. 61	0	19	5 gal. wood, shell, <u>Ulva</u>
80-S	94	0	\$	20 gal. wood, gravel
110-S	112	0	112	10 gal. pea gravel, wood
110-M	19	0	19	2 gal. Ulva, wood, worm tubes
130-N	31	0	37	2 gal. wood chips, worm tubes
100-N	56	0	<u>56</u>	1 gal. wood chipe, detritue
Average	47 ± 37	0	47 + 37	

	Coments		3 gal. wood, Ulva, shell	25 gal. wood chips, Ulva	15 gal. wood chips	5 gal. wood chipe, cans, bottles	8 gal. clay balls	1 gal. wood, worm tubes	2 gal. wood, worm tubes, kelp			3 gal. Ulva, detritus	15 gal. vood, Ulva, shell	30 gal. wood, bottles	4 gal. wood, cans	2 gal. pea gravel, wood	2 gal. worm tubes, wood	1 gal. worm tubes, heart urchins	
	All crabs		o	37	75	56	37	0	0	29 <u>+</u> 30		56	57	75	75	56	0	0	43 ± 32
	Males		0	0	19	0	0	0	0	3 ± 7		37	37	19	0	19	0	0	16 ± 17
(Continued)	Females		0	37	56	56	37	0	9	27 ± 26		19	0	56	75	37	0	0	<i>21</i> ± 30
Appendix Table 10 (Continued)		Transect #3	10-S	20S	40-S	80-S	110-S	130-M	130-N	Average	Transect #4	10-5	2 <b>0-</b> 5	40-S	80-S	110-5	145-S	1 35 - N	Average

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	Fenales	Males	All crabs	Comments
Transect #5				
20-S	<b>94</b>	37	131	20 gal. pea gravel, <u>Ulva</u>
40-S	75	0	75	40 gal. wood, bottles, gravel, debris
80-S	56	0	56	25 gal. wood, bottles, gravel
110-S	19	0	. 19	3 gal. worm tubes, wood, pea gravel
165-S	. <b>O</b>	0	0	2 gal. worm tubes, wood, heart urchins
145-M	°	0	0	2 gal. worm tubes, heart urchins
Åverage	41 ± 40	6 <u>+</u> 15	47 ± 51	
Transect #6				
80-3	22	19	75	50 gal. wood
<b>80-M</b>	262	0	262	15 gal. wood, cans
40-N	206	0	206	20 gal. wood
20-N	281	61	300	4 gal. wood chips
N-01	112	61	13	3 gal. bottles, wood
Average	183 + 97	11 + 10	1 OC	

Transect #7				
100-5	104	52	156	10 gal. wood, cans
100-M	•	0	0	2 gal. worm tubes, wood chips
100-N	449	19	468	4 gal. detritus
80-N	206	0	206	2 gal. wood chips, cans
40-N	225	19	244	10 gal. wood chips
20-N	337	0	337	7 gal. wood
10-N	19	0	<u>61</u>	1/2 gal. detritus
Average	191 ± 165	13 ± 19	204 ± 167	
GRAND AVERAGE	104 ± 171	10 ± 18	10 ± 18 114 ± 178	

Appendix Table 10 (Continued)

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Station numbers for the transects indicate depth in meters plus location where N = north, M = middle, and S = south. ----

2 Mean <u>+</u> 1 standard deviation.

3 N.S. = not sampled.

Appendix Table 11. Dungeness crab densities per hectare calculated from <u>beam trawl</u> catches in Port Gardner during September, 1986. Station <u>numbers</u> for the transects indicate depth in meters plus location where N=North, M=Middle, and S=South. The averages are means <u>+</u>1

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Station	Fèmales	<u>Density/Hectare</u> Males	re All Crabs	Substrate Comments
Navy Hisposal Site (80m)				
1 1 1	Ľ	c		
Station ?	06 211		رب 11	gal. wood,
Station 3	61	0	6	hu gar. wood, debris 15 gal. wood, debris
Ανεικατίε	76 ± 51	:   -	76 ± 51	
PSDDA_2 (110m)				
station	D1	c	01	-
Station 2	5	s c	29	wood tuber
Station 4	0	- C	0	2 gal. worn tures wood cnips 2 gal. wood, shell
Average		¦ 0	 11 + 11	
PSDDA 1 (130m)	I		I	
		4	1	
Station C	= <u>c</u>	-	= [	[ gal. worm tubes, shell
Station 3	91	00	26	I gal. worm tubes, shell 0.5 gal. worm tubes, wood
Average	25 ± 29	0	25 ± 29	
<u>Transect #1</u>				
10-5	61	38	57	3 nal alnae wood dotritud
20-S	57	3 5	76	a dat arda <b>t word</b> the fill.
40-S	[6]	0	161	gəl.
80-5 100-M	248 05	<u>6</u>	267 25	gal. wood,
N-08			ť.	ZU gal, wood, debris 5 gal wood, debris
40-N		not sampled		
Ανρεταιμο	102 + 99	 13 + 16	 114 + 97	
	1	1	1	

Appendix Table 11 (continued)

		- +		
Station	Fema les	Males	All Crabs	Substrate Comments
Iransect #2				
2-01	q	ų,	ć	
20-5	210	2	38 2 <b>4</b> 9*	gal, alqae,
40-S	153	jo	5	
80-5	305	0	305	25 gal, wood, alose, rlav halls
	o ç	0	0	gal.
130-N	er Er	0 0	38	
N-001	çc	.0	°,0	l qal. detritus, shell 2 qal. wood chips
Average	95 <u>+</u> 114	6 <del>+</del> 6	103 7 119	
Iransect #3				
2-01 2-0-0	0 9	6	61	
	38 543		86	
80-5	65		3/C	
110-5	57	; 0	57	o gar, ruck, algae, detritus 3 gal, wood -aloae
130-M	76	0	<u>76</u>	
130-N	61	0	61	
			ł	
Average	120 ± 194	6 <del>7</del> 5	125 ± 199	
Transect #4				
10-S	61	_	01	
20-5	8	98	292	fyal.diyde, Sneli Dioal.alnao.wwwf.chall
40-5	172	38	210	
80*5 110-5	115	00	115	[ef
145-S		> <u>a</u>	20	8
135-N	90	20	<u></u>	c gal, algae, worma tubes 1 gal, worma tubes, wood chips
			ļ	
Average	76 ± 69	14 <u>+</u> 18	90 ± 75	

tinued)
11 (contin
t Table
Appendix

Station	<u>Density/Hectare</u> Females Males	<u>/Hectare</u> Males	All Crabs	Substrate Comments	Comments
Transect #5					
20-S 40-S	76 496	57	- 133 553	20 gal. 30 gal.	algae, gravel, wood, shell wood, rock, algae
80-5 110-5 166-6	95 153	ရွင	114 153		wood, algae, róck, debris wood, detritus
145-M	00	00	00	l gal. ] gal.	worm tubes worm tubes
Average	137 ± 186	22 ± 28	159 ± 204		
<u>Transect #6</u>					
80-S 80-M	76 191	<u>6</u> 0	95 191	ga].	algae, wood, cans wood debris cans
40-N 20-N 10-N	38 38	000	92 92 88	• • •	wood, debris wood, detritus detritus
Average	80 ± 67	4 + 8 8 + 1	 84 ± 67	• • •	

Station	<u>Dens</u> Fema les	<u>Density/Hectare</u> Males	<u>e</u> All Crabs	Substrate Comments
Transect #7				
100-S 100-M	76 38	00	76 38	40 gal. wood chips, bottles, cans
100-N	000	) C C C	308	2 gal. wood, detritus
40-N	229	<u>, o</u>	229	<pre>3 gal.wood, cans 1 gal.wood, detritus, shell</pre>
N-OZ	95 76	00	95 76	<pre>4 gal.wood, shell 0.5 gal.detritus, shell</pre>
Average	10 <u>3 ± 8</u> 5	3 + 7	10 <u>6 +</u> 89	
GRAND AVERAGE	92 ± 113	8 <u>+</u> 15	100 <del>-</del> 119	

Appendix Table 11(continued)

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\*Includes | young-of-the-year (unsexed) crab, 9.0mm carapace width.

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Appendix Table 12. Dunger extra means	less crab stations <u>+</u> ] stand	crab densities per h ions in Port Gardner standard deviation.	ectare calcu during Septe	lated fror ember, 198	densities per hectare calculated from <u>beam trawl</u> catches at in Port Gardner during September, 1986. The averages are lard deviation.
Station	Females	<u>Density/Hectare</u> Males	e All Crabs	Substra	Substrate Comments
West of Navy Site					
Úù ∢¢	19 0	00	19	8 8	•
Station C ( 90m)	- 88	ЭC	38 C	l gāl	al. worm tubes, wood al. detritus, wood chins
	38 38	0 (	38	ία Γ	_
Station E (110m) Station F (110m)	38 C	00	0 <del>8</del>	ga    bg /	• •
Average	22 ± 19	C	2 <u>7 +</u> 19		
East of PSDDA Site 1					
Station G (130m) Station H (130m)	61 0	00	6[ 0	60 90 90	gal. wood, shell gal. wood, shell
Between Mukilteo and Pic	cnic Point				
Station ] - 40m	6L	00	وا م		, woud,
• •	000	00			. wood,
। । र र	38	00	98 O	10 gal 3 gal	
Station 4 - 40m Station 4 - 80m	00	00	00	5 gal 20 gal	
Average	8 <u>+ 15</u>	0	<u>8 +</u> 15		

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Appendix Table 13,	Commercial shrimp densities per hectare in Port Gardner calculated from <u>beam traw</u> catches in February and April, 1986.

STATION <sup>1</sup>	FEBRUARY	APRIL	
<u>Navy Disposal Site</u> (80m	)		
Station 1	95	ŋ	
Station 2	1,069	0	
Station 3	935		
Average	700 + 528	0	
<u>PSDDA Site 2</u> (110m)			
Station 1	76	19	
Station 2	76	0	
Station 3	_95	19	
Average	32 + 11	13 ± 11	
PSDDA Site 1 (130m)			
Station 1	0	38	
Station 2	0	95	
Station 3	_ 0_	57	
Average	0	63 + 29	
Transect #1			
10 <b>-</b> \$	0	0	
20-S	0	0	
40-S	57	0	
80-S	57	38	
100-M	19	57	
80-N	248	0	
40-N	_95	<u>N.S.<sup>3</sup></u>	
Average	68 - 87	16 - 25	
Transect #2			
10-S	0	0	
20-5	95	19	
40-S	0	0	

Appendix Table 13.	Commercial shrimp densities per nectare
(Cont'd.)	in Port Gardner calculated from beam trawl catches in February and April, 1986.

STATION 1	FEBRUARY	APRIL	
Transect #2			
80-S	229	0	
110-S	57	19	
110-M	38	19	
130-N	76	19	
100-N	267	19	
Average	95 ± 100	12 + 10	
Transect #3			
10-S	0	0	
20 <b>-</b> S	0	0	
40-S	0	0	
80-S	0	0	
110-S	134	57	
130-M	76	19	
130-N	57	19	
verage	38 + 53	14 - 21	
ransect #4			
10-S	95	0	
20-S	0	0	
40-S	19	0	
80-S	191	0	
110-S	115	115	
145-S	76	38	
135-N		0	
verage	84 - 63	<u> </u>	

Appendix Table 13.	Commercial shrimp densities per hectare
(Cont'd.)	in Port Gardner calculated from beam trawl catches in February and April, 1986.

STATION 1	FEBRUARY	APRIL	
Transect #5	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
10-S	229	0	
40-S	897	38	
80-S	153	115	
110-S	38	30	
165-S	38	19	
145-M	0	38	
Average	226 + 340	40 <u>+</u> 39	
Transect #6			
80 <b>-</b> 5	57	38	
80-M	172	0	
40-N	76	19	
20-N	19	0	
10-N	0	0	
lverage	65 + 67	<u>    11  +</u> 17	
Transect <u>#7</u>			
100-S	267	0	
100-M	57	19	
100-N	210	38	
80-N	195	0	
40-N	0	0	
20-N	19	0	
10-N	0	0	
verage	107 ± 113	8 + 15	
rand Average	123 <u>+</u> 218	19 <u>+</u> 28	

Station numbers for the transects indicate depth in meters plus locations where N = North, M = Middle, S = South.

Appendix Table 13. Commercial shrimp densities per nectare in Port Gardner calculated from beam trawl catches in February and April, 1986,

- <sup>2</sup> Mean <sup>±</sup> 1 Standard Diviation
- <sup>3</sup> N.S. = Not Sampled

F	Feburary	ry 1986	April	<u></u>
Station <sup>1</sup>	<u>Cancer magister</u>	Commercial shrimp	<u>Cancer magister</u>	Commercial shrimp
Navy Disposal Site (80m)				
Station 1	27	976	- -	÷
Station 2 Station 3	÷ ۵	108	0 14	90 131
		216	32	117
Average	$21 \pm 10^2$	138 ± 70	15 ± 6	113 ± 21
PSDDA Site 2 (110m)				•
	00	505 410	00	50
Station 3	0	149	00	36 27
Average	0	355 ± 134	0	38 ± 12
PSDDA Site 1 (130m)				•
Station 1	Ĵ	86	c	č
Station 2 Station 3	0	162	00	36 27
		158	0	6
Average	2 ± 3	135 ± 43	0	24 ± 14
Transect 1				
20-S	2	0	σ	Ċ
40-S 100-M	18 9	54 441	ى 0	0 27
Average	11± 7	165 ± 241	5 + 5	 0 + 16

Appendix Table 14. Densities per hectare of Dungeness crabs and commercial shrimp calculated from

Appendix Tuble 14(con't).

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	February 1986	y 1980	Apri	April 1986
Station <sup>1</sup>	<u>Cancer magister</u>	Commercial shrimp	Cancer magister	Conwercial shrimp
<u>Transect 2</u>				
20-S	18	U	ſ	ي ب
40-S	13	0		• c
110-S	0	99	6	27
Average	12 ± 10	33 ± 57	5 + 5	11 ± 14
Transect 4				
20-5	6	C	Ċ	c
40-S	. vo		თ	
145-S	6	225	0	18
Average	3 ± 2	75 ± 130	3 = 5	6 ± 10
Grand Average	6 ‡ 6	158 ± 158	5 + 8	33 + 40

2 7 Ş W=north, M=middle, and S=south.

<sup>2</sup>Mean ± 1 standard deviation.

1		Density/Hectar		
tation <sup>1</sup>	Females	Males	All crabs	·····
avy Site (80m)				
Station 1	9	0	9	
Station 2	14	4 ′	18	
Station 3	0	0		
Average	7 <u>+</u> 7 <sup>2</sup>	1 <u>+</u> 2	9 <u>+</u> 9	
SDDA Site 2 (110m)				
Station 1	4	0	4	
Station 2	0	0	0	
Station 3		0	0	
Average	1 <u>+</u> 2	0	1 + 2	
DDA Site 1 (130m)				
Station 1	0	0	0	
Station 2	0	0	0	
Station 3	0	0	0	
Average	0	0	0	
ansect #1				
20 <b>-</b> 5	0	0	0	
40 <b>-</b> S	0	4	4	
100-M	_18	4	22	
lverage	6 <u>+</u> 10	3 <u>+</u> 2	9 <u>+</u> 12	
insect #2			-	
20 <b>-</b> 5	0	0	0	
40-S	4	0	. 4	
110-5	14	0	14	

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Appendix Table 15. Dungeness crab densities per hectare calculated from otter trawl catches in Port Gardner in June and early July, 1986.

Station	Females	Males	All crabs
Transect #4		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
20 <b>-5</b>	0	0	0
40-S	0	0	0
145-S	0	<u></u>	0
Average	0	0	0
Grand Average	4 <u>+</u> 6	t <u>+</u> 2	4 <u>+</u> 7

Appendix Table 15 (Continued)

Station numbers for the transects indicate depth in meters plus locations where S = south and M = middle.

<sup>2</sup> Mean <u>+</u> 1 standard deviation.

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4	Densit	y/Hectare
Station <sup>1</sup>	Beam trawl	Otter trawl
Navy Disposal Site (80m)		
Station 1	19	9
Station 2	0	0
Station 3	_0	4
Average	6 <u>+</u> 11 <sup>2</sup>	4 <u>+</u> 5
PSDDA Site 2 (110m)		
Station 1	0	228
Station 2	0	41
Station 3	0	_23
Average	0	117 <u>+</u> 148
PSDDA Site 1 (130m)		
Station 1	0	131
Station 2	19	59
Station 3	0	50
Average	6 <u>+</u> 11	80 <u>+</u> 44
Transect #1		
10-S	0	N.S.
20-S	19	0
40-S	19	0
. 80-S	75	N.S.
100-M	0	221
80-N	0	N.S.
40-N	<u>N.S.<sup>3</sup></u>	N.S.
Average	19 <u>+</u> 29	74 <u>+</u> 128

Appendix Table 16. Commercial shrimp densities per hectare calculated from beam and otter trawls in Port Gardner in June and early July, 1986.

Station	Beam trawl	Otter trawl
Transect #2		
10+S	0	N.S.
20 <b>-</b> 5	19	O
40-S	19	0
80-s	0	N.S.
110 <b>-S</b>	75	27
110 <b>-M</b>	0	N.S.
†30 <b>-</b> ₩	0	N.S.
1 <b>00-11</b>	_0	<u>N.S.</u>
Average	14 <u>+</u> 26	9 <u>+</u> 16
Transect #3		
10-5	0	N.S.
20-5	· 0	N.S.
40-S	0	N.S.
80 <b>-</b> 5	0	N.S.
110-5	0	N.S.
130-M	19	N.S.
t 30-N	0	<u>N.S.</u>
Average	3 <u>+</u> 7	
Transect #4		
10-8	٥	N.S.
20 <b>-</b> 5	0	0
40 <b>-</b> S	0	4
80 <b>-</b> 5	ο	N.S.
110-S	0	N.S.

Appendix Table 16 (Continued)

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Appendix	Table	16	(Continued)
uppondra	10010		(constituted)

Station	Beam trawl	Otter trawl	
Transect #4 - Contin	ued		<u>.</u>
145-5	0	36	
135-N	37	N.S.	
Average	5 <u>+</u> 14	13 <u>+</u> 20	
Transect #5			
20-S	0	N.S.	
40-S	7 <b>87</b>	N.S.	
80 <b>-</b> -S	281	N.S.	
110-5	19 ·	N.S.	
165 <b>-</b> S	19	N.S.	
145 <b>-11</b>	0	<u>N.S.</u>	
Average	184 <u>+</u> 315		
Transect #6			
80 <b>-</b> 5	112	N.S.	
80 <b>-</b> M	19	N.S.	
40-N	19	N.S.	
20 <b> N</b>	0	N.S.	
10-N		<u>N.S.</u>	
Average	30 <u>+</u> 47		
Fransect #7			
100 <b>-S</b>	0	N.S.	
100 <b>~M</b>	0	N.S.	
100-N	56	N.S.	
80 <b>- N</b>	19	N.S.	
40-N	0	N.S.	

Station	Beam trawl	Otter trawl
ransect #7 - Continued	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
20- <b>N</b>	0	N.S.
- 10 <b>-</b> N	0	<u>N.S.</u>
Average	11 <u>+</u> 21	
rand Average	30 <u>+</u> 112	50 <u>+</u> 82

Appendix Table 16 (Continued)

Station numbers for the transects indicate depth in meters plus locations where N = north, M = middle, and S = south.

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<sup>2</sup> Mean <u>+</u> standard deviation.

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<sup>3</sup> N.S. = not sampled.

Appendix Table 17.	Shrimp densities per hectare calculated from both beam and
	otter trawl catches in Port Gardner during September, 1986.
	Station numbers for the transects indicate depths in meters
	and location where N = North, S = South, E = East, and W =
	West. The averages are means $\pm 1$ standard deviation.
	N.S. = not sampled. Estimated <u>crab</u> densities are also given
	for the <u>otter trawl</u> .

Navy Disposal Site (90 m)           Station 1         581         387         5           Station 2         169         536         0           Average         294 ± 250         443 ± 81         2 ±           PSDDA Site 2 (110 m)          19         77         14           Station 1         19         77         14           Station 2         0         72         18           Station 3         _0         108         27           Average         6 ± 11         86 ± 20         20 ±           PSDDA_Site 1 (130 m)          19         81         9           Station 2         38         104         14           Station 2         38         104         14           Station 3         _38         104         14           Station 3         _375         0         0           Average         52 ± 11         101 ± 18         12 ±           Transect #1         10-S         0		Beam Trawl	Otter Trawl		
Station 1       581       387       5         Station 2       169       536       0         Station 3       131       405       0         Average       294 ± 250       443 ± 81       2 ±         PSDDA       Site 2 (110 m)       19       77       14         Station 1       19       77       14         Station 2       0       72       18         Station 3       0       72       18         Station 2       0       108       27         Average       6 ± 11       86 ± 20       20 ±         PSDDA       Site 1 (130 m)       117       5         Station 1       19       81       9         Station 2       38       104       14         Station 3       38       117       5         Average       32 ± 11       101 ± 18       12 ±         Transect #1       101 ± 18       12 ±       107         10-S       0       N.S.       N.S         20-S       375       N.S.       N.S         30-S       375       N.S.       N.S         100-M       137       138       0	Station	Shrimp/hectare	Shrimp/hectare	Crab/hectare	
Station 2       169       536       0         Station 3       131       405       0         Average       294 ± 250       443 ± 81       2 ±         PSDDA       Site 2 (110 m)       9       77       14         Station 1       19       77       14         Station 2       0       72       18         Station 3       0       108       27         Average       6 ± 11       86 ± 20       20 ±         PSDDA       Site 1 (130 m)       9       81       9         Station 1       19       81       9       14         Station 2       38       104       14         Station 3       38       104       14         Station 5       9       0       0         Average       52 ± 11       101 ± 18       12 ±         Transect #1       10-S       0       N.S.       N.S.         10-S       0 <td>Navy Disposal Site (80</td> <td><u>m)</u></td> <td></td> <td></td>	Navy Disposal Site (80	<u>m)</u>			
Station 3       131       405       0         Average $294 \pm 250$ $443 \pm 81$ $2 \pm 95000$ PSDDA       Site 2 (110 m)       9       77       14         Station 1       19       77       14         Station 2       0       72       18         Station 3       0       108       27         Average $6 \pm 11$ $86 \pm 20$ $20 \pm 950000$ PSDDA       Site 1 (130 m)       19 $81$ 9         Station 1       19 $81$ 9 $1177$ $5500000000000000000000000000000000000$	Station 1			5	
Average $294 \pm 250$ $443 \pm 81$ $2 \pm 91$ PSDDA       Site 2 (110 m)       19       77       14         Station 1       19       77       14         Station 2       0       72       18         Station 3       0       108       27         Average       6 $\pm$ 11       86 $\pm$ 20       20 $\pm$ PSDDA       Site 1 (130 m)       19       81       9         Station 1       19       81       9       14         Station 2       38       104       14         Station 3       28       117       5         Average       52 $\pm$ 11       101 $\pm$ 18       12 $\pm$ Transect #1       10-S       0       N.S.       N.S.         10-S       0       N.S.       N.S.       N.S.         20-S       375       0       0       0         20-S       375       0       0       0         40-S       137       198       0       0         80-N       131       N.S.       N.S.       N.S.         40-N       131       N.S.       N.S.       N.S.	Station 2	169	536	0	
PSDDA       Site 2 (110 m)         Station 1       19       77       14         Station 2       0       72       18         Station 3       0       108       27         Average       6 ± 11       86 ± 20       20 ±         PSDDA       Site 1 (130 m)       19       81       9         Station 1       19       81       9         Station 2       38       104       14         Station 3       38       117       5         Average       32 ± 11       101 ± 18       12 ±         Transect #1       10-S       0       N.S.       N.S         10-S       0       N.S.       N.S       9         80-S       375       0       0       0         80-S       375       N.S.       N.S       N.S         80-N       131       N.S.       N.S       N.S         80-N       131       N.S.       N.S       N.S	Station 3	<u>131</u>	405	0	
Station 1       19       77       14         Station 2       0       72       18         Station 3       0       108       27         Average $6 \pm 11$ 86 \pm 20       20 \pm         PSDDA       Site 1 (130 m)       19       81       9         Station 1       19       81       9         Station 2       38       104       14         Station 3       38       104       14         Station 4       14       14       14         Station 5       38       104       14         Station 7       38       104       14         Station 7       38       117       5         Average       52 ± 11       101 ± 18       12 ±         Transect #1       101 ± 18       12 ±         10-S       0       N.S.       N.S         20-S       375       N.S.       N.S         100-M       137       138       0         80-N       131       N.S.       N.S         40-N <u>N.S.</u> N.S.       N.S	Average	294 <u>+</u> 250	443 <u>+</u> 81	2 <u>+</u> 3	
Station 2       0       72       18         Station 3       0       108       27         Average       6 ± 11       86 ± 20       20 ±         PSDDA       Site 1 (130 m)       104       14         Station 1       19       81       9         Station 2       38       104       14         Station 3       38       117       5         Average       32 ± 11       101 ± 18       12 ±         Transect #1       10-S       0       N.S.       N.S         10-S       0       N.S.       N.S       0         20-S       375       0       0       0         40-S       1760       5       9       9         80-N       137       198       0       0         80-N       131       N.S.       N.S       N.S         40-N $\frac{N.S.}{N.S}$ N.S       N.S       N.S	PSDDA Site 2 (110 m)				
Station 3       0       108       27         Average $6 \pm 11$ $86 \pm 20$ $20 \pm 108$ PSDDA       Site 1 (130 m)       Station 1       19 $81$ 9         Station 1       19 $81$ 9 $104$ 14         Station 2       38       104       14         Station 3       38 $117$ 5         Average $32 \pm 11$ $101 \pm 18$ $12 \pm 12$ Transect #1       101 \pm 18 $12 \pm 12$ 10-S       0       N.S.       N.S         20-S $375$ 0       0 $40-S$ 1760       5       9 $80-S$ $375$ N.S.       N.S $100-M$ $137$ $198$ 0 $80-N$ $131$ N.S.       N.S. $40-N$ $N.S.$ N.S.       N.S.	Station 1	19	77	14	
Average $6 \pm 11$ $86 \pm 20$ $20 \pm$ PSDDA         Site 1 (130 m) $19$ $81$ $9$ Station 1         19 $38$ $104$ $14$ Station 2 $38$ $117$ $5$ Average $32 \pm 11$ $101 \pm 18$ $12 \pm$ Average $32 \pm 11$ $101 \pm 18$ $12 \pm$ Transect #1 $10-S$ 0         N.S.         N.S $40-S$ $1760$ $5$ $99$ $80-S$ $375$ N.S.         N.S $100-M$ $137$ $198$ $00$ $N.S.$ N.S $N.S$ $40-N$ $131$ $N.S.$ $N.S$ $N.S$ $N.S$	Station 2	0	72	18	
PSDDA       Site 1 (130 m)         Station 1       19       81       9         Station 2       38       104       14         Station 3       _38       117       5         Average       32 ± 11       101 ± 18       12 ±         Transect #1       101 ± 18       12 ±         10-S       0       N.S.       N.S.         20-S       375       0       0         40-S       1760       5       9         80-S       375       N.S.       N.S.         100-M       197       198       0         80-N       131       N.S.       N.S.         40-N <u>N.S.</u> N.S.       N.S.	Station 3		108	27	
Station 1       19       81       9         Station 2       38       104       14         Station 3       38       117       5         Average       32 $\pm$ 11       101 $\pm$ 18       12 $\pm$ IO-S       0       N.S.       N.S         20-S       375       0       0         40-S       1760       5       9         80-S       375       N.S.       N.S         100-M       137       198       0         80-N       131       N.S.       N.S         40-N $\frac{N.S.}{N.S}$ N.S       N.S	Average	6 <u>+</u> 11	86 <u>+</u> 20	20 <u>+</u> 7	
Station 2 $38$ $104$ $14$ Station 3 $38$ $117$ $5$ Average $52 \pm 11$ $101 \pm 18$ $12 \pm 12$ Transect #1 $101 \pm 18$ $12 \pm 12$ 10-S       0       N.S.       N.S.         20-S $375$ 0 $0$ 40-S $1760$ 5       99         80-N $131$ N.S.       N.S.         40-N $1.5.$ N.S.       N.S.	PSDDA Site 1 (130 m)				
Station 3 $38$ $117$ $5$ Average $32 \pm 11$ $101 \pm 18$ $12 \pm 12$ Transect #1 $101 \pm 18$ $12 \pm 12$ 10-S       0       N.S.       N.S         20-S $375$ 0       0         40-S       1760       5       9         80-S       375       N.S.       N.S         100-M       137       198       0         80-N       131       N.S.       N.S         40-N       N.S.       N.S       N.S	Station 1			9	
Average $32 \pm 11$ $101 \pm 18$ $12 \pm 12 \pm$	Station 2			14	
Transect #1         10-S       0       N.S.       N.S.         20-S $\overline{375}$ 0       0         40-S       1760       5       9         80-S $\overline{375}$ N.S.       N.S.         100-M       137       198       0         80-N       131       N.S.       N.S.         40-N $\underline{N.S.}$ N.S.       N.S.	Station 3	_38	<u>117</u>	5	
10-S       0       N.S.       N.S.         20-S       375       0       0         40-S       1760       5       9         80-S       375       N.S.       N.S.         100-M       137       198       0         80-N       131       N.S.       N.S.         40-N <u>N.S.</u> N.S.       N.S.	Average	32 <u>+</u> 11	101 <u>+</u> 18	12 <u>+</u> 4	
20-S       375       0       0         40-S       1760       5       9         80-S       375       N.S.       N.S         100-M       137       198       0         80-N       131       N.S.       N.S         40-N <u>N.S</u> N.S       N.S	Transect #1_				
40-S       1760       5       9         80-S       375       N.S.       N.S.         100-M       137       198       0         80-N       131       N.S.       N.S.         40-N <u>N.S.</u> N.S.       N.S.	10 <b>-</b> S	0		N.S.	
80-S       375       N.S.       N.S.         100-M       137       198       C         80-N       131       N.S.       N.S.         40-N <u>N.S.</u> N.S.       N.S.				0	
100-M         137         198         C           80-N         131         N.S.         N.S           40-N <u>N.S</u> N.S.         N.S				9	
80-N         131         N.S.         N.S           40-N <u>N.S.</u> N.S.         N.S.				N.S.	
40-N <u>N.S.</u> N.S. N.S				0	
				N.S.	
Average 471 + 648 68 + 113 3 +	40-X	<u>N.S</u> .	<u>N.S</u> .	N.S.	
	Average	471 <u>+</u> 648	68 <u>+</u> 113	3 <u>+</u> 5	

	Beam Trawl	Otter	Trawl
Station	Shrimp/hectare	Shrimp/hectare	Crab/hectare
Fransect #2			
10-5	0	N.S.	N.S.
20-5	300 -	· 0	18
40 <b>-</b> 5	356	0	18
80 <b>-</b> 5	730	N.S.	N.S.
110-S	38	68	5
110-M	19	N.S.	N.S.
1 30-N	38	N.S.	N.S.
100 <b>-</b> N	38	<u>N.S</u> .	N.S.
Average	190 <u>+</u> 258	23 <u>+</u> 39	14 <u>+</u> 8
Tansect #3			
10 <b>-</b> S	0	N.S.	N.S.
20 <b>-</b> 5	0	N.S.	N.S.
40 <b>-</b> S	131	N.S.	N.S.
80 <b>-</b> 5	206	N.S.	N.S.
110 <b>-S</b>	38	N.S.	N.S.
130 <b>-M</b>	- 75	N.S.	N.S.
130-N	56	N.S.	<u>N.S.</u>
Average	72 <u>+</u> 7 <b>4</b>		
ransect #4			
10-S	0	N.S.	N.S.
20 <b>-5</b>	56	0	
40-S	0	5	9 5
80-S	75	N.S.	N.S.
110-S	56	N.S.	N.S.
145-5	56	45	0
135-N		<u>N.S</u> .	<u>N.S.</u>
Average	35 <u>+</u> 33	17 <u>+</u> 25	5 <u>+</u> 5
ransect #5			
20 <b>-</b> 5	0	N.S.	N.S.
40-S	150	N.S.	N.S.
80-S	936	N.S.	N.S.
110-5	131	N.S.	N.S.
165 <b>-</b> S	0	N.S.	N.S.
145-M	75	N.S.	<u>N.S.</u>
l vore co	215 + 350		

Appendix Table 17 (cont.)

Average 215 <u>+</u> 359

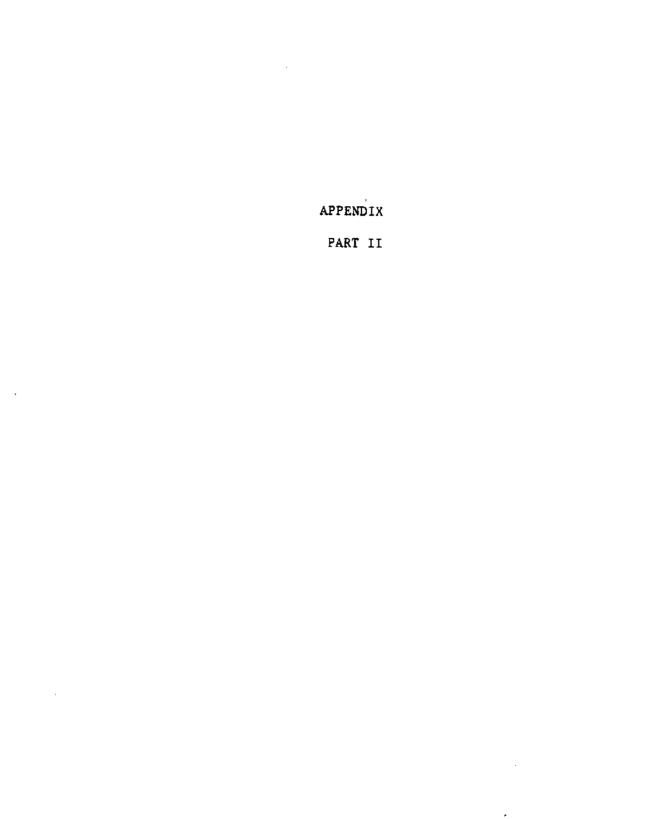
	Beam Trawl	Otter	Otter Trawl		
Station	Shrimp/hectare	Shrimp/hectare	Crab/hectare		
Transect #6					
80 <b>-</b> 5	655	N.S.	N.S.		
80-M	1292	N.S.	N.S.		
40-N	243	N.S.	N.S.		
20 <b>-</b> N	0	N.S.	N.S.		
10 <b>-N</b>		N.S.	N.S.		
Average	438 <u>+</u> 547				
Transect #7					
100-\$	262	N.S.	N.S.		
100 <b>-M</b>	412	N.S.	N.S.		
100-N	393	N.S.	N.S.		
80-N	1049	N.S.	N.S.		
40-N	3127	N.S.	N.S.		
20 <b>-</b> N	0	N.S.	N.S.		
10-N	<u> </u>	<u>N.S.</u>	<u>N.S.</u>		
Average	749 <u>+</u> 1106				
Port Gardner Average	269 <u>+</u> 527	123 <u>+</u> 159	9 <u>+</u> 8		

Appendix Table 17. (cont.)

	Shrimp Density Hectare			
Station	Beam trawl	Otter trawl		
lest of Navy Site				
Station A (105 m)	19	N.3.		
Station B (110 m)	0	N.S.		
Station C (90 m)	94	N.S.		
Station D (105 m)	75	N.S.		
Station E (115 m)	38	68		
Station F (110 m)	<u>94</u>	<u>N.S.</u>		
Average	53 <u>+</u> 40	68 <u>+</u> 0		
ast of PSDDA Site 1				
Station G (130 m)	38	N.S.		
Station H (130 m)	<u>19</u>	<u>N.S.</u>		
Average	28 <u>+</u> 13			
etween Mukiltes and Pic	nic Point			
Station 1 $(40 \text{ m})$	0	N.S.		
Station 2 (40 m)	0	N.S.		
Station 3 (40 m)	0	N.S.		
Station 4 (10 m)	0	N.3.		
Station 4 (20 m)	0	N.S.		
Station 4 (40 m)		N.S.		
Station 4 (80 m)	<u> </u>	<u>N.S.</u>		
Average	0			

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Appendix Table 18. Shrimp densities/hectare calculated from both beam and ofter trawl catches at extra stations in Port Gardner during September, 1985. The averages are means + 1 standard deviation. N.S. = not sampled.



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# APPENDIX A

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Analyses of fish data collected by beam trawls in Commencement Bay, Elliott Bay and Saratoga Passage during 1986.

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## Commencement Bay

<u>Abundance and biomass</u>. The samples collected during the summer cruise were the only ones available for analyses. Abundance values ranged from 1 to 43 individuals per location, while biomass values ranged from 45 to 4,191 grams per location (Appendix A, Table 1). At locations where fish were captured, the two PSDDA sites had by far the lowest value of either measure. Sample sizes were too small to determine dominant species at each site.

<u>Species richness</u>. Species richness values ranged from 1 to 8 showing a similar pattern to the abundance and biomass results. The deeper PSDDA sites had the lowest values. The 20 m station had a much higher value (Appendix A, Table 1).

<u>Species diversity</u>. Species diversity values ranged from 0.0 to 0.71 (Appendix A, Table 1). The distribution of values among sites was identical to species richness. The deeper PSDDA sites had the lowest values, while the 20-m station had the highest value.

## Elliott Bay

<u>Abundance and biomass</u>. Total abundance ranged from 3 to 22 fish per location, and total biomass ranged from 69 to 1,595 grams per location (Appendix A, Table 2). The results did not suggest any patterns, seasonally or by station.

<u>Species richness</u>. Species richness values ranged from 2 to 6 (Appendix A, Table 2). The distribution among locations was similar to abundance and biomass, and no seasonal or location patterns were evident.

<u>Species diversity</u>. Species diversity values ranged from 0.2 to 0.9 (Appendix A, Table 2), and as with species richness, no pattern by season or location was apparent.

Appendix A, Table 2.	Abundance, biomass, species richness and species diversity of fish caught by beam trawl in Elliott Bay by season.	Abundance, biomass, species richness an by beam trawl in Elliott Bay by season.	species liott Bay	richness by seaso	and speci n.	es divers	ity of fi	sh caught
Location	Abundance	алсе	Biomass (gm)	B (gm)	Species richnes	Species richness	Spec dive	Species diversity
	Summer	Autumn	Summer	Autumn	Summer	Autumn	Summer	Autumn
PSDDA 1 Site PSDDA 1 Reference Stati PSDDA 2 Site	8 tion 7 3.7	22.3 3 2.7	602.2 1595.0 823.7	416.5 68.6 111 3	רישי	<b>0</b> 19 <b>0</b>	0.63 0.64 	0.90 0.22 0.77
A ppendix	x Å, Table 1.		Abundance, biomass	-	species rich	ness and	spectes	

# i., diversity of fish caught by beam trawl in Commencement Bay during summer, 1986. -1

Species diversity	0.0 0.47 0.71
Species ríchness	- m o
Biomass (gm)	212 45 4,191
Abundance	43 - 1
Location	PSDDA 1 Site PSDDA 2 Site 20 m Station

\*

### Saratoga Passage

Abundance and biomass. Saratoga Passage was not sampled during the autumn, therefore only the summer data were analyzed. Total abundance values ranged from 3 to 12 fish per location; total biomass values ranged from 51 to 1,004 grams per location (Appendix A, Table 3). The PSDDA site was the deepest and had the highest values of both abundance and biomass. The abundance and biomass values diminished as station depth decreased.

Species richness. Species richness ranged from 1 to 7 (Appendix A, Table 3). The pattern was the same as that of abundance and biomass: the deeper PSDDA site had the highest values then values diminished as station depth decreased.

Species diversity. Species diversity values ranged from 0.0 to 0.5 (Appendix A, Table 3). The highest values were at the deepest PSDDA location, then values decreased with decreasing depth at all other locations.

Appendix A, Table 3. Abundance, biomass, species richness and species diversity of fish caught by beam trawl in Saratoga Passage during summer.

Location	Abundance	Biomass (gm)	Species richness	Species diversity
PSDDA Site	11.7	1,004.2	→ # 7	0.46
80 m E Station	7.0	109.5	→ # 3	0.41
40 m E Station	6.0	51.0	3	0.38
20 m E Station	3.0	52.0	1	0.00

# APPENDIX B

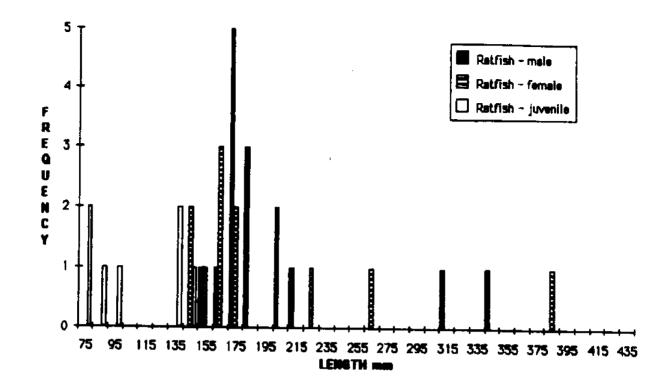
Length frequency histograms of abundant, non-commercially or recreationally important, fish caught in Commencement Bay and Elliott Bay.

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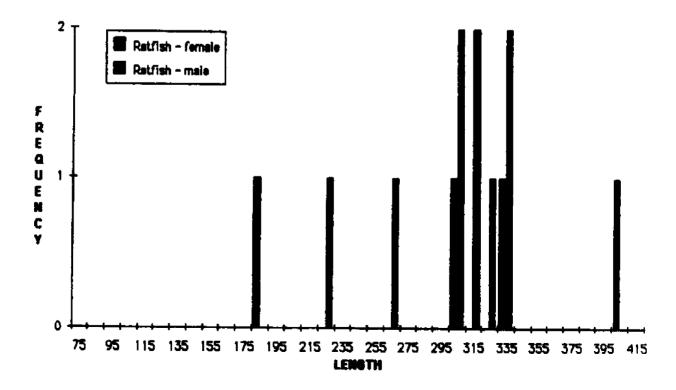
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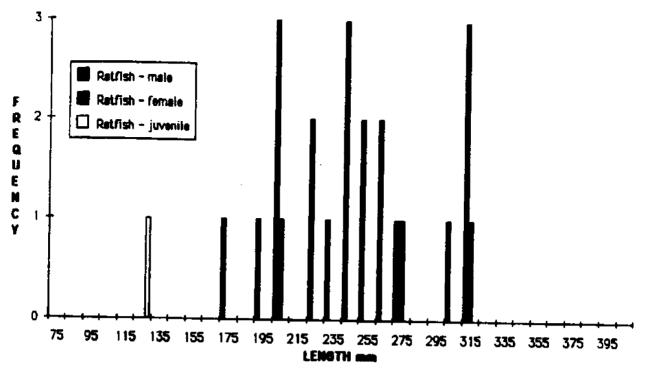
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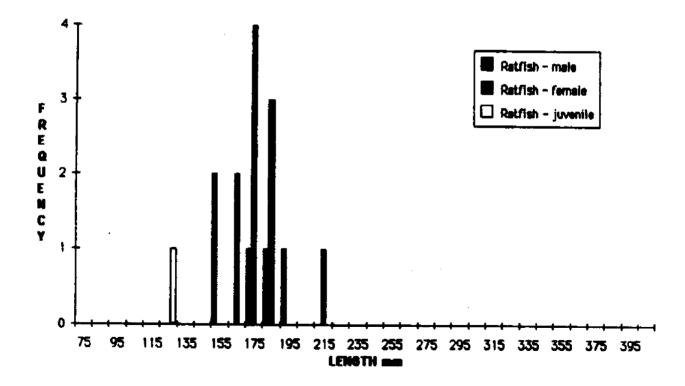
Appendix B, Figure 1. Length frequency of otter trawl caught ratfish, shown by sex and life history stage, during summer at 156 m in Commencement Bay.



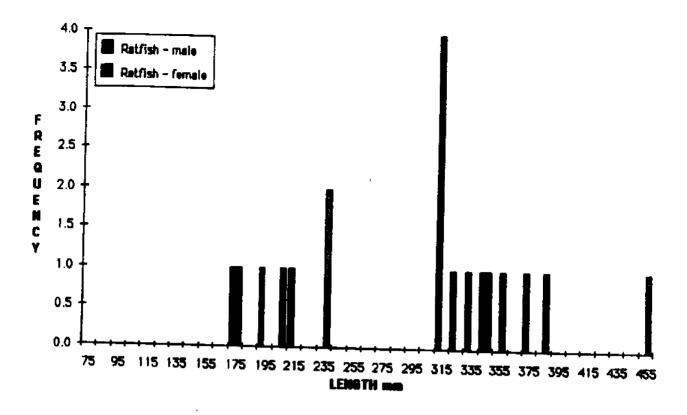
Appendix B, Figure 2. Length frequency of otter trawl caught ratfish, shown by sex, during summer at PSDDA 1 in Commencement Bay.



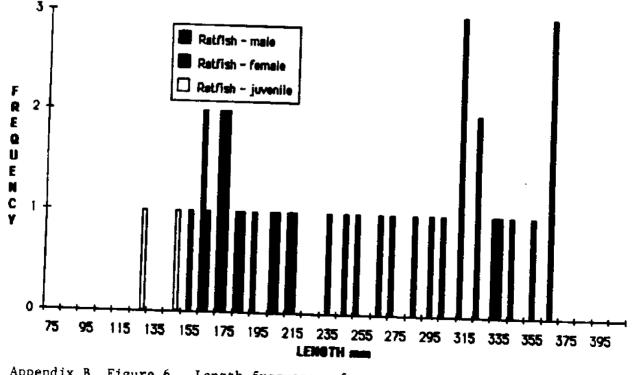
Appendix B, Figure 3. Length frequency of otter trawl caught ratfish, shown by sex and life history stage, during autumn at PSDDA 1 in Commencement Bay.

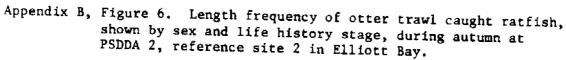


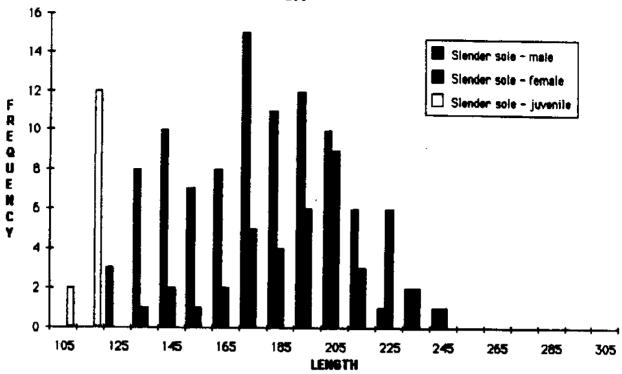
Appendix B, Figure 4. Length frequency of otter trawl caught ratfish, shown by sex and life history stage, during summer at PSDDA 1 reference site in Elliott Bay.



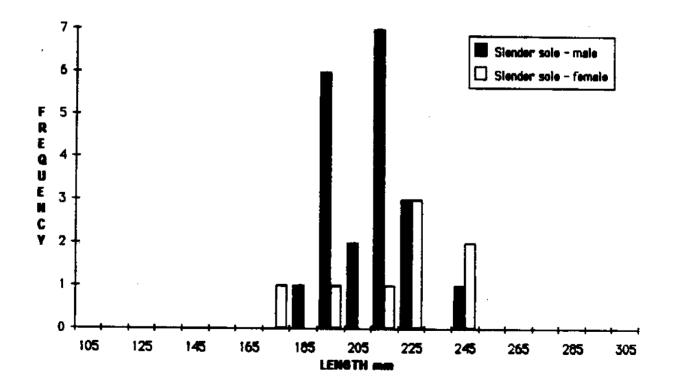
Appendix B, Figure 5. Length frequency of otter trawl caught ratfish, shown by sex, during autumn at PSDDA 2, reference site 1 in Elliott Bay.



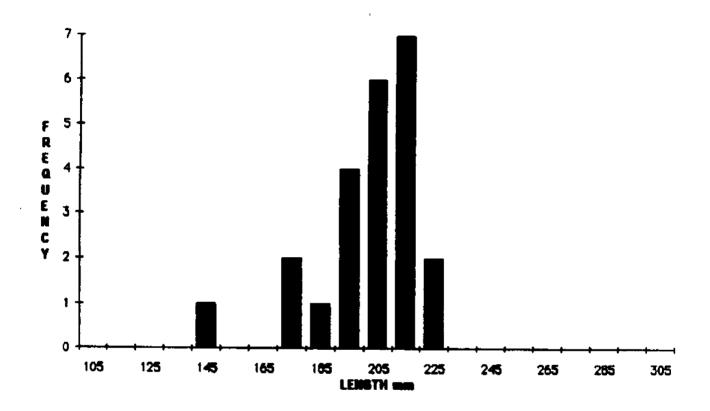




Appendix B, Figure 7. Length frequency of otter trawl caught slender sole, shown by sex and life history stage, during autumn at PSDDA 1 in Elliott Bay.



Appendix B, Figure 8. Length frequency of otter trawl caught slender sole males during summer at PSDDA 2 in Elliott Bay.



Appendix B, Figure 9. Length frequency of otter trawl caught slender sole, shown by sex, during autumn at PSDDA 2 in Elliott Bay.

## APPENDIX C

Abundance and biomass (and range at multiple sample stations) of otter trawl caught fish by station and species in Commencement Bay, Elliott Bay, Saratoga Passage, and

Port Gardner

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Appendix C, Table 1. Abundance and range at multiple sample stations of otter trawl-caught fish by station and species in Commencement Bay on June 13, 1986.

Location

Species	PSDDA 1	(range)		PSDDA 2 (range)	20 m. 40 m.	156 m
Spiny dogfish- adult " juvenile	0.3	0-1	0.3	0-1		
Longnose skate Ratfish- adult "juvenile	4.7	1-9	1.3	0-3		6.0 1.0
Pacific herring Longfin smelt					5.0	
Plainfin midshipman- adu juv	lt enile				1.0	
Pacific cod- adult " - juvenile					24.0 4.0	
Pacific hake- adult " - juvenile	0.3	0-1			410	
Pacific tomcod- adult " - juvenile						
Walleye pollock- adult " - juvenilo	<b>.</b>					
Red brotula	0.3	0-1				
Shortfin eelpout Black eelpout- adult	0.9	0-1				
" - juvenile Blackbelly eelpout- adult " - juven	t nile				1.0	
Shiner perch- adult " " - juvenile						
Pile perch- adult " - juvenile						
Bluebarred prickleback Copper rockfish- adult " - juvenile						
Splitnose rockfish Quillback rockfish- adult	5		0.3	0-1	3.0	
" - juver Canary rockfish	nile					
Rockfish UID- juvenile Sablefish- adult						
" - juvenile Lingcod						
Roughback sculpin Spinyhead sculpin						
Soft sculpin Tadpole sculpin						
Northern spearnose poache	r					

Appendix C, Table 1. (Continued)

	Location										
Species	PSDDA 1	PSDDA 1 (range)	PSDDA 2	PSDDA 2 (range)	20 m	40 m	156 m				
Sturgeon poacher Bluespotted poacher Snailfish UID Speckled sanddab- adult " - juveni: Arrowtooth flounder Rex sole- adult	le					6.0					
" " - juvenile Flathead sole- adult " - juvenile Rock sole- adult " " - juvenile						2.0					
Slender sole- adult ""- juvenile	1.0	0-2	0.3	0-1							
Dover sole- adult " " - juvenile	1.3	1-2	1.0	0-3		5.0	6.0				
English sole- adult ""- juvenile C-O sole- adult ""- juvenile			0.3	0-1		40.0					
Totals	6.9		3.5			91	13				

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Appendix C, Table 2. Biomass (in grams) and range at multiple sample stations of otter trawl-caught fish by station and species in Commencement Bay on June 13, 1986.

Location

Species	PSDDA 1	PSDDA 1 (range)	PSDDA 2	PSDDA 2 (range)	20 m. 40 m.	156 m
Spiny dogfish- adult "juv.	16.7	0-50	456.7	0-1,370		
Longnose skate Ratfish- adult "juvenile	1,357.7	940-2,923	444.0	0-1,012		2,085.0 6.0
Pacific herring Longfin smelt					45.0	0.0
Plainfin midshipman- adu " - juv					108.0	
Pacific cod- adult " - juvenile	•				549.0	
Pacific hake- adult "" - juvenile Pacific tomcod- adult " - juvenile	13.5	0-40.5			52.0	
Walleye pollock- adult " - juvenil	e					
Red brotula Pallid eelpout Shortfin eelpout	1.7	0-5.0				
Black eelpout- adult " - juvenile Blackbelly eelpout- adul	t				9.0	
" - juv. Shiner perch- adult " - juvenile					,	
Pile perch- adult "" - juvenile Bluebarred prickleback						
Copper rockfish- adult "- juvenile	•					
Splitnose roc <b>kfish</b> Quillback roc <b>kfish-</b> adulf - juv.	t		<b>643</b> ≁∛	) <b>-970</b>	501.0	
Canary rockfish Rockfish UID- juvenile Sablefish- adult " - juvenile						
Lingcod Roughback sculpin Spinyhead sculpin						
Soft sculpin Tadpole sculpin						
Northern spearnose poache	r					

Appendix C, Table 2. (Continued)

			Locati	on		
Specie <b>s</b>	PSDDA	PSDDA 1 (range)	PSDDA 2	PSDDA 2 (range)	20 m. 40 m.	156 m
Sturgeon poacher Bluespotted poacher Snailfish UID Speckled sanddab- adult "- juv. Arrowtooth flounder Rex sole- adult "- juvenile Flathead sole- adult "- juvenile Rock sole- adult "- juvenile			·		161.0	
Slender sole- adult " " - juvenile	74.7	0-174	40.2	0-92.5		
Dover sole- adult " " - juvenile	587.7	360-1,013	1,203.0	0-2,700	399.0	2,718.0
English sole- adult ""- juvenile C-O sole- adult ""- juvenile			122.7	0-368	5,824.0	

Totals

.

20**52** 

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2909.9

Appendix C, Table 3. Abundance and range at multiple sample stations of otter trawl-caught fish by station and species in Commencement Bay on September 3, 1986.

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Location
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Species	PSDDA 1	PSDDA 1 (range)		PSDDA 2 (range)	20 m	40 m.	156 m
Spiny dogfish- adult " juvenile							
Longnose skate							
Ratfish- adult	8.0	E 17	ΕO	7 0			
" juvenile	0.3	5-13 0-1	5.0	3-8	1	2	26
Pacific herring	01)	0-1					7
Longfin smelt	0.3	0-1					
Plainfin midshipman- adul	lt.	0-1				c	
" - juve	enile					6	
Pacific cod- adult	0.7	0-1	0.3	0-1			
" - juvenile		•		0-1			
Pacific hake- adult	0.3	0-1					
" – juvenile		•	0.3	0-1			
Pacific tomcod- adult			,	Ŭ I		7	
" – juvenile						34	
Walleye pollock- adult	0.7	0-2	0.7	0-1		74	
Walleye pollock- adult " - juvenile	•						
Red brotula							•
Pallid eelpout							
Shortfin eelpout							
Black eelpout- adult	0.3	0-1					1
" " - juvenile							1
Blackbelly eelpout- adult	:					7	
Blackbelly eelpout- adult " - juven	ile					r	
Shiner perch- adult					2	1	
Shiner perch- adult " " - juvenile							
Pile perch- adult						1	
" - juvenile							
Bluebarred prickleback							
Copper rockfish- adult					2		
" - juvenile							
Splitnose rockfish							
Quillback rockfish- adult			0.7	0-1	8		2
juven	ile						
Canary rockfish							
Rockfish UID- juvenile							1
Sablefish- adult							
" - juvenile							
Lingcod Boughbook goulais							
Roughback sculpin				_		16	
Spinyhead sculpin	~ ~		0.7	0-1			
Soft sculpin	0.3	0-1					
Tadpole sculpin							
Northern spearnose poache.	Г					1	

Appendix C, Table 3. (Continued)

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			Locati	on			
Species	PSDDA 1	PSDDA 1 (range)	PSDDA 2	PSDDA 2 (range)	20 m	40 m.	156 m
Sturgeon poacher Bluespotted poacher Snailfish UID Speckled sanddab- adult " - juveni Arrowtooth flounder Rex sole- adult	le	·	0.7		2	2	1
" " - juvenile Flathead sole- adult " " - juvenile Rock sole- adult " - juvenile			0.3	0-1	16	8	3
Slender sole- adult " - juvenile	3.7	0-6	1.3	1-2		12	3
Dover sole- adult " - juvenile	8.3	5 <b>-</b> 10	3.3	t-8		15	12
English sole- adult ""- juvenile C-O sole- adult ""- juvenile	0.7	0-1			19 1	3 182	3
Totals	23.6		12.6		51	307	59

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Appendix C, Table 4. Biomass (in grams) and range at multiple sample stations of otter trawl-caught fish by station and species in Commencement Bay on September 8, 1986.

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Location
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Species	PSDDA 1	PSDDA 1 (range)	PSDDA 2	PSDDA 2 (range)	20 🖻	40 m	156 m
Spiny dogfish- adult " juv.							
Longnose skate							
Ratfish- adult	1,830.0	720-3,610	1,533.3	850-2,550	) 635	290	3140.0
juvenile juvenile juvenile	7.7	0-23					550.0
Longfin smelt	0.7	0-2					
Plainfin midshipman- ad	ult					219.2	
" - ju	ν.						
Pacific cod- adult " " - juvenile	1,573.3	0-4,200	180	0-540			
Pacific hake- adult	140.0	0-420					
" " - juvenile			0.5	0-1.5			
Pacific tomcod- adult						355	
" - juvenil Walleye pollock- adult		0.460				210	
" - juveni	53.3	0-160	134	0-212			
Red brotula	10						
Pallid eelpout							
Shortfin eelpout							
Black eelpout- adult	1.2	0-3.5					4.5
" " - juvenile Blackbelly colnout- odu	1+						
Blackbelly eelpout- adu " - juv						116.5	
Shiner perch- adult	•				57	22	
" " - juvenile					_		
Pile perch- adult "" - juvenile						300	
Bluebarred prickleback							
Copper rockfish- adult					820		
" - juveni	le						
Splitnose rockfish	_						
Quillback rockfish- adu	lt		301.7	0-565	1,190	2,480	1,180
" " - juv. Canary rockfish							
Rockfish UID- juvenile							12.5
Sablefish- adult							(2.)
" - juvenile							
Lingcod							
Roughback sculpin						177.5	
Spinyhead sculpin Soft sculpin	1.8		5.0	0-8.0			
Tadpole sculpin	1.0	0-5.5					
Northern spearnose poach	ner					33.4	
						<u> </u>	

Appendix C, Table 4. (Continued)

			Location				
Species	PSDDA 1	PSDDA † (range)	PSDDA 2	PSDDA 2 (range)	20 m	40 m	156 m
Sturgeon poacher Bluespotted poacher Snailfish UID Speckled sanddab- adult " - juv.					21		5
Arrowtooth flounder Rex sole- adult " - juvenile Flathead sole- adult " - juvenile			36.3	0-109		330 308	285
Rock sole- adult " " - juvenile					490	519	
Slender sole- adult " - juvenile	170	65-360	129.3	98-190		4 <b>43.</b> 7	110
Dover sole- adult ""- juvenile	28,533	1,970-4,460	1,238.3	390-2,810	)	1,210 50	3975
English sole- adult " " - juvenile	190	0-290			4,890	29,865	855
C-O sole- adult ""- juvenile					240		
Totals	6,821.3		3,558.4	8	,343	36,929.3	10,117

Appendix C, Table 5. Abundance and range of multiple sample stations for otter trawl-caught fish by station and species in Elliott Bay on July 3, 1986.

Species		13	DDA I			DDA 1 PROF site		P30	DA 2		PSDDA Reference		PSDDA 2 Reference ell
	SU	AUT	R Su	ALLEO AUT	50	AUT ·	su	AUT	Rer SV	AUT	90	AUT	AUT
Spiny dogfish- edult juvenile	1.0	15.3	0-3	2-42	1.0	10.0						RUI	AUT
Longnose skate								0.3		0-1			
Ratfish- adult	2.3			0-11	16.0	2.0	5.0		2-7	9-34	8.0	20.0	36.0
juvenile Pacific herring Longfin emelt	0.3	0.7	0-1	0-2			ò.3	3.3	0-1	0-7	1.0	10.0	4.0
Plainfin midshipman- adult - juv,		6.0		5-8									
Pacific cod- adult - juvenile	0.3	0.7	0-1	0-1				1.7		1-2			
Pacific hake- adult - juvenile	2.0	17.0	0-5	2-44	2.0	2.0	0.3	0.3	0-1	0-1			
Pacific tomood- adult	0.3	5.3	0-1	0-3				2.0		0-6			
- juvenile felleye pollock- adult - juvenile	,		v-1			1.0		1.3		0-2			3.0
ted brotula													
Pallid colpout							0.7	1.3	0-2	0-4	1.0	4.0	7.0
Shortfin eelpout Black enlamet, edult												1.0	7.0
Black selpost- sdult - juvenile								2.0		0-5		2.0	1.0
lackbelly colpout- adult - juv.	13.7	95+3	3-22	67-137	13.0	2.0							
hiner perch- edult - juvenile		1.3		0-4									
ile perch- adult - juvenile													
llueberred pricklebeck	2.7	9.7	0-5	8-13	3.0	1.0							
opper rockfish- edult - juvenile			-	·									
plitnose rockfish willback rockfish- adult		6.0										1.0	
- juv.		0.0		2-12	1.0	3.0		0.7		0-2			
anary rockfish	0.3	1.3	0-1	0-4									
ockfish UID- juvenils ablefish- sdult								0.7		0-1			
" - juvenile													
oughback sculpin												1.0	
pinyheed sculpin		0.3		0-1									
oft sculpin ndpole sculpin		0.3		0-1		1.0							
orthern spearnose poscher											7.0		
turgeon poscher	0.3		0-1										
luespotted poacher nailfigh UID		0.3		0~1									
peckled sanddab- adult													
" - juv.													
rrowtooth flounder													
er sole- adult — Juvenile	1.3	2.3	0-4	0-7 0-3	1.0			0.3		0-1			
lathand sole- adult - juvenile	5.7	24.7	0-12	15-42	15.0	1.0							
ock sole- adult - juvenile		0.3		0-1									
lender sole- adult	15.7	46.7	14-18	35-54	12.0	8.0	6.0	9.3	4-9	2-15	3.0	8.0	9.0
- juvenile pver mole- adult	2.3	7.3	0-5	5-9	1.0								
- juvenile	1.0	2.3	0-3 0-2	0-7	1-0		4.3	6.7	5-6	4-11	9.0	2.0	3.0
iglish cole- adult - juvenile	0.3		o-i				0.3	16.3	0-1	0-29	1.0	28.0	33.0
0 sole- edult - juvenile													

oppendix C, Table 6. Biomass (in grams) and range at multiple sample stations for otter trawl-caught fish by station and species in Elliott Bay on July 3, 1986.

Spiny dogfish- adult juvenile Longnose skate Retfish- adult juvenile Pacific herring Longfin smelt Plaiafin midshipman- adult "- juvenile Pecific cod- adult "- juvenile Pecific hake- adult "- juvenile Redfic tomcod- adult - juvenile Walleye pollock- adult Red brotule Pellid selpout Shortfin selpout	318. 12. 137. 130. 122.	0 1,675, 2 423, 2 16,1 621,7 7 504,0 4 3,788,3 5	0 0-36.5 7 0 0-413.0 5 0-204.5 0-68.0	AUT	1195.5	AUT 550.0 510.0 510.0	1684.2	25.3 2 7066.7 3 100.0	1682.0-1707. 0-47.5	Range AUT 5 599.0-11070.0 9-200.0 410.0-4005.0	SU 3704.0 20.0	4440.0
juvenile Longnose skate Retfish- adult juvenile Pacific herring Longfin smelt Plaiafin midshipwan- adult - juvenile Pecific cod- adult - juvenile Pecific hake- adult - juvenile Pecific toscod- adult - juvenile Pacific toscod- adult - juvenile Red brotula Pallid selpout Shortfin selpout Black selpout adult	318. 12. 137. 130. 122.	2 423. 2 16.1 621.7 7 504.0 4 3,788.1 5 7	3 0-822.0 0 0-36-5 7 0 0-413.0 5 0-204.5 0-68.0	0-835.0 0-48.0 510.0-715.0 0-1.090.0 490.0-10,210.0 0-37.5	1195.5	5 '1000. 550.0 510.0	0 1684.2 15.8	25.3 2 7066.7 3 100.0	1682.0-1707. 0-47.5	0-76.0 5 599.0-11070.0 9-200.0 410.0-4005.0	3704.0 20.0	
Longnose skate Retfish- adult juvenile Pacific herring Longfin smelt Plaiafin midshipman- adult "- juvenile Pecific cod- adult "- juvenile Pecific tomcod- adult "- juvenile Pacific tomcod- adult "- juvenile Red brotule Peliock- adult "- juvenile Red brotule Palid selpout Shortfin selpout Black selpout adult	12. 137. 130. 12. 27.	2 16.0 621.7 7 504.0 4 3,788.1 5 7	0 0-36.5 7 0 0-413.0 5 0-204.5 0-68.0	0-48.0 510.0-715.0 0-1.090.0 490.0-10.210.0 0-37.5		510.0	15.8	2 7066.7 3 100.0 19 <b>58</b> .	1682.0-1707. 0-47.5	5 590.0-11070.0 0-200.0 410.0-4005.0	20.0	4440.0
juvenile Pacific herring Longin smelt Plaiafin midshipwan- adult - juv. Pacific cod- adult - juvenile Pacific hake- adult - juvenile Pacific toscod- adult Malleye pollock- adult Malleye pollock- adult Red brotula Paliid selpout Shortfin selpout Black selpout- adult	12. 137. 130. 12. 27.	2 16.0 621.7 7 504.0 4 3,788.1 5 7	0 0-36.5 7 0 0-413.0 5 0-204.5 0-68.0	0-48.0 510.0-715.0 0-1.090.0 490.0-10.210.0 0-37.5		510.0	15.8	2 7066.7 3 100.0 19 <b>58</b> .	1682.0-1707. 0-47.5	5 590.0-11070.0 0-200.0 410.0-4005.0	20.0	4440.0
Pacific herring Longfin smelt Plainfin midshipman- adult - juv. Pecific cod- adult - juvenile Pecific hake- adult - juvenile Pecific tomcod- adult - juvenile Malleye pollock- adult Red brotula Pellid selpout Shortfin selpout Black selpout- adult	137. 130. 12. 22.	621.7 7 504.0 4 3,788.3 5 7	7 0 0-413.0 5 0-204.5 0-68.0	0-48.0 510.0-715.0 0-1.090.0 490.0-10.210.0 0-37.5		510.0	15.8	19 <b>58</b> ,	3	0-200.0 410.0-4005.0	20.0	4440.0
Longfin smelt Plainfin midshipman- adult - juv. Pecific cod- adult - juvenile Pecific hake- adult - juvenile Pecific tomcod- adult - juvenile Malleye pollock- adult - juvenile Red brotula Pallid esipout Shortfin esipout Black esipout adult	130. 12. 22.	7 504.( 4 3,788.) 5 7	0 0-413.0 5 0-204.5 0-68.0	0-1,090.0 490.0-10,210.0 0-37.5	443.0			1958.	3	410+0-4005+0		
Plainfin midshipman- adult - juv. Pacific cod- adult - juvenile Pacific hake- adult - juvenile Pacific toscod- adult - juvenile Malleye pollock- adult Red brotula Pallid esipout Shortfin esipout Black esipout adult	130. 12. 22.	7 504.( 4 3,788.) 5 7	0 0-413.0 5 0-204.5 0-68.0	0-1,090.0 490.0-10,210.0 0-37.5	443.0		108.				)	
Pecific cod- adult - juvenile Pecific hake- adult - juvenile Pecific tomcod- adult - juvenile Malleye pollock- adult Red brotula Pellid selpout Shortfin selpout Black selpout adult	130. 12. 22.	4 3,798.3 5 7	5 0-204.5 0-68.0	490.0-10,210.0 0-37.5	+ 443.0		108.				)	
Pecific hake- adult - juvenile Pecific tomcod- adult - juvenile Malleye pollock- adult - juvenile Red brotulm Pallid esipout Shortfin esipout Black esipout- adult	12. 27.	7	0-68.0	0-37.5	443.0		108.	5 126	7 0 395 *			
Pacific tomcod- adult - Juvenile Valleye pollock- adult - Juvenile Red brotulm Pallid eelpout Shortfin eelpout Black eelpout- adult	12. 27.	7	0-68.0	0-37.5	•••).0		108.	N 126	7 ^ 326 4	0-390.0		
- juvenile Walleye pollock- adult - juvenile Red brotulm Pallid esipout Shortfin esipout Black esipout- adult		-				5.0						
Walleye pollock- sdult - juvenile Red brotulm Pallid esipout Shortfin esipout Black esipout- sdult	224.6	28.3	<b>9</b>	0-45.0				4.0		0-11.9		
Red brotulm Pallid eelpout Shortfin eelpout Black eelpout- adult	224.6		·					3.6		0-5.5		
Pallid eelpout Shortfin eelpout Black eelpout- adult	224.6											
Shortfin eelpout Black eelpout- adult	224.6										292.0	550.0
	224.6						3.5	6.1	0-10.5	0-18.2	2,210	1.5
	224.6											
- juvenile	224.6							19.1		0-53.4		110.0
Blackbelly eelpout- adult		3 1,641.0	100.3-462.0	0 690.0-2,733.0	407.0	67.0						
Shiner perch- adult		29.8										
- juvenile		29.0		0-89.5								
Pile perch- edult - juvenile												
Bluebarred prickleback	91.8	52.3	0-260.0	45.0-60.0								
Copper rockfish- adult			-200.0	47.0-00.0	13.5	3.5						
- juvenile												
Splitnose rockfish												
uillbeck rockflah- edult		1,625.0		840.0-2,045.0	330.0	110.0		***				
anary rockflah					.,			360.0		0-1080.0		
lockfish UID- juvenile	000.(	4,910.7	0-2,000.0	0-14,750.0								
ablefish- adult												
- juvenile								966.7		0-1750.0		
ingeod												
oughback sculpin pinyhead sculpin												
oft sculpin		0.8		0-2.5								18.5
adpole sculpin		1.3		0-4.0		2.5						
orthern spearnose poscher											75 0	
turgeon poscher	9.0		0-27								25.0	
luespotted poscher		6.7		0-20.0								
nailfigh UID packled sanddab- mdult				0-2010								
- jua-												
rrowtooth flounder												
tx sole- adult	103.0	205.0	0-300	A 414 A								
- juvenile		8.0	0-309	0-615.0 0-15.0	88.5			3.7		0-11.0		
lethead sole- adult	410.8	2,850.3	0-774.5	1,860.0-4,315.0		110.0						
" - juvenile					, 401.	0						
ock sole- sdult — juvenile		49.3		0+145.0								
lender sole- ndult g	854 3 I		61 5 1000 -									
- juvenile	17.2	56.5	1292.0	870.0-2320.0 32.0-72.0	441.0	445.0 8	93.9	613.3	200.0-443.0	170.0-1 020 0	206 A	746 0
	280.7	361.7	143.0-435.0	32.0+72.0 0-1,085.0							206.0	147+0
- juvenile	5.3		0-9.0	v-1,007.0	138.5	4,8	.0.717	2,553.3	91.0-2,132.0	990.0-5,300.0	4,291.0	620.0
glish sole- sdult	57.7		0-173.0					3,810.0				280.0
- juvenile 0 sele- adult - juvenile									0-301.0	0-6,290.0	252.0	
tels t	ore -											
3,	969.9	20,630			1,993 2	601 7.0	61.2	17,496.8			6,790	

172

Appendix C, Table 7. Abundance and range at multiple sample stations of otter trawl-caught fish by station and species in Saratoga Passage on July 1, 1986.

### Location

Species	PSDDA		PSDDA reference	20 <b>m</b> E	40m E	40m W	30m E
Spiny dogfish- adult " juvenile Longnose skate	0.3	0-1					3
Ratfish- adult "juvenile Pacific herring Longfin smelt	1	1-1					1
Plainfin midshipman- adult " - juvenil Pacific cod- adult " - juvenile							
Pacific hake- adult " - juvenile Pacific tomcod- adult	2.3	0-4	2				
" - juvenile Walleye pollock- adult " - juvenile					1		
Red brotula Pallid eelpout Shortfin eelpout	0.7	0-2					
Black eelpout- adult " - juvenile Blackbelly eelpout- adult " - juvenile	,	v L					2
Shiner perch- adult " - juvenile							
Pile perch- adult ""- juvenile Bluebarred prickleback			·				
Copper rockfish- adult " - juvenile Splitnose rockfish							
Quillback rockfish- adult " - juvenile Canary rockfish	0.3	0 <b>-</b> 1					
Rockfish UID- juvenile Sablefish- adult " - juvenile							
Lingcod Roughback sculpin Spinyhead sculpin	0.3	0–1			1		
Soft sculpin Tadpole sculpin Northern spearnose poacher	3	0-9					

Appendix C, Table 7. (Continued)

			Location								
Species	PSDDA		PSDDA reference	20 <b>m</b>	Ε	40m	E	40 <b>m</b>	W	80 m	Ε
<pre>Sturgeon poacher Bluespotted poacher Snailfish UID Speckled sanddab- adult " " - juvenile Arrowtooth flounder Rex sole- adult " " - juvenile Flathead sole- adult " " - juvenile Rock sole- adult " " - juvenile Slender sole- adult " " - juvenile Dover sole- adult " " - juvenile English sole- adult " " - juvenile C-0 sole- adult " " - juvenile</pre>	2.7	0-7	3	2		51		2		1 4 1 7	
Totals	10.60	)	5	6	1	5		2		19	

Appendix C, Table 8. Biomass (in grams) and range at multiple sample stations of otter trawl caught fish by station and species in Saratoga Passage on July 1, 1986.

.

### Location

PSDDA Species PSDDA PSDDA Reference 20m E 40m E 40m W 80m E (range) . Spiny dogfish- adult 351.7 0-1055 978 19 juvenile Longnose skate Ratfish- adult 441.7 255-695 142 juvenile Pacific herring Longfin smelt Plainfin midshipman- adult juvenile Pacific cod- adult " - juvenile Pacific hake- adult 741.5 0-1,381.5 678 " - juvenile Pacific tomcod- adult 1.5 juvenile Walleye pollock- adult . 11 \_\_\_\_\_\_ \_ juvenile Red brotula Pallid eelpout Shortfin eelpout 15.2 0-45.5 Black eelpout- adult 56 " - juvenile Blackbelly eelpout- adult - juvenile Shiner perch- adult " - juvenile Pile perch- adult " - juvenile Bluebarred prickleback Copper rockfish- adult " - juvenile Splitnose rockfish Quillback rockfish- adult 34.7 0-104 - juvenile Canary rockfish Rockfish UID- juvenile Sablefish- adult " - juvenile Lingcod 1,666.7 0-5,000 Roughback sculpin 9.5 Spinyhead sculpin Soft sculpin Tadpole sculpin 119.0 0-357

Appendix C, Table 8. (Continued)

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Species	PSDDA	PSDDA (range)	PSDDA Reference	20m.	E 40m.	E 4	Om	W 8	80m	E
Northern spearnose poacher Sturgeon poacher Bluespotted poacher Snailfish UID Speckled sanddab- adult " - juvenile Arrowtooth flounder										
Rex sole- adult " " - juvenile Flathead sole- adult " " - juvenile								1	107	
Rock sole- adult " " - juvenile				65	448 19					
Slender sole- adult ""- juvenile	9 <b>7</b>	0-245	120					1	142	
Dover sole- adult " " - juvenile								1	142	
English sole- adult " - juvenile C-O sole- adult " " - juvenile				424	863	1	37	4	417	
Totals	3,467.5		798	498.5	1,331.5	5 13	57	1,9	984	

Location

Appendix C, Table 9.

Number (abundance) of fish, biomass (in grams) and range at Navy and PSDDA sites of otter trawl caught fish by station and species in Port Gardner on February 12 and 13 1006 (1065)

4	Monthly Manual Andrea	l l	1	5°31	1.5 1.5 1.5	ł	1	11		ł	]	÷1,		ł					Tran 1 term	Mar Control
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			222	2 4 - 4 6 6		380-2420 0-33.6 0-124.0	<b>R</b> •	22-44 8-13		6820-8016 148-240	2-	12-30 0-27		2863-8740 0-288						0940
			1	Ī	#	<b>6-106.1</b>	8.0	ā	100	0-200	5.9		-	0 0 0						
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13       1-1       201       1-1       0-22       1-1       0-23       1-1       1-2       0-23       1-1       1-2			0.7	8 0	:	0·106					0.3	÷	6.5	0-25						
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Manual man manual manual anual manual manual manual manual manual manual manu		115															<del></del>	120 30		
Montension       1       0.3       0.4       0.3       0.4       0.3       0       0.3       0 <td></td> <td>111</td> <td>6.4</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>27,0-36</td> <td>-</td> <td>¢-2</td> <td>ŧ</td> <td>0-32</td> <td>5</td> <td>:</td> <td><b>6</b>.11</td> <td>0-20</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td>1</td>		111	6.4			27,0-36	-	¢-2	ŧ	0-32	5	:	<b>6</b> .11	0-20					-	1
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Montenerset       1       0.3       10       0.316       0.3       0.4       1       1       0.4       1 </td <td></td> <td>- Junite - Junite Environt: Buurker</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>4</td> <td>à</td> <td>ş</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>		- Junite - Junite Environt: Buurker									4	à	ş							
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Appendix C, Table 9 (continued).

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	TOTAL	4 265	242 54	8435 3	34 77	1780	20 1240.2	1.1	191	5	10453

Appendix C, Table 10. Nu

Number (abundance) of fish, biomass (in grams) and range at Navy and PSDDA sites for otter trawl caught fish, by station and species in Port Cardner on

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## Appendix C, Table 10 (continued).

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Appendix C, Table 11. Nu

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Number (abundance) of fish, biomass (in grams) and range at Navy and PSDDA sites for otter trawl caught fish by station and species in Port Gardner on June 30 and July 2 1986 (2006)

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# Appendix C, Table 11 (continued).

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Appendix C, Table 12.

Number (abundance) of fish, biomass (in grams) and range at Navy and PSDDA sites for otter trawl caught fish by station and species in Port Gardner on Serrember 11 and 15, 1002 (1002)

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Appendix C, Table 12 (continued).

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## APPENDIX D

Abundance and biomass (and range of multiple sample stations) of beam trawl-caught fish by station and species in Commencement Bay, Elliott Bay and Saratoga Passage.

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Appendix D, Table 1. Abundance and range at multiple sample stations of beam trawl-caught fish by station and species in Commencement Bay during July 1986.

### Location

Species	PSDDA 1	PSDDA 1 (range)	PSDDA 2	PSDDA 2 (range)	20 m
Ratfish- adult " - juvenile	0.67	0-1			2
Plainfin midshipman- adult " - juv.					9
Pacific cod- adult " - juvenile Pacific hake- adult " - juvenile Pallid eelpout Blackfin eelpout Blackbelly eelpout Snake prickleback Bluebarred prickleback					1
Quillback rockfish- adult " - juvenile Roughback sculpin Tadpole sculpin Slim sculpin			0.3	0-1	1
Bigeye poacher Blackfin poacher			0.3	0-1	
Arrowtooth flounder Flathead sole- adult " - juvenile	0.3	0-1			
Rock sole- adult " " - juvenile Slender sole- adult " " - juvenile			0.3	0~1	7 5
Dover sole- adult ""- juvenile English sole- adult ""- juvenile					1 17
Total	1		1		43

Appendix D, Table 2. Biomass (in grams) and range at multiple sample stations of beam trawl-caught fish by station and species in Commencement Bay during July 1986.

Loca	tion

Species	PSDDA 1	PSDDA 1 (range)	PSDDA 2	PSDDA 2 (range)	
Ratfish- adult " - juvenile	143.7	0-381			770.0
Plainfin midshipman- adult " - juv.					406.5
Pacific cod- adult " " - juvenile					106.0
Pacific hake- adult " - juvenile Pallid eelpout Blackfin eelpout Snake prickleback Bluebarred prickleback Quillback rockfish- adult " - juvenile Roughback sculpin Tadpole sculpin Slim sculpin	3		3.3		175.0
Bigeye poacher Blackfin poacher Arrowtooth flounder	68.3	0-205	6.7	0-20	
Flathead sole- adult " - juvenile Rock sole- adult " - juvenile Slender sole- adult " - juvenile Dover sole- adult	-		35.0	0-105	304.5 52.5
" " - juvenile English sole- adult " " - juvenile					7.5 2,369.5
Total	212.0		45.0		4,191.5

Appendix D, Table 3. Abundance and range at multiple sample stations of beam trawl-caught fish by station and species in Elliott Bay during June 1986.

.

Location

Species	PSDDA 1	PSDDA 1 (range)	PSDDA 1-Ref	PSDDA 2	PSDDA 2 (range)
Ratfish- adult " - juvenile Plainfin midshipman- adul " - juv. Pacific cod- adult	t 0.3	0-1		2.7	2-4
" - juvenile Pacific hake- adult " - juvenile Pallid eelpout			1		
Blackfin eelpout Blackbelly eelpout Snake prickleback Bluebarred prickleback Quillback rockfish- adult " - juveni	0.7 1.7 1.0	0-2 0-4 0-3	1	0.3	0-1
Roughback sculpin Tadpole sculpin Slim sculpin Bigeye poacher Blackfin poacher				0.3	0-1
Arrowtooth flounder Flathead sole- adult " - juvenile Rock sole- adult " - juvenile			1		
Slender sole- adult " " - juvenile	2.0 2.3	0-5 0-5	3		
Dover sole- adult " " - juvenile English sole- adult " " - juvenile			1	0.3	0-1
Total	8		7	3.7	

Appendix D, Table 4. Biomass (in grams) and range at multiple sample stations of beam trawl-caught fish by station and species in Elliott Bay during June 1986.

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Location
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Species	PSDDA 1	I PSDDA 1 (range)	PSDDA 1-Ref	PSDDA 2	PSDDA 2 (range)
Ratfish- adult				632.3	386-1,102
" - juvenile Plainfin midshipman- adul " - juv. Pacific cod- adult		0-13.0			
" "- juvenile					
Pacific hake- adult " " - juvenile			258.0		
Pallid eelpout					
Blackfin eelpout				5.7	0-17
Blackbelly eelpout	2.5	0-7.5	41.0		
Snake prickleback Bluebarred prickleback	5.4	0-13.1			
Quillback rockfish- adult	4-4	0-13.3			
juven					
Roughback sculpin					
Tadpole sculpin				1.0	0-3
Slim sculpin					
Bigeye poacher					
Blackfin poacher Arrowtooth flounder					
Flathead sole- adult			147.0		
" " - juvenile			147.0		
Rock sole- adult					
" " - juvenile					
Slender sole- adult		0-153.0	191.0		
" - juvenile	9.9	0-23.3			
Dover sole- adult " - juvenile			950.0	184.7	0 <del>-</del> 554
English sole- adult					
" - juvenile					
Total	602.2		1595.0	823.7	

Appendix D, Table 5. Abundance and range at multiple sample stations of beam trawl-caught fish by station and species at Elliott Bay during September 1986.

Location

Species	PSDDA 1	PSDDA 1 (range)	PSDDA 1-Ref	PSDDA 2	PSDDA 2 (range)
Ratfish- adult			ί.		
" - juvenile			2	1	0-2
Plainfin midshipman- adu					<u>с</u>
Pacific cod- adult	r.				
" " - juvenile					
Pacific hake- adult					
""- juvenile					
Pallid eelpout Blackfip colocut				0.3	Q <b>-</b> 1
Blackfin eelpout Blackbelly eelpout	5.0	1 10		0.7	
Snake prickleback	5.0	1-12			
Bluebarred prickleback	3.3	0-5			
Quillback rockfish- adul	t	- /			
Baughtel – juve	nile				
Roughback sculpin Tadpole sculpin					
Slim sculpin					
Bigeye poacher					
Blackfin poacher					
Arrowtooth flounder					
Flathead sole- adult	1.3	0-3			
. Jusettie					
Rock sole- adult " " - juvenile					
Slender sole- adult	5.3	2-9			
" - juvenile	7.0	0+14	1	0.3	0-1
Dover sole- adult	0.3	0-1	I	0.3	0-1
" - juvenile				0.)	0-1
English sole- adult ″″- juvenile					
- Juvenite					
Total	22.3		3	2.7	
				<b>L</b> • }	

Appendix D, Table 6. Biomass (in grams) and range at multiple sample stations of beam trawl-caught fish by station and species in Elliott Bay during September 1986.

### Location

.

Species	PSDDA 1	PSDDA 1 PS (range)	DDA 1-Ref	PSDDA 2	PSDDA 2 (range)
Ratfish- adult " - juvenile Plainfin midshipman- adu " - juv Pacific cod- adult			61	14.1	0-24.9
" " - juvenile Pacific hake- adult " " - juvenile Pallid eelpout				t.7	0-5.2
Blackfin eelpout Blackbelly eelpout Snake prickleback	75.6	1.5-210		2.4	0-7.3
Bluebarred prickleback Quillback rockfish- adul " - juve		14.5-17.9			
Roughback sculpin Tadpole sculpin Slim sculpin Bigeye poacher Blackfin poacher Arrowtooth flounder					
Flathead sole- adult " - juvenile Rock sole- adult " - juvenile	131.3	0-330			
Slender sole- adult " - juvenile	97.5 25.5		7.6	24.8	0-74.5
Dover sole- adult "" - juvenile English sole- adult "" - juvenile	70.7	0-212	1.0	68.3	0–205
Total	416.5		68.6	111.3	

Appendix D, Table 7. Abundance and range of multiple sample stations of beam trawl-caught fish by station and species in Saratoga Passage during June 1986.

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### Location

Species	PSDDA	PSDDA range	80 m E	40 m E	20 m E
Ratfish- adult	t	0-3			
" - juvenile					
Plainfin midshipman- adult					
- juv. Pacific cod- adult					
" " - juvenile					
Pacific hake- adult	0.3	0-1			
" " - juvenile	F				
Pallid eelpout	_				
Blackfin eelpout Blackbelly eelpout		0-1			
Snake prickleback	0.3	0-1	1		
Bluebarred prickleback			4		
Quillback rockfish- adult	0.3	0-1	+		
" - juvenile					
Roughback sculpin					
Tadpole sculpin Slim sculpin					
Bigeye poacher				4	
Blackfin poacher	1	0-2			
Arrowtooth flounder					
Flathead sole- adult					
- Gavettria					
Rock sole- adult "" - juvenile					
Slender sole- adult	8.0	4-13	2	1	
" - juvenile	0.0	4-12	6	1	
Dover sole- adult				·	
- Juvenile	0.3	0-1			
English sole- adult " - juvenile					3
- PRIGHTIG					
Total	11.7		7	6	3

Appendix D, Table 8. Biomass (in grams) and range at multiple sample stations of beam trawl-caught fish by station and species in Saratoga Passage during June 1986.

### Location

Species		PSDDA	PSDDA (range)	80 m E	40 m E	20 m E
	- adult	421.7	0-1,265			
	- juvenile n midshipman- adult " - juv.					
Pacific "	cod- adult " - juvenile					
Pacific "	hake- adult " - juvenile	228.7	0-686			
Pallid	eelpout					
	n eelpout lly eelpout	4.3	0-13	27.0		
Snake p	rickleback			E1.0		
	red prickleback ck rockfish- adult	65.3	0.406	19+5		
40111040	" - juvenile		0-196			
	ck sculpin					
Slim scu	sculpin ulpin				10.5	
Bigeye j	poacher				10.9	
	n poacher oth flounder	6.7	0-15			
	i sole- adult					
H Deele eel	" - juvenile					
ROCK SO	ie- adult - juvenile					
Slender	sole- adult	276.3	117-483	63.0	21.0	
	" - juvenile )le- adult				21.5	
<b>P9</b> 1	' - juvenile	1.2	0-3.5			
English "	sole- adult " - juvenile					52.0
Total		1,004.2		109.5	51.0	52.0

### APPENDIX E

Number of flatfish per hectare caught by otter trawl in Commencement Bay, Ellictt Bay, Saratoga Passage and Port Gardner, shown by season, station and species.

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Number of each flatfish species per hectare caught by otter trawl at each	station in Commencement Bay during summer and autumn, 1986.
Appendix E, Table 1.	

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		PBDA 1		2 40			•			
Fistfish Species	suas Fish/Ha	AUGG Fleh/Ha	suas Fish/Ha	suas Auas Fish/Ha Fish/He	sues Fish/Ma	AUSS Finh/Ma	SUB6 Flah/Na	AU86 Fich/He	suns toom suns A Fiah/No Fia	am Augs Fish/Me
spectial services				1.35		•	27	G		13.5
rex some -adult fisthead sole -adult						72		36		
rock sole - adult siender sole - adult	4.5	16.65	1.35	S AK		ŀ	•	54 19		
Dover sole - adult - interfe	5.85	37.35	4	14.85			22.5	67.5	27	13.5 54
English sols - solut CO sols - solut		3.15	1.35			85.5 4.5	180	13.5 819		13.5
TOT. FLATFISHMA	10,35	57.15	7.2	22.05	•	171	238.5	1044	27	94.5

Ē 4 4 č Number of each flatfish species per herrare Appendix E, Table 2.

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	station in Elliott Bay during summer and autumn, 1986.

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	P500		PSDDA	1 Ref	PSD	0 <b>A</b> 2	PSODA	5 Bat 1	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Fistfish Species	suse Fish/Ha	AU86 Fish/Ha	suas Fish/Ha	AU06 Flah/Ha	suse Fish/Ha	SU66 AU66 Fish/Ha Fish/Ha	SU86 Flah/Ma	AU66 Fish/He	recux z nar z Auŝe Fish/Ha
rex sole -adult - invente	5. <b>8</b> 5	10.35 5 85	4.5			1.35			
(inthead sole -adult rock sole - adult	25,65	111.15	67.5	4.5					
siender sole - aduit - Invenile	70.65 10.35	210.15 32 A5	54	36	27	41.85	13.5	36	40.5
Dover nois - adult - Inventio	10.35	10.35	9 kQ F ≪F		19.35	30.15	40.5	a	13,5
English sole - adult	1.35				1.35	73.35	4.5	126	148.5
TOT. FLATPISHINA	120.7	342.05	135	40.5	47.7	146.7	58.5	171	202.5

Number of each flatfish species per hectare caught by otter trawl at each station in Saratoga Passage during summer, 1986. Appendix E, Table 3.

Flatfish Species	PSDDA SU86 Fish/Ha	PSDDA Ref SUB6 Fish/Ha	20mE SU66 Flsh/Ha	40mE SU86 Fish/Ha	40 m W SU86 Flah/Ha	80mE SU86 Fish/Ha
rex sole -adult						4.5
ilathead sole -adult rock sole - adult			G	22.5		
siender sole - aduit	12.15	13.5		4.0		18
Lover sole - aduit English sole - aduit			18	31.5	0	31.5
TOT. FLATFISH/Ha	12.15	13.6	27	58.5	3	58.5

Number of each flatfish species per hectare caught by otter trawl at each station in Port Cardner during spring, 1986. Appendix E, Table 5.

	HAVY Fishing	Fishins	Fish/Ha	Transat 1 205 Fishille		Transet 100M Fish/Ma	Tameri 2 200 7145/10	Treeset 2 408 Flahrita	Transol 2 1168 Flaktha	Transact 4 200 Flaib/Ma	Transect 4 446 Flah/Ha	Transet 4 1458 Fish/Na
	9 9	•	••	• (	•	a		•	a			c
Pacific servicies		••	9 9	e e	• •	9 (		<b>G</b>	0		0	• •
state - definition and the	•	•	9	• •					• •		0	•
- Jerendosti fisundas Attentiosti fisundas	• •	• •	•	•	• • •			••	00		<i>•</i> •	<b>0</b> 0
the serie - adult	25.65		1.35	• •	<b>.</b> e	• •		•	•		0	) a
	8	0	3.15	• •	• •	• •		• 4	0 0		a i	ą
	25.45	0	•	•	•			• •			0 0	
		• •	0 0	•	\$*	•		22.5	• •		- <b>4</b>	
triantier sale - adult	76.5	21,15		9 9	• •	•		•	0		•	• •
	7,65	•	0	• •	0 0			• •	<b>a</b> (		0	4
Down cate	11,07	27	3.15	9	15	• •		9 0			•	0
	136.35	12.15	10 - 10 10	•	-	274.5		13.5			04	•
starry Nounder	• •		• •	• •	•	9		•	•		1	• •
60 antia	• •		, a	> -	> 0	<b>.</b>		•	<b>.</b>		•	•
	•	0	•	•	4.5	) a		• •			0 e	• •
TOT. FLATFIBHUM	284.65	£.0 <b>9</b>	41.45	3	Ŧ	:		:	22.5			• ‡

Number of each flatfish species per hectare caught by otter trawl at each station in Port Gardner during summer, 1986. Appendix E, Table 6.

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Previor. 1 Previor. 1	
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	TOT. PLATFIENDE

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Number of each flatfish species caught by otter trawl at each station in Port Gardner during autumn, 1986. Appendix E, Table 7.

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