

**F.O.I.A.**

**JULIUS ROSENBERG ET AL.**

**FILE DESCRIPTION**

**HEADQUARTERS FILE**

**SUBJECT HARRY GOLD**

**FILE NO. 65-57449**

**VOLUME NO. 20**

**SERIALS**

**550-571**

## **NOTICE**

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File No: 65-57449  
SELT. 20Re: HARRY GOLD  
MEEROPOL V. MEERSEDate: 10/86  
(month/year)

Serial	Date	Description (Type of communication, to, from)	No. of Pages		Exemptions used or, to whom referred (Identify statute if (b)(3) cited)
			Actual	Released	
550	6/1/50	PH LETTER TO HQ, NY, WFO	6	6	
551	6/12/50	W/ ENC. + ENVELOPE PH LETTER TO HQ, NY,	1/1/29	1/1/29	
552	7/10/50	W/ ENVELOPE + ENCLOSURE VAN LOON MEMO TO HENNRICH	1/1/18	1/1/18	b1, b2, b7D
553	6/9/50	ENVELOPE + ENCLOSURE w/ EN NY LETTER TO HQ w/	1/1/6	1/1/6	
554	7/12/50	HQ TT TO HQ, NY, PH	1	1	
555	6/20/50	CV REPT (INCORRECT)	2	2	
555	7/5/50	HQ TT TO CV, PH	1	1	
556	7/14/50	PH LETTER TO HQ NY	1	1	b7D
556	7/24/50	HQ LETTER TO PH	1	0	b7D
557	7/3/50	HENNRICH TO BELMONT MEMO	1	1	
558	7/14/50	BELMONT MEMO TO LADD	2	2	
559	Recd 6/6	GRAND JURY CHARGES	3	3	

77 Rev 76 Rel 1 Deny 0 Ref 0 Presumed 0 Preproc  
FBI/DOJ

File No: 65-57449  
SECT. 20

Re: HARRY GOLD  
MEEROPOL V. MEESE

Date: 10/86  
(month/year)

Serial	Date	Description (Type of communication, to, from)	No. of Pages		Exemptions used or, to whom referred (Identify statute if (b)(3) cited)
			Actual	Released	
559	6/6/50	DOJ let HQ (letter) HQ	2	2	
560	6/14/50	PH TT to HQ, NY	1	1	
561	6/6/50	BELMONT MEMO TO LADD	2	2	
562	7/12/50	PH TT HQ, NY	6	6	
N/R	7/19/50	PH TT to HQ	2	2	
N/R	7/24/50	LA, SE PH REPT HQ, AQ, NY,	6	-	Disposition of document in Greenglass 65-59028-223
N/R	7/5/50	PG + AL KX LETTER TO HQ, PH,	1	1	
N/R	7/6/50	KX LETTER TO HQ, AL	2	2	
N/R	7/26/50	HQ LETTER TO AAG	1	1	
N/R	7/6/50	LAB LETTER TO AL	2	2	
N/R	7/20/50	HQ letter to AG	3	-	Disposition of document in Brothman 100-365040-147
N/R	7/24/50	NY + PH WFO LETTER TO HQ,	4	1	b1

32 Rev 20 Rel 3 Deny 0 Ref 9 Presumed 0 Preproc



File No: 65-57449  
SECT. 20

Re: Harry Gold  
MEERPOL V. MEER

Date: 10/86  
(month/year)

Serial	Date	Description (Type of communication, to, from)	No. of Pages		Exemptions used or, to whom referred (Identify statute if (b)(3) cited)
			Actual	Released	
N/R	7/4/50	AL REPT HQ, NY, BS,	2	-	Disposition of document in Fuchs 65-58805-1405
N/R	7/11/50	PH letter to HQ	1	-	Disposition of document in Brothman 100-365040-165
563	7/5/50	PH TT TO HQ, NY	2	2	
563	7/7/50	HQ LETTER TO AAG	1	1	
564	7/14/50	HQ LETTER TO AAG	1	1	
565	7/17/50	HQ TT to NY, PH	1	1	
566	7/14/50	PH TT to HQ, NY	1	1	
567	7/12/50	PH TT to HQ	1	1	
568	7/14/50	NY LETTER TO HQ	1	1	b7c
569	7/14/50	W/ENC LAUGHLIN MEMO TO BELMONT	1/5	1/5	
569	7/14/50	AAG LETTER TO HQ	1	1	
569	7/15/50	HQ LETTER TO AAG	3	3	

21 18 0 0 3 0  
Rev Rel Deny Ref Presumed Preproc FBI/DOJ

47 49 0 0 0 0  
Kev Kel Deny Ref Presumed Proproc FBI/DOJ

## Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

DATE: June 1, 1950

TO : Director, FBI

FROM : SAC, Philadelphia

SUBJECT: UNKNOWN SUBJECT, wa FRED  
HARRY GOLD - INFORMANT  
ESPIONAGE - R

The information being set out hereinafter was obtained from HARRY GOLD relative to his third Russian contact in connection with GOLD's espionage activity.

In late 1937 or early 1938, GOLD was being handled by his unknown Russian contact, STEVE SWARTZ, to whom GOLD had been giving information concerning chemical processes mostly from the Pennsylvania Sugar Company where GOLD was employed.

GOLD advised that at about this time, he had given nearly all of the material at Pennsylvania Sugar in which the Russians would be interested, and STEVE began pressing him to obtain more recruits and to give more information.

Therefore, in late 1937 or early 1938 at a Saturday afternoon meeting in New York City, STEVE introduced GOLD to his next Russian contact whom he knew only as FRED.

GOLD stated that on this Saturday afternoon, he met STEVE at a meeting previously arranged and they went to a restaurant on upper Broadway in the 80's. GOLD could not recall the exact location of the restaurant, but was of the opinion that it was a chain restaurant such as Rudleys. While they were seated in the restaurant, STEVE asked GOLD to wait a moment and he left the restaurant, but returned in about five minutes. GOLD was under the impression that STEVE made a telephone call. About five minutes after STEVE returned, a man entered the restaurant and was introduced to GOLD as FRED. Just before FRED approached them, STEVE asked GOLD to give the sign of recognition which GOLD did. GOLD stated he could not recall what the sign of recognition was unless it was merely to nod or smile at the man.

tsm/rac  
65-newcc: New York  
WFO

PH File 65-4307 (HARRY GOLD)

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Director, FBI

FRED joined STEVE and GOLD, and STEVE stated that he was not feeling very well. GOLD added that STEVE usually looked as though he were not feeling well. STEVE informed GOLD that the latter was going to work with FRED. STEVE informed GOLD that the reason he was leaving was that he had not been feeling well.

GOLD said that after association with FRED, he came to the conclusion that the reason STEVE turned him over to FRED was that GOLD was not producing very much information, and since FRED was what GOLD described as a "tough guy", he thought that perhaps the Russians were of the opinion FRED could get GOLD to do more.

STEVE left them and GOLD and FRED then made arrangements for a subsequent meeting, and during GOLD's association with FRED, each meeting was arranged in the future on a specific date with an alternate meeting provided for. Each meeting was a definite date such as June 18, together with the details, and never was arranged such as the third Friday in June, or the like.

GOLD described FRED as a "strict disciplinarian" who "lived by the book". When asked to enlarge upon this, GOLD said that FRED was more insistent upon GOLD's being careful when meeting him than any of his Russian contacts. GOLD was of the opinion that it was FRED who told him that if he wanted to check and see if he were being followed, to stop and tie his shoelace, or walk up deserted side streets. FRED also advised him that any time GOLD had to tear up a piece of paper which had some connection with his activity with the Russians, it should be torn up in very small pieces and each piece dropped in a separate block while GOLD was walking down the street.

In addition, GOLD said that FRED was constantly suggesting that he obtain more information, and when GOLD stated that Pennsylvania Sugar had very few possibilities left, FRED insisted that GOLD obtain a position with the Government and GOLD distinctly recalls the suggestion that he obtain employment at the Philadelphia Navy Yard. GOLD said he never did this and during his entire association with FRED, he merely supplied FRED with "odds and ends" relative to chemical processes obtained from the Pennsylvania Sugar Company.

Director, FBI

GOLD said that FRED gave him instructions on how to wrap information which was to be turned over to FRED by GOLD. GOLD stated that FRED told him to put the paper containing the information between the folds of newspapers and when the two met the Russian contact, who was also carrying a newspaper but with nothing in it, would exchange papers with GOLD. FRED also said that if the information were so bulky that the use of a wrapper was necessitated, it should be wrapped in plain brown paper.

In this regard GOLD stated although he had not definitely attributed it to FRED, he was given instructions that he should never wear anything with any initial on it such as a tie clasp, belt buckle, or the like, or wear any ring with an unusual design, or wear anything which might attract the attention of someone who might be looking at GOLD.

GOLD said that he did not have very many meetings with FRED and GOLD tried to arrange them as infrequently as possible, whereas FRED would try to arrange them more frequently. GOLD stated that he met FRED once in Philadelphia but the remainder of the meetings were in New York City. GOLD could not recall the details of the meeting in Philadelphia, and only the barest recollection of the meetings in New York City.

GOLD said that on one occasion FRED offered him \$50 which was refused. GOLD said that he was very short at the time and actually he considered taking it for a brief moment because he did not know whether he had enough money to get back to Philadelphia. At the following meeting with FRED, GOLD said that FRED was very ingratiating and told GOLD that he should reconsider the offer of money. FRED told GOLD that "they" had it on record that money had previously been offered to GOLD but it had been refused. GOLD advised FRED that his expenses were very inconsequential inasmuch as the train fare from Philadelphia to New York was only about \$1.50 or \$1.75 and further, that he never had accepted money from his previous contacts and therefore he did not want to start.

GOLD recalled another meeting with FRED along 5th Avenue in the 90's. He recalled that he was with FRED a very short period of time but that FRED had stated that he had somewhere else to go

Director, FBI

and would meet GOLD later on in the day. GOLD said that they did meet later on in the day at a spot on 5th Avenue either a little above or a little below the place where they met earlier in the day.

GOLD said that he definitely formed the opinion that FRED was handling other agents inasmuch as he stated several times to GOLD that he had someone else to see or somewhere else to go.

GOLD stated that his last meeting with FRED was in the late summer or early fall just before his enrollment at Xavier University. GOLD said that he got on a train at 30th Street Station in Philadelphia to go to New York to keep his appointment with FRED, at which time GOLD had definitely decided he was going to Cincinnati to enroll in Xavier. GOLD said that he obtained a seat in a non-smoking coach and was walking through the train shortly after it left the station to go to the smoker and saw FRED sitting on the train. Their eyes met but FRED looked away and GOLD continued walking to the smoking car where he said he either put a newspaper or his hat in a seat and then decided to turn around and go back to see FRED. GOLD stated that he went back to where he had seen FRED but the latter was gone and GOLD saw him nowhere on the train. GOLD stated he is pretty definite that this train had come from Washington, D. C.

GOLD stated that for a brief instant when their eyes met, FRED gave the appearance of being "scared to death".

On arriving in New York, GOLD went to the appointed spot. GOLD could not recall where this meeting took place but recalled that it was raining and he kept looking for FRED who usually wore a trench-type rain coat. GOLD said that FRED showed up about  $\frac{1}{2}$  hour late and it was GOLD's opinion that FRED had been thinking about whether he should see GOLD on this occasion or not. GOLD stated that when FRED came up he glared at GOLD for a few moments and when GOLD started to mention the train incident, FRED immediately brushed him off and said that he had other things to talk about, giving GOLD the definite impression that FRED did not want to mention the train incident.

GOLD stated that he was afraid that FRED was going to become very angry upon hearing GOLD's final decision relative to going to Cincinnati, but FRED merely stated that he saw that GOLD had

Director, FBI

made up his mind to go and there was nothing that could be done. GOLD said that he definitely thinks FRED had just about given up on him and was getting "fed up" with GOLD's inability to produce any valuable information.

GOLD stated that FRED made no mention about any possible future contacts after finishing school but GOLD told the Agents that he always thought during the two year period from 1938 to 1940 that he would at some time be recontacted by the Russians.

The following is a physical description of FRED as supplied by HARRY GOLD:

Age	30 to 33 (1938)
Height	5'4" to 5'6"
Weight	140
Hair	Dark
Eyes	Dark
Complexion	Swarthy
Face	Sagging jowls
Mustache	Medium size, black
Nose	Large
Build	Stocky
Speech	Russian accent
Mannerisms	Definitely foreign—GOLD of opinion he had not been in this country very long
Residence	Washington (on basis of train trip) or New York—in GOLD's opinion

GOLD has been shown numerous photographs of suspected Soviet agents as well as photographs of Russian Nationals previously in this country. GOLD has thus far singled out two pictures of individuals whom he states somewhat resembled FRED. These individuals, both Russian Nationals, are MICHEL D. KAPTELTZEFF and JOSEPH TSURIN (this name has sometimes been written as ISURIN).

For a number of days after GOLD's confession, his emotional state had been such that he has had extreme difficulty in

Director, FBI

trying to remember details of his espionage contacts, especially those which occurred during the period 1936 to 1938. During the subsequent interviews with GOLD, attempts will be made to obtain more detailed description of this individual as well as more details on his meetings with FRED.

Of possible interest, it is to be pointed out that when JACOB GOLOS contacted GOLD for the first time (for GOLOS) he introduced himself over the telephone by stating that he was a friend of FRED and STEVE SWARTZ.

The interested offices and the Bureau will be informed of any additional information relative to FRED as supplied by GOLD.



## Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

DATE: July 12, 1950

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI  
 FROM : SAC, PHILADELPHIA  
 SUBJECT: HARRY GOLD, was.,  
 ESPIONAGE - R

ReButel July 11, 1950.

There is forwarded herewith to the Bureau and New York copy of the Statement made by GOLD concerning FUCHS and which was signed by GOLD on July 10, 1950.

GOLD made certain corrections in the statement in ink and initialed all corrections. The corrections and initials on the enclosed copy were made by a stenographer from the corrections on the original. This statement consists of 29 typewritten pages.

The original of this statement is being maintained in the Philadelphia office.

65-4307  
 REB:EMC

cc: New York (Enc) (Special Delivery)

Enclosure to Bureau (Special Delivery)

7/19/50  
 Photostatic copy  
 under to [unclear]  
 EV2

ENCLOSURE ATTACHED  
 136  
 EX-3

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JUL 18 1950

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EX-3

65-57449-551  
 [Signature]

71 AUG 4 1950



July 10, 1950  
~~June 30, 1950~~  
Philadelphia, Penna.

H.G.

*H.G.*  
I, HARRY GOLD, hereby make the following voluntary statement to T. SCOTT MILLER, JR., and RICHARD E. BRENNAN, who have identified themselves to me as Special Agents of the Federal Bureau of Investigation. No threats or promises have been made me, and I realize that I do not have to make any statement, and any statement I do make may be used against me in a Court of Law. I realize that I have a right to counsel.

I would like to add the following to the statement which I gave the above Agents on May 22, 1950. The matter concerns an elaboration on my various meetings with KLAUS FUCHS.

*H.G.*  
The first meeting took place in late January or very early February 1944, and was at the Henry Street settlement on the East side of New York.

The second meeting, and I had set the place, and the time had been agreed upon mutually by KLAUS and myself, was on the Northwest corner of 59th Street and Lexington Avenue; this was about ten days to two weeks after our initial contact. The corner I have specified has a bank with very tall colonnades, and there is a subway entrance in the bank building itself. I met KLAUS directly under one of the first colonnades, or possibly along 59th Street on the South side of the bank. We walked in the general direction of the Queensboro Bridge, the intention in my mind being that we would walk across the bridge and into Queens itself. However, this bridge was closed to foot traffic during this period, and instead we

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of the bridge.  
Harry Gold  
7-10-50

TSM

REB

We may have walked as far North as 75th Street, and we may have gone back to 2nd Avenue, and very likely we made at least several passages on the dark deserted streets between 1st Avenue and 2nd, between 55th Street and 70th Street.

My recollection of the third meeting with KLAUS FUCHS ~~is~~ *is* *H*  
It occurred in March of 1944. I recall this clearly, it was still quite cold and we both wore overcoats. This took place on Madison Avenue in the 70's, and we immediately turned into one of the dark deserted side streets toward 5th, and the transfer of information took place there. The whole affair took possibly 30 seconds or one minute, and I immediately walked ahead of KLAUS and down 5th Avenue toward 57th Street and 6th Avenue, where approximately 15 minutes later I turned over the information to JOHN. Here again the meeting was of the briefest possible duration, possibly a minute or so.

The fourth meeting with KLAUS FUCHS took place in the Bronx of New York, and was in front of a large movie theater on the Grand Concourse near Fordham Road, but not quite that far.

We went for a walk partly along the Grand Concourse, but usually on the side streets, during which time we discussed the next meeting which was to be at Queens, *N.Y.* and at which a second transfer of information was to take place, and the exact details were arranged. After this I took KLAUS to dinner, it was a wet and somewhat chilled night for April, and as I recall, he had a bad cough, and I did not wish to expose him to the elements any more than was necessary. This whole procedure of going to dinner in a restaurant was against anything

Harry Gold  
7-10-50

TSM

REB

that we had previously set forth as a matter of technique of meeting, but I felt that the circumstance justified such a deviation from the rules. We had a dinner at which we discussed a number of matters, including music and chess. It was also at this dinner that we agreed that should either of us ever be questioned as to how we happened to meet, that the story would be that we had met at one of the New York Philharmonic's concerts sometime in March of 1944, and in Carnegie Hall; <sup>H.G.</sup> ~~H.G.~~ the idea was that we had had adjacent seats and had talked together in the lobby during the intermission. Also, there was the idea that at a subsequent time I would go to the files of a New York paper, most likely the New York Sun, and I believe I mentioned this paper to KLAUS, and would look up the date of such a concert and would determine what numbers or what musical selections had been on the program. I would then give KLAUS a list of the musical selections so that we would both be familiar with the program were we questioned. The restaurant to which I took KLAUS to dinner was called Rosenheim's, and is adjacent to Alexanders Department Store at Fordham Road and the Grand Concourse. After we had dinner and emerged from Rosenheim's—the weather was still nasty—I recall a cold drizzle was falling, <sup>W.E.</sup> ~~and I~~ took a cab and went downtown to the neighborhood of the 80's and Madison Avenue. There is some possibility that it may have been the 90's and Lexington Avenue. We went into a small bar which also contained tables, and sat at one of these tables and had several drinks. We then left the bar and I put KLAUS in a cab. I now recall that the reason for KLAUS taking the cab was that he lived on the other side of Manhattan, and

Harry Gold  
7-10-50

TSM

REB

*possible J.B.*  
direct transportation through Central Park late at night is very difficult. After KLAUS's cab had departed I waited for a few moments until an empty cab came along, and took this to the Pennsylvania Station and then took the next train to Philadelphia.

My fifth meeting with KLAUS FUCHS took place in May of 1944, and was in Queens, not too far from Queensboro Plaza. I recall the event clearly because I got lost in the neighborhood of Queens' Plaza and had to take a cab for a distance of about a half a mile until I came to the spot I had indicated to KLAUS FUCHS. I was possibly two or three minutes late; he was already there. On this occasion FUCHS gave me the second packet of information, again consisting of some 25 to 40 pages. The total time of the meeting was not over three or four minutes, and after I left him, I walked rapidly further out in Queens, and then took an elevated train some distance further, possibly a ten minute ride. After leaving the elevated I was in the general area where I was to meet JOHN. I still had about five minutes to wait and I recall stopping near a drug store, and taking a glimpse at the information that KLAUS had turned over to me. This was in a very small but distinctive writing; it was in ink, and consisted mainly of mathematical derivations. There was also further along in the report a good deal of descriptive detail. I did not look at the report for much more than two minutes at the most. About five minutes after this I went to the place where I was to meet JOHN, this was somewhere between Woodside and Jackson Heights, and somewhere close to the elevated line which runs

Harry Gold  
7-10-50

TSM

REB

- 1 -

out Queens and ends in Flushing; there I turned over the information to JOHN, ~~and~~ <sup>N.Y.</sup> The total time of transfer was not more than one minute with hardly a word said. The time of the meeting with KLAUS was about 7:00 o'clock in the evening, possibly somewhat earlier. The time of the meeting with JOHN was about 7:30. As I recall it was dark or certainly very early evening when I met JOHN, but this may have been due to the fact that the entire day was heavily overcast.

The sixth meeting with KLAUS FUCHS occurred in Brooklyn, and it was somewhere in the area of Boro Hall. This was in June, 1944. <sup>N.Y.</sup>

During this meeting I recall that KLAUS FUCHS told me that there was some possibility that his sister who lived in Cambridge, Massachusetts, he did not give me her name, however, might come to New York. He explained to me that his sister was married and had two children, and that she was having great difficulty with her husband and that she was fully intending to leave her husband and come to New York. Should this occur, KLAUS told me that he would like very much to be able to share an apartment with his sister. I gathered that he and his sister were very close to each other and also the fact that KLAUS was extremely fond of <sup>the</sup> children. <sup>N.Y.</sup> KLAUS told me that he brought up the matter because he first wanted me to inquire of my superior whether such an action would be all right. I said that I would make the inquiry. This conversation took place while we were walking away from Boro Hall and further into Brooklyn. I recall clearly that after this meeting I met JOHN, on the very same evening. The meeting with KLAUS took place

Harry Gold  
7-10-50

TSM

REB

at about 8:30 and lasted for possibly half to three quarters of an hour, possibly even an hour, so that I met JOHN sometime about 9:00.

There may have been during this meeting with JOHN and the just completed one with KLAUS FUCHS, some transfer of information from KLAUS to me and then from myself to JOHN; however, I do not clearly recall such an event. I do not recall much of the subject of my conversation with JOHN, except that he was extremely satisfied with the way that things were going and that he left me after a very brief meeting of possibly five to ten minutes. It is this brevity of the meeting with JOHN that makes me think that there may have been some transfer of information.

The seventh meeting with KLAUS FUCHS occurred in either very late June, but most likely in early July of 1944. This took place near an Art Museum in the 60's, and on the West side of 5th Avenue. We went for a long walk, almost entirely in Central Park and in the many winding roads and small paths leading through the park itself. This meeting took at least an hour and a half and was a very leisurely one.

*that later in the year, or early in the next year, H.H.*  
During this walk KLAUS told me that there was some possibility that he would be transferred somewhere to the Southwest. He thought that possibly this would be Mexico. He also told me at this time that his brother, GERHARD, was now in Switzerland and was convalescing as a result of having been only recently released from a German concentration camp. I gathered from the conversation that GERHARD was of the same political <sup>conviction</sup> ~~conviction~~ as KLAUS FUCHS. I also told KLAUS that it would be perfectly all right, should his sister come to New York,

Harry Gold  
7-10-50

TSM

WFB



for him to take an apartment together with her and the children. Actually, I had not mentioned the matter to JOHN at all, but had taken it upon myself to tell KLAUS that such a proceeding was O.K.

The eighth meeting was to take place in Brooklyn and was to be about two weeks, possibly three, after the meeting in Central Park in July; this would place it about the end of July 1944. The meeting was to occur in front of the Bell Cinema, which is just off the Eastern Parkway in Brooklyn and very close to the Brooklyn Museum of Art, only it is on the <sup>opposite</sup> ~~eastern~~ side of the Parkway from the Museum. This meeting did not take place, nor did a subsequent one which had been scheduled for such an eventuality, on Central Park West, and somewhere about 96th Street and possibly somewhat above 96th.

On the second occasion I became very worried, particularly since the area is very close to a section of New York where "muggings" often occur, and also the fact that KLAUS was of slight build and might seem an inviting prey. I would like to emphasize that neither the meeting at the Bell Cinema in Brooklyn, nor the one on Central Park West, about 96th Street, occurred because of the fact that KLAUS FUCHS did not show up -- I was there on both occasions.

When I reported the fact of the second unsuccessful attempt with KLAUS FUCHS to JOHN, we held a very long discussion lasting possibly two hours, in which we speculated upon just what the difficulty might be. Our principal trouble was to decide whether KLAUS, for some reason was unable to keep the meetings, <sup>if</sup> though he was still in New York, or whether he had actually left New York.

Harry Gold  
7-10-50

TSM

REB

On the occasion of my next meeting with JOHN, which was in, I believe, very late August of 1944, the following events occurred:

This meeting took place on a very early Sunday morning, I would say about 8:30 to 9:00 o'clock, and it occurred in downtown New York, *near Washington Square. H.B.* At this time JOHN told me that he had ascertained the address of KLAUS FUCHS, and that I should, that very morning, make inquiry at that address as to whether KLAUS was there. Toward this end I went some distance up town and in one of the railroad stations I purchased a book called, "JOSEPH THE PROVIDER" which had recently been published and had been written by THOMAS MANN. *H.B.* On the inside cover of this book I printed very legibly the following, "K. FUCHS, 123 West 77th Street, New York, N.Y., *which address John had given me. H.B.*" It was this book that I took with me to the address given. I recall the appearance of the building very well. It was some sort of white stone and looked newer and better kept than the other buildings on the same block. It was, as I recall, about a four-story-dwelling, used as an apartment house. This building was on the South side of the Street. I looked around outside the building, and down a very short flight of steps, *H.B.* and just to the side of the door leading into the building was an old man whom I took to be a janitor; he was handling some rubbish from the apartment house. I believe that I made an inquiry of him as to whether KLAUS FUCHS lived there, but he appeared somewhat puzzled by my question. I then opened the door and went into the vestibule. There may have been a very short flight of steps leading up to the vestibule. There to my gratification, among the nameplates, I saw

Harry Gold  
7-10-50

ASM

REB

one reading, "Dr. KLAUS FUCHS," though it might have read, "Dr. K. FUCHS."  
I pressed the buzzer, but there was no answer, and finally I opened the  
door leading from the vestibule into the main hall; this <sup>door</sup> was unlocked.  
I went into the main hall, along the first floor, looking for the apart-  
ment which as I recall had been given alongside the nameplate as being  
1-E or 1F, (there is some possibility that it may have been 1-D). As I  
walked along the vestibule a door opened, either in the very apartment  
where KLAUS was supposed to live or possibly in the one alongside it,  
and an old woman looked out. Also at that time there came behind me the  
janitor. I asked the woman for the apartment of Dr. FUCHS, and at this  
time the janitor joined in the conversation. I can not recall clearly  
whether it was he or she who told me that Dr. FUCHS was no longer there.  
On further questioning, when I asked how I could get in touch with him,  
they said that they did not think that I could; that he had left town  
for "somewhere on a boat." <sup>H.B.</sup> I then explained to them that I was a friend  
of Dr. FUCHS and that I had merely wanted to return this book which he  
had loaned to me. I did not deem it wise to make any further inquiries  
at 128 West 77th Street, but I do recall the janitor and the woman, <sup>H.B.</sup> who  
I believe was his wife, talking as I left.

Later that morning, and somewhere between 10:00 and 11:00  
o'clock, possibly closer to 11:00, I met JOHN on Broadway, somewhere  
around 96th and Broadway, and possibly further up on Broadway and very  
close to Columbia University. I told JOHN about the results of my  
investigation and we held a long discussion, principally while walking

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along Riverside Drive and in the area of the 90's. We talked at great length as to how we might possibly send a letter or communication to the 77th Street address with the hope that it would be forwarded to FUCHS. I believe that our conclusion was that such a procedure might be too risky as it might involve an awkward explanation on KLAUS' part to the authorities, who were very likely censoring all mail. After some further discussion the only conclusion we could come to, and the advice which JOHN gave me, was to "sit tight."

On the occasion of a subsequent meeting in early September of 1944, we again discussed at length the matter of getting in touch with KLAUS FUCHS, and it was there, I believe, that I mentioned the fact that FUCHS had a sister who lived in Boston. Now it may be possible that JOHN himself may have brought up the matter of FUCHS's sister. I believe this latter to be true, since I had not previously mentioned anything about FUCHS's sister to JOHN. In any event, JOHN told me that he thought that there lay our best line of inquiry.

On the occasion of the next meeting, about the middle of September, JOHN told me with great glee that he had ascertained both the name and the whereabouts of FUCHS's sister. The name that he gave me was that of Mrs. ROBERT HEINEMAN, and the address was merely Cambridge, Massachusetts. I do not recall JOHN having given me the street and number.

I went by coach on a Sunday in very late September to Boston, Massachusetts. I arrived there very early in the evening, and recall looking up the address in the telephone directory of ROBERT HEINEMAN. This

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was, as I recall, 144 Lakeview Street or Avenue, in Cambridge. I went to this address and the entire street was dark as well as the home where the HEINEMAN<sup>N.B.</sup>S lived. However, I knocked at the door and a woman answered. I inquired for Mrs. HEINEMAN and the woman replied that the HEINEMANS were still away on their vacation and were not expected back until sometime in October. I gathered somehow that the woman was a housekeeper of some sort. I believe that the woman wanted me to leave my name and address, but I think that I merely said that I would call again sometime in October and that the matter was not very important. I gave no indication that I was from out of town.

First I returned from Boston to Philadelphia, and then several days later I met JOHN in New York and told him about the results of my trip. He was highly pleased that we had succeeded in locating Mrs. HEINEMAN, and we agreed that in October I would take another trip to Cambridge.

This second trip to Cambridge occurred in either very late October, <sup>or</sup> ~~but~~ most likely <sup>N.B.</sup> early November. Upon this occasion I took with me a piece of paper or a card <sup>N.B.</sup> inclosed in an envelope, and on this piece of paper were the following <sup>instructions</sup> inscriptions: There was given the name of a man and a phone number, I believe that the first name began with a "J" and that the last name was something like "KAPLOUN," but I am not very certain on this point at all. Also on the piece of paper was the information that KLAUS was to call the phone number given, any time—on any morning between the hours of 8:00 and 8:30, and was to give the following message: Merely to say, "I have arrived in Cambridge and will

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be here for - - - ~~was~~ <sup>N.Y.</sup> days" This message was printed by me in  
engineering lettering, but the details were given to me by JOHN. Also,  
the message was sealed in the envelope. As I have said, I arrived in  
Cambridge early on a weekday morning and sometime in early November of  
1944. The reason for my making the trip during a weekday, and the reason  
for arriving in the morning, ~~was~~ <sup>was</sup> the recollection I had of a warning  
from JOHN that it would be inadvisable to be at the HEINEMAN home while  
ROBERT HEINEMAN was there. The trip took place as I have indicated,  
and as it was planned. I arrived in Boston on a weekday morning early  
in November. I then went directly to Cambridge, and at 144 Lakeview  
Avenue, walked up to the door and rang the bell. A young woman appeared,  
somewhere in her very early 30's, and I asked for Mrs. HEINEMAN. She  
said that she was Mrs. HEINEMAN. I told her that I was a friend of KLAUS  
FUCHS, and for a moment she seemed somewhat puzzled, and then she said,  
"Oh, yes, by any chance did you call sometime in September when we were  
away?" I said "Yes, I am the man." I entered the house and stayed there  
for possibly half an hour. I noticed that there were two children there,  
the oldest one a boy called STEVE, and I recall a very small child, and  
~~I faintly~~ <sup>of N.Y.</sup> there is also some possibility of a third child, considerably  
younger than STEVE, whom I took to be about seven years of age, and this  
third child was a girl of about four. We spoke for some time about KLAUS,  
and Mrs. HEINEMAN said that she was very glad that he was now in the United  
States, since they were very close and KLAUS was very fond of the children.

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She may, at this time have indicated that at some prior time ~~that~~ KLAUS <sup>H.B.</sup> visited Cambridge. I told her that I had met KLAUS in New York, and that we had become very firm friends, and that I just happened to be on business in the Boston area and had thought that I would stop by and inquire for him. Mrs. HEINEMAN told me that KLAUS had been transferred somewhere in the Southwest United States, but that she expected him home about Christmas time. I believe that she indicated that she had <sup>received</sup> several letters from him. She said that she thought that he would certainly be home about Christmas, as he usually made a great event of bringing presents for the children. I told her that my plans for the future and my whereabouts were very uncertain, and in that eventuality I would leave a message for KLAUS which would tell him how best to get in touch with me. I then gave her the sealed envelope, and told her should KLAUS arrive, to give it to him.

I then returned to Philadelphia, and some days subsequent, <sup>H.B.</sup> possibly a week or so later, reported the results of my trip to JOHN. At this time, I recall, we made an emergency arrangement whereby JOHN could get in touch with me should this other party, the one with the phone number in Manhattan, advise JOHN that FUCHS was now in Cambridge. This emergency arrangement, <sup>H.B.</sup> which would even at that have involved the passage of several days, was never used, and instead, in the first week in January 1945, JOHN called me shortly before 7:00 A.M., on a weekday morning, just as I was getting ready to leave for work; with some difficulty he described to me the fact that he was in a gasoline station, near what I finally determined to be Oxford Circle section of Philadelphia. JOHN wanted to know if I would come down there and meet him. I did so.

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It was a very snowy morning, I recall it well, and JOHN was wet. We got on the car again and went down <sup>to</sup> the terminal in Frankford, where <sup>J.S.</sup> JOHN told me that he had just the previous day received notification that FUCHS was now at Cambridge. He also told me at that time that the reason he had not used the emergency meeting was that he had some other affairs to attend to which would have taken him out of New York, and where he would have been unable to get in touch with me. He then told me that I must, as soon as possible, arrange to go to Cambridge. I did so. I believe that I met JOHN on a Tuesday or a Wednesday, and that I arrived in Cambridge on most likely a Friday. I went directly to the HEINELAN home, this was in the morning, and when I knocked I was admitted by, I believe, a servant girl. KLAUS was there and welcomed me. Mrs. HEINELAN left after a few minutes and excused herself, saying, "I have to pick up the children from the school." KLAUS asked me to go upstairs with him to his room, which was the front one looking out on the street, and we sat there for possibly 15 or 20 minutes, during which time the following took place: KLAUS told me that he was located at an atomic energy experimental station which was called Los Alamos and which was located some 30 miles away from Santa Fe, New Mexico. He said that Los Alamos had once been a very exclusive boys' school, and that there was nothing else in that area. The nearest habitation of any kind was Santa Fe. He told me that he was getting along very well there, but that he was strictly limited in regard to being able to leave Los Alamos. He said that it had only been with the greatest difficulty and due to the fact that he had gotten a bit ahead on his work, as regards the last Harry Gold

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of the group, that he had been able to wangle time off to come to Cambridge. I had, previously, that is on the occasion of my meeting with JOHN in Philadelphia, been told of an arrangement which involved meeting KLAUS again in Cambridge, should he make another trip. The place of the meeting was to be somewhere in the area of the Charles River. JOHN had told me that it would be inadvisable to meet at the HEINEMAN home again and we were only doing so this time because it was the only way that I could meet KLAUS without utilizing too <sup>lengthy a</sup> message or <sup>set</sup> ~~receipt~~ of instructions. When I mentioned the <sup>proposed</sup> ~~proceeding~~ <sup>N.Y.</sup> meeting near the Charles River to KLAUS, he told me that such would be impossible; that he was certain that it would be a very long time, possibly even a year, before he could again leave Los Alamos, and that the next meeting would have to take place in Santa Fe. <sup>we</sup> ~~He~~ <sup>N.Y.</sup> discussed this matter at some length. I believe that KLAUS told me that about April he would again have information for me, but I told him that I could not possibly get to Santa Fe in April. We finally set a date which was very early in June, and we also set the exact hour, which as I recall, was 4:00 o'clock in the afternoon of <sup>the</sup> ~~this~~ first Saturday in June. KLAUS showed me a map of Santa Fe, and indicated on it the Castillo Street Bridge over the Rio Santa Fe. He also told me that he would make every effort to keep this appointment.

To the best of my recollection, I recall that should this scheduled meeting on the first Saturday in June not take place, that there was provision made for an alternate meeting, most likely on the first Saturday in the following month, and at the same time and place.

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KLAUS gave me a quite considerable packet of information, and by this time, I recall, Mrs. HEINELMAN had returned and one of the children peered curiously into the room. Mrs. HEINELMAN called the child back, though possibly it may have been the housekeeper who called the child back. In any event the child was called away. There also occurred the following events:

As a Christmas present I gave KLAUS a wallet of the very thin dress or opera type. Also, I had been given the sum of \$1,500.00 by JOHN with instructions to give it to KLAUS, but that I must proceed very delicately in this last matter so as not to offend him and that under no circumstance must I insist upon or make an issue of this matter. KLAUS did accept the wallet, but looked somewhat bewildered, and when I made some very tentative inquiries concerning whether he needed any money either for himself or possibly for his sister, the reply was so cold and final that I went no further with the matter. It was quite obvious that by even mentioning <sup>this</sup> ~~so~~, I had offended the man. I left shortly thereafter, and returned to New York. There I turned over the information to JOHN and also returned to him the \$1,500.00, saying that I had made some tentative inquiry, but that KLAUS FUCHS had responded so violently that I deemed it inadvisable to pursue the subject further. I recall very well that on the occasion of my meeting KLAUS FUCHS at the HEINELMAN's in Cambridge, that there was a heavy snow on the ground. This transfer of the information from me to JOHN was in New York City, but I do not believe it was in Manhattan, and I can not recall the exact borough.

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Just prior to my trip to Santa Fe, and I am referring to the first trip, and in very late May of 1945, on a Saturday afternoon, I met JOHN in a bar near 42nd Street and 3rd Avenue. <sup>in New York City</sup> I believe it was actually the Southwest corner of 42nd Street at 3rd Avenue. JOHN verified the fact that I was going on the trip and we made arrangements for a meeting in New York on my return from Santa Fe. The actual place of the meeting was to be in Brooklyn.

I left Philadelphia and went by train to Chicago, just about the end of May. <sup>N.B.</sup> From the Union Station in Chicago, I went to the Dearborn Station, and managed to obtain space (an upper) to Albuquerque, New Mexico. I would like to state here that I had been told by JOHN to use a very circuitous route which involved going beyond Albuquerque and into Arizona, and then going from Arizona to El Paso, Texas, and then from El Paso to Santa Fe. However, I was extremely short of money, and had to watch what I had very carefully, and such a trip was completely out of the question. Also, there was the matter of time; it was only with the greatest difficulty and only at the last minute that I had been able to arrange to take part of my vacation that early in the year. I recall that the train that I took did not go directly to Albuquerque, but stopped at Clovis, New Mexico; there we took a coach, <sup>N.B.</sup> attached to a shunt engine, for a distance of some 25 to 30 miles into Albuquerque. I would <sup>N.B.</sup> also like to add that KLAUS had advised me that, <sup>N.B.</sup> getting off at Lamy, New Mexico, some 40 miles from Albuquerque, that I could get direct transportation into Santa Fe, without first going to Albuquerque. This last I had deemed inadvisable, as I had been told the only way to going to Santa Fe would be to be connected with the Santa Fe line and

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they might wonder who this stranger was in their midst. Very likely, I deemed it certain that most of these people going from Los Alamos to Santa Fe, would be in uniform. I arrived in <sup>Albuquerque N.M.</sup> Santa Fe in the very early afternoon, just shortly after 12:00 o'clock, and inquired the way to the bus station. I believe that either KLAUS had told me that there was transportation by bus from Albuquerque to Santa Fe, or that I had obtained such information from one of the porters or conductors on the Santa Fe line. I took the bus to Santa Fe, and arrived there about 2:30 in the afternoon. I had considerable time to spare until 4:00, and to avoid drawing attention to myself, I went as any ordinary tourist would, to the rather large historical museum located in Santa Fe. There I inquired about obtaining a map of Santa Fe, and they did give me one which I believe to be identical with the one which KLAUS had shown me in Cambridge, Massachusetts. I wanted such a map because I did not wish to ask the way to the Castillo Street Bridge and have any one in Santa Fe remember such an occurrence. I located the Castillo Street Bridge on the map, and went there promptly at 4:00 o'clock. KLAUS arrived there possibly two or three minutes late, during which two or three minutes I became extremely uneasy, as the area around the Castillo Street Bridge was extremely sparsely settled. He finally came along <sup>Alameda</sup> ~~Alameda~~ Street, a gravel road, and driving a dilapidated old car, a two seater. He parked the car and we went for a walk, during which time the following events took place: <sup>N.M.</sup> X1 &

KLAUS told me that he was getting along very well with his work in Los Alamos, and told me that he did not, however, believe, and that was a reiteration of his statement which he had made several times before,

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on in Cambridge and at least once or twice in New York, that the atomic energy project would be completed in sufficient time for use in the war against the Japanese.

He also told me that everyone concerned with this work was working very hard, practically day and night, and that he himself put in an average of from 18 to 20 hours a day. We made arrangements for the next meeting, which KLAUS said should be sometime in August, but I demurred, and we finally set it for the 19th of September 1945.

I would like to state here that the date of <sup>the</sup> first meeting, and the one that I am now discussing in Santa Fe, was on the first Saturday in June of 1945.

The final occurrence was that KLAUS gave me a considerable packet of information. There should be added one more thing, and that is that KLAUS's insistence on a meeting in late August 1945, may have been due to the fact that he had mentioned that some important development was to take place during August, but he did not indicate what this development was. I left KLAUS and took the first bus from Santa Fe to Albuquerque. I had considerable difficulty that evening in trying to obtain a place to sleep, since I did not intend to leave Albuquerque until the following day, that is Sunday. I believe that in the course of searching for a hotel room, I registered at the Hilton with the understanding that should a room become available they would save it for me. During the evening I made inquiry at practically every other hotel of any size in Albuquerque, including one that I recall, the San Francisco. Finally, about 12:00 o'clock <sup>at</sup> night, the Hilton advised me that there was such a long waiting list ahead of me that they were certain that no

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room would be available that night. I thereupon wandered through Albuquerque and finally, upon asking a policeman, he directed me to a private home near the main street of Albuquerque, Central Avenue, which had been temporarily converted into a rooming house. The only space that these people had, and I with difficulty talked these people into letting me stay there, was in the hallway on the second floor of this home, where a makeshift screen was put up around a very rickety cot. I spent the night there, and late the following afternoon, about 6:00 o'clock, took the train from Albuquerque to Chicago. Here again I had been unable to make prior reservations, and only obtained my space in the early afternoon of Sunday. When I arrived in Chicago I inquired by telephone at the Airport Terminal and determined that the only space I could get was from Chicago to Washington. Even so, that was cheaper than going by train from Chicago to New York or Philadelphia. Accordingly, I went by plane to Washington, and arrived there about 4:30 or 5:00 in the afternoon, and then <sup>took N.E.</sup> to the Pennsylvania Railroad train from Washington to New York. About 9:00 o'clock in the evening, and somewhere in the area of Metropolitan Avenue in Brooklyn, and where Metropolitan Avenue approaches Queens, I met JOHN and turned the information over to him, that is, the information I had received from KLAUS FUCHS.

My last meeting with KLAUS FUCHS occurred as scheduled in Santa Fe on September 19, 1945. Again I had the usual difficulties in preparing for this trip, first the matter of money, and I did a considerable amount of borrowing toward this end, some of it at the very last minute. Also there was the matter of obtaining time off, and again with

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great difficulty, I managed to accomplish this. I took the train from Philadelphia to Chicago, and stayed over in Chicago at the Palmer House. *H. G.*  
~~during the Day of Atonement.~~ In the evening I checked out of the Palmer House and went again to the Dearborn Station, where I had earlier in the day obtained space to Albuquerque. I arrived in Albuquerque early in the week, possibly on a Tuesday or Wednesday, and registered at the Hilton Hotel. I used the name "HARRY GOLD," the same which I had used at the Palmer House. From Albuquerque I went to Santa Fe, and very late in the afternoon, about 6:00 o'clock, met KLAUS FUCHS. This meeting place was on the outskirts of Santa Fe, and was near a large church.

For the first time in my association with FUCHS he was late for a meeting which occurred, and by late I mean that he was fully twenty or twenty five minutes tardy. He did come along driving from the outside of Santa Fe in the direction of the city itself. He explained to me that he was very sorry about not being punctual, but that he had great difficulty, first in obtaining the use of the car, and secondly, in being able to get away from his friends with whom he worked at Los Alamos. He also explained to me that there were some bottles of liquor in the bottom of the car which *liquor H. G.* had been purchased by KLAUS and these friends, in preparation for a party which they were going to have back at Los Alamos that very evening. The purpose of the party was to celebrate the successful use of atomic energy in the form of a weapon. KLAUS also told me, and this occurred while he was driving away from Santa Fe and up into the surrounding hill and desert country, that he himself was rather unstricken

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by what had occurred, and that, frankly, he had not been too certain  
that the project might not have been abandoned before it was completed,  
and that certainly he had grievously underestimated the industrial  
potential of the United States in being able to complete such a gigantic  
undertaking. He was also greatly concerned by the terrible destruction  
which the weapon had wrought. He told me that whereas, before, the  
townspeople in Santa Fe had regarded them, the people at Los Alamos, as  
a sort of "boondoggles" <sup>H.B.</sup> outfit engaged in work which they could not com-  
prehend; that now they were hailed on all sides as conquering heroes,  
and the townspeople were now very friendly to them. He also told me that  
the relationship between the British mission and the United States, which  
once had been extremely cordial and free, had now become somewhat strained,  
and that there was no longer the free exchange of information between the  
two groups. He said that certain sections of the project <sup>at Los Alamos</sup>  
which had been freely opened to him now were barred. He further said  
that he had no idea as to how long he would continue to be at Los Alamos,  
but that he expected that sometime in the near future, possibly about  
December of 1945, and possibly sometime early in 1946, that the British  
would have him return to England where he would again resume work on  
Atomic Energy, exclusively for them. He told me also that he had been  
notified by a member of the British intelligence that they were trying  
to contact KLAUS's father in Kiel, Germany, though it may be likely that  
KLAUS actually said they were trying to repatriate his father from Switzer-  
land to Kiel. I believe that KLAUS said his father had for a time lived

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in Switzerland during the war, taking care of one of his grandchildren who had been orphaned by the death of its parents in a German concentration camp. In any case, KLAUS was concerned because he told me that his father was very old, and was given to talking rather freely about his son's past, meaning KLAUS's activities in the Communist Party in Germany in the years 1932 and 1933. KLAUS told me that as far as he knew the British had no inkling about his past as it related to his Communist activities, and he was anxious that this continue so. He told me that the British intelligence man had also mentioned that it might be possible to bring KLAUS's father to England, and again KLAUS was concerned, lest his father inadvertently let drop some hint as to KLAUS's past. He was also very much concerned about the welfare of the old man, and was in somewhat of a dilemma. I could not give him very much advice, except to tell him to proceed as he thought best, and that possibly he was greatly overestimating the extent to which the old man would talk and also the extent to which the British might be interested in <sup>KLAUS's</sup> ~~his~~ past. I could see that KLAUS was also very much concerned about the welfare and health of his father. <sup>N.B.</sup>

The following <sup>arrangement</sup> ~~was made~~ with KLAUS FUCHS for meeting him again should he be transferred to Great Britain; starting with the first Saturday in a given month, which month was to be determined from inquiry at KLAUS's sister's, and <sup>the meeting</sup> ~~was to take place~~ in England as soon as it could be arranged for someone to meet KLAUS there. To amplify, neither of us had any idea as to how soon we could determine from KLAUS's sister when he would actually leave, or had left for Britain. So that a month after

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KLAUS's arrival in England, and on the first Saturday, these meetings were to begin. The time was to be 8:00 P.M., and the place was in London at a tube express stop which contained the word "Crescent," and may have been something like "Paddington," or "Teddington," Crescent. The meeting was to be above the tube on the street, and the recognition signal was to be the following: *H. H.*

In one hand the person meeting KLAUS would have five books bound together by a tight string. These books were to be carried by a couple of fingers hooked under the string. In the other hand the person was to have ~~in hand~~ <sup>held</sup> a ~~book~~ <sup>book</sup> containing the outside jacket of BENNETT CERF's book, popular at that time, and which contained a large collection of anecdotes. The book jacket had, I believe, a yellow and green design on it. I can not recall what KLAUS was to have used for a recognition signal, beyond the fact that the person meeting him would have a complete physical description of KLAUS FUCHS. The other point about this meeting with KLAUS FUCHS was that he mentioned that he had attended the first explosion of the bomb at Alamogordo, New Mexico, and he also mentioned to me that the people back at Los Alamos told him of having seen the flash even though it was raining and the sky was overcast. There was also provided for the contingency should KLAUS be in Cambridge later that year. ~~He~~ <sup>*H. H.*</sup> said that he hoped in any case to be able to again spend the time around Christmas with the HEIDELMAN family in Cambridge, and that the best way of ascertaining his whereabouts was to make an inquiry shortly before that time. This meeting took place as I have said in the hills surrounding Santa Fe and was a fair distance away, because below

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us I could barely see the lights of Santa Fe in the distance. KLAUS drove me into Santa Fe and just on the outskirts of the central area of the town. The last event that transpired before KLAUS dropped me off in Santa Fe, on the outskirts of the central area of the town, was that KLAUS gave me the packet of information relating to atomic energy. This was in accordance with our procedure, whereby no information was to be passed until such time that we were ready to part. After a period of anxious waiting, about an hour and a half, I finally obtained a bus going back to Albuquerque.

I spent part of the night in a room at the Hilton Hotel, and very early in the morning, possibly 2:30 A.M., I was informed by the airlines that there was space for me as far as Kansas City. I was picked up by the Airline's limousine, and went to the Albuquerque Airport and from there by plane to Kansas City. At Kansas City I was forced to leave, and from there I took a day coach to Chicago, arriving late in the evening. I just managed to catch a train leaving La Salle Station and going to New York. I rode part of the way until the morning in the day coach, and the rest of the way <sup>in a Pullman space.</sup> <sub>N.Y.</sub>

I went directly from New York home to Philadelphia, and carried on my person the information which KLAUS had given me, <sup>for the next few</sup> <sub>N.Y.</sub> days. Actually there was one meeting with JOHN which did not occur simply because I was far too rushed for time to keep such a meeting. It was all that I could do to accomplish this trip to Santa Fe and back. I did meet JOHN some days later after my return to Philadelphia, and the place was in Queens, New York, and was somewhere between Jackson

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Heights and Flushing, and also somewhere in the neighborhood of the elevated line that runs through Flushing. There I transferred the information which KLAUS FUCHS had given me to JOHN. Since this last meeting that I had with KLAUS FUCHS, in September of 1945, I have never seen nor heard from him again.

I would like to set out the conversations I had with KLAUS FUCHS concerning his work for the Manhattan Engineer Project.

On one occasion, and I believe this to be on the occasion of our fourth meeting and that is the one where we had dinner at Rosenheim's Restaurant, <sup>N.Y.</sup> KLAUS told me that the atomic energy project was being pursued, or was going to be pursued on a very large scale as regards the separation of the necessary isotope of uranium, somewhere in the Southeastern United States, and he thought possibly that the location would be in Georgia or possibly even Alabama. Also on the occasion of our last meeting in New York, this was the <sup>seventh</sup> eighth meeting and occurred during a walk in Central Park, KLAUS told me that the place where he expected to be transferred was somewhere in the Southwest, and he thought most likely in Mexico, not New Mexico. Further, on the occasion of this meeting in Central Park, KLAUS told me that the Danish Nobel prize winner, NILS BOHR, was at present in this country under the name NICHOLAS BAKER. KLAUS said that obviously the pseudonym NICHOLAS BAKER was being used because too many people might recall that NILS BOHR was the discoverer of the commonly accepted BOHR Theory of Atomic Structure,

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and might relate this fact to the circumstance that some activity regarding atomic energy was going on in the United States. I am certain that I turned the information concerning the separation of the isotopes of uranium by gaseous diffusion in the Southeast United States over to JOHN, as well as the fact that KLAUS was due to be transferred to the Southwestern part of the country, probably Mexico, and also the information that NILS BOHR was in this country under the name NICHOLAS BAKER.

I would like to add that KLAUS knew of only two methods for the separation of the isotopes from uranium, that is methods as were being pursued here in the United States, and that these methods were. (1) The gaseous diffusion process. (2) The electromagnetic separation method.

I recall that this last information concerning the methods for the separation of isotopes was given to me on the occasion of our second meeting, when we were walking along 1st Avenue in Manhattan. I also recall that at that time I had mentioned to KLAUS the possibility of the use of <sup>thermal</sup> ~~thermo~~ diffusion as a means of separating isotopes, but that KLAUS had brushed this aside.

On any occasion when KLAUS gave me verbal information, either separate from, or which he wanted to go along with written information, I made good mental notes of such data and at the first opportunity I put this material in writing, and later handed it over to JOHN. The verbal information which KLAUS gave me <sup>H.H.</sup> ~~was~~ such as the fact concerning NILS BOHR being in the country under the name NICHOLAS BAKER.

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REB

the information concerning the location of the atomic energy project on a large scale, involving gaseous diffusion in the Southeastern United States; <sup>N.Y.</sup> and the information concerning the fact of the location of a large scale experimental station in the Southwestern part of the country, possibly even Mexico; <sup>which</sup> <sup>N.Y.</sup> were data I later reduced to writing and turned over to JOHN.

I recall that on the occasion of the sixth meeting with KLAUS, near Boro Hall in Brooklyn, that JOHN had given me several typewritten pieces of paper about three by nine inches, of irregular size, which had contained a number of questions relating to atomic energy. The phraseology of these questions was extremely poor, and I had great difficulty in making any sense out of them. For example, in place of the word "installation" the word "factory" was used; in place of the word "techniques or methods" the words "How to make out" <sup>N.Y.</sup> were used.

I believe that the original message was probably more accurately phrased, but that either in coding or in translating, or possibly both, <sup>N.Y.</sup> <sup>probably</sup> the person who had done such <sup>N.Y.</sup> had no technical background whatever, possibly being on the level of a clerk, and as such, the message had become badly jumbled. I did make what sense I could out of the message, and on this occasion of this meeting in Brooklyn, began to tell KLAUS about what further information was desired. I did not get very far along this course because KLAUS seemed to take offense at being instructed and said very briefly that he had already covered <sup>N.Y.</sup> all of such matters very thoroughly, and would continue to do so.

Harry Gold  
7-10-50

TSM

REB

I further believe that on the occasion of our first meeting in Santa Fe, New Mexico, early in June 1945, <sup>N.Y.</sup> that KLAUS told me that among the data he had given me was a sketch of the atomic bomb itself. I did not, however, inspect this material, so I can not say whether there was any such, but I do recall clearly FUCHS' statement to the effect.

I would like to add that throughout our entire meetings, the relationship between KLAUS FUCHS and me was that of two firm friends. Further, on the occasion of the last meeting in Santa Fe, KLAUS expressed the hope that sometime in the near future we might be able to meet openly as friends.

/s/ Harry Gold

I have read the above statement, consisting of this and 28 typewritten pages, and have signed each page as all statements contained therein are true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

/s/ Harry Gold  
July 10, 1950  
Phila., Penna.

Witnessed:

T. Scott Miller, Jr., Special Agent  
F.B.I. Justice, 7/10/50, Phila., Pa.

Richard E. Brennan  
Special Agent, FBI, Justice  
July 10, 1950, Philadelphia, Pa.

## Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : MR. HENNRICH *CH*

FROM : MR. VAN LOON

SUBJECT: HARRY GOLD, was.  
ESPIONAGE - R

DATE: July 10, 1950

Tolson \_\_\_\_\_

Ladd \_\_\_\_\_

Clegg \_\_\_\_\_

Glavin \_\_\_\_\_

Nichols \_\_\_\_\_

Rosen \_\_\_\_\_

Tracy \_\_\_\_\_

Harbo \_\_\_\_\_

Mohr \_\_\_\_\_

Tele. Room \_\_\_\_\_

Nease \_\_\_\_\_

Gandy \_\_\_\_\_

In connection with the correlation summary on Harry Gold, which is Serial 280 of this file, references to Gold appearing in the Nathan Gregory Silvermaster Case (65-54402) were not reviewed as Gold was carried as a main subject in that file.

Accordingly, a review of the latter file covering the period beginning with the first mention of Gold in that case, which occurred during the interview of Abraham Brothman on May 29, 1947, was made by Special Agents E. E. Brown, E. F. Barich, O. A. Ezell, and D. F. Kuno.

Attached, for the completion of the record, are the results of that review.

Attachment

EJVL:hc

65-57449

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED  
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED  
DATE 11/13/86 BY 3042PINE/SPD

ENCLOSURE ATTACHED

EX-6

RECORDED - 136

[65-57449-552]  
JUL 12 1950





~~TOP SECRET~~

HARRY GOLD  
(References in the Bentley, Fuchs, [redacted] and Brothman cases, as set out on Service Unit search slips dated May 22, 1950) <sup>(15)</sup> b1

65-56402 (Bentley Case) Gold is carried as a main subject in this case, so there may be more references than those listed below.

65-56402 (serial references): -2900-I-

-2583, pp. 1,8,9,12,13, 17,18;-

-2642-I-

-2494-I-

-2692-I-

-2596-I-

-2503-I-

-2632-I-

65-58805 (Fuchs Case) serial refs.:

928.

958.

440.

1091

201.

752.

999.

194.

642, pp. 1-A, 16, 73;

929.

446, encl., p. 15;

805.

409

634.

65-57449 [redacted] (15) case) serial refs.:

b1

4

100-365040 (Brothman Case) serial refs.:

1

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED  
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED EXCEPT  
WHERE SHOWN OTHERWISE.

Classified by 3048 PWT/187  
Declassify on: OADR 3/3/87

~~TOP SECRET~~

encl. 2

GOLD, ONE

65-56402 (Bentley Case) Serial refs.:

~~621 - NSP~~

~~2260, p. 9; - I~~

65-56402-1 (Techs. in the Bentley Case) serial re.

~~448 - NSP~~

~~936 - NSP~~

~~330 - NSP~~

~~420 - ME - NSP~~

~~45 - NT - NSP~~

~~595 - NSP~~

~~387 - NZ - NSP~~

~~312 - VSA~~

~~2625 - NSP~~

100 EEB Brown 126 Stz  
 1 NW Little 27 Stz  
 2 NW 28 NWI  
 3 NW Emrich 29 Stz  
 4 NW 30 Stz  
 5 NW 31 SWA  
 6 Stz 32 Stz  
 7 Stz 33 NW  
 8 H.W.L. 34 Stz  
 9 NW 35 NW  
 10 NW 36 Stz  
 11 NW 37 Stz  
 12 Stz 38 Stz  
 13 NW 39 SWA  
 14 EEB 40 SWA  
 15 Stz Egg 41 SWA  
 16 SWA 42 SWA  
 17 SWA 43 SWA  
 18 Stz 44 Stz  
 19 Stz 45 NW  
 20 EEB 46 Stz  
 21 SWA 47  
 22 NW 48  
 23 SWA 49  
 24 EEB 50  
 25 EEB

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED  
 HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED  
 DATE 11/13/86 BY 3042 PWT/vpw

65-57449-552

122 65-56402-2800

Report SA Francis D. O'Brien @ NYC 8/25/47 entitled "Gregory, Espionage - R"

Page 18 - 7/31/47. Harry Gold testified (before the Federal Grand Jury, SDNY).  
SA F. D. O'Brien testified re Gold.

65-56402-2799

Teletype, NYC to Bureau 7/31/47 8:38 PM

Gregory, Espionage R. SA F. D. O'Brien testified before the Grand Jury this date re Harry Gold. Messrs. T. V. Quinn and T. J. Donegan advised that Gold testified in substance to that which he had previously testified to the agents at the time he was interviewed.

65-56402-2596 ~~in~~ ser 2596

Letter from NYC to Bur 2 6/13/47 entitled Gregory et al, Espionage - R.

Harry Gold was re-interviewed on 6/11/47. In this interview he stated that ~~Harry~~ Carter Hoodless' wife's maiden name was Buckman. According to Gold, she was the daughter of a prominent state senator from Upstate Pennsylvania. She married Carter Hoodless around 1938. They were divorced in 1942. At the time Gold was introduced to Golos by Carter Hoodless, he was then living with his wife in Philadelphia.

Harry Gold was unable to advise as to whether or not Hoodless' wife knew or had any knowledge of Golos.

65-56402-2540

In N.Y. teletype 5/29/47 Abraham Brothman when interviewed, stated that around 1940 another man who Brothman identified as Harry Gold came to his office stating that he represented Golos. Brothman stated that Helen and Harry Gold would pick up blueprints from him for Golos. Brothman advised that Harry Gold is now employed (as of date of teletype) by him as a chemist. Brothman advised that the blueprints were sometimes returned by Helen and Harry Gold, but not necessarily all of them. Brothman stated that he had the originals of most of the blueprints which he furnished to the above people. He stated that Harry Gold made his last pick up of the prints in late 1941 or early in 1942. (This teletype stated that Brothman had given 2 1/2 page signed statement concerning above. Efforts were being made at this time to locate Harry Gold for interview.)

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*this  
concerns  
info in  
Ser 2583*

65-56402-2692

N.Y. Teletype dated 7/16/47 in Case. "Gregory, Espionage - R."

On 7/16/47 the N.Y. Office by Teletype advised that on 7/23/47 the New York Agents would testify before the Grand Jury in New York Re interviews of Harry Gold and Mildred Price to be followed by these subjects.

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65-56402-2691

N.Y. Teletype dated 7/22/47

N.Y. Office in teletype dated 7/22/47 advised that Abraham Brothman followed Special Agent F. D. O'Brien before Grand Jury in New York.

Brothman admitted frequent contacts with Jacob Golos and Informant Gregory, when he knew as Helen. He claimed he broke off with Golos and Helen, and was told by Harry Gold, previously mentioned as the individual that took Helen's place, that Golos and Helen, in Gold's opinion were phonies and could not obtain contracts for him.

The teletype later stated that on Thursday 7/31/47 Ray Elson and Harry Gold would appear before the Grand Jury.

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65-56402-2642

Bu teletype dated 7/2/47

On 7/2/47 the Bureau by teletype instructed the New York Office to prepare sufficient background data Re Brothman - Golos - Gold relationship and forward to Philadelphia for assistance of the Agents in Philadelphia Office in handling interview of former wife of Carter Hoodless then wife of Captain Theodore C. Aylard, U.S.N. at Philadelphia.

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65-56402-2642

NY Teletype dated 6/24/47

On 6/24/47 the New York Office in teletype requested Bureau authority for Agents who interviewed Harry Gold and Abraham Brothman to proceed to Philadelphia to conduct interview of former wife of Carter Hoodless.

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65-56402-2632

N.Y. Letter dated 6/23/47

On 6/23/47 the N.Y. Office by letter forwarded two photographs of Harry Gold to the Bureau and W.F.O. The Letter referred to report of SA John T. Hilsbos, dated 6/7/47 at New York which contained information concerning Harry Gold, a contact of Jacob Golos.

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65-56402-2630, p. 5 & 6.

Report of S.A. Francis D. O'Brien dated 6/25/47 - entitled "Gregory - Espionage - R

On 6/23/47 Jules Korchien was interviewed in his office his office at 114 East 32nd St., NYC, by Special Agents Courtney Clinch and Francis D. O'Brien.

Korchien emphatically denied that he had ever contacted any individual in a clandestine manner to furnish information regarding the United States Government or any business deals in which he might have been involved. Korchien denied that he was aware that Abraham Brothman had been acquainted with Jacob Golos and also that he was not aware of the fact that Harry Gold was acquainted with Jacob Golos.

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65-56402-3661X2, p. 222

Memo D.M. Ladd to the Director 8/24/48 -- Summary brief - The Gregory Case

"(C) Identities of Subjects and others who appeared before Federal Grand Jury.

Harry Gold.

The testimony of the above persons was substantially the same as the information they had previously furnished the FBI when interviewed.

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65-56402-2260, p. 9

Report SA John T. Hilsbos at NYC 3/6/47 entitled Gregory, Esp. - R.

According to [REDACTED] one Victor Hann, telephone Ratcliffe 5-7167, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, contacted one Gold, an employee of A. Brothman Associates and inquired if a machine described as an ozonizer (phonetic) would be ready. b2, b7D

This is a tech on Abraham Brothman, 2928 41st Ave., Long Island City, NY

\*\*\*\*\*

65-56402-2503

Memo D. M. Ladd to the Director dated June 3, 1947

Abraham Brothman advised that in about 1940, another man (besides Jacob Golos) whom Brothman identified as Harry Gold, came to his office stating that he represented Golos. Thereafter Gregory and Harry Gold would pick up blueprints from him for delivery to Golos. He stated that Harry Gold is employed by him now as a chemist Brothman said that the blue-prints were sometimes returned by Gregory and Harry Gold but not necessarily all of them. He said that Harry Gold made his last pickup of blueprints in late 1941 or early in 1942. Brothman furnished a signed statement concerning the above.

Harry Gold was thereafter interviewed and furnished a signed statement in which he admitted knowing John Golush or Golish (phonetic). He identified a photograph of Jacob Golos as being identical with this person. He said he was introduced to Golos at a chemical society meeting in Philadelphia in October, 1930, by a mutual friend who died in Philadelphia in July, 1942. Golos requested Gold to evaluate on chemical basis blue prints and material which would be submitted to him by Abraham Brothman, whom Golos directed Gold to contact in New York City.



Gold said he contacted Brothman in November, 1940, and subsequently contacted Brothman approximately every three weeks for a period of six months, obtaining from him a number of blue prints pertaining to chemical processes. Most of the material obtained from Brothman was retained by Gold. Gold denied that he ever saw Golos after their original meeting.

It is recalled that Gregory stated that in 1940 Golos indicated that he was somewhat discouraged with his dealings with Brothman and that he was going to turn him over for handling to someone else. Gregory did not learn from Golos or anyone else to whom Brothman was directed. (Memo Ladd to Director June 3, 1947)  
65-56402-2503)

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65-56402-2494

Teletype from New York to Bureau and WFO 6/5/47

Photograph of Harry Gold exhibited to informant Gregory today but she was unable to identify it.

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65-56402-2515

Teletype from New York to Bureau WFO and Philadelphia 5/30/47

Harry Gold, Employee of Abraham Brothman interviewed tonight. Gold in signed statement admitted knowing John Golush or Golish (phonetic) at Chemical society meeting in Philadelphia in October 1940 by a mutual friend Carter Hoodless who died July 1942 in Philadelphia, Pa. Golish requested Gold to evaluate on a chemical basis blue prints and material which would be submitted to him by Abraham Brothman whom Golish directed Gold to contact in NYC. GOLD contacted Brothman as directed in November 1940 and subsequently there to contact Brothman approximately every three weeks for a period of six months. During this period Gold obtained from Brothman a number of Blue prints pertaining to Chemical processes. Most of the material obtained from Brothman was retained by Gold. Most of it was subsequently destroyed. Gold categorically denied that he ever saw Golish after their original meeting. Gold stated he was telephonically contacted at his home in Philadelphia on four or five occasions subsequent to their original meeting. The last phone call was in May or June 1941. Gold claims no knowledge in Golish's purpose in having him evaluate the Chemical processes. Through Gold's contacts with Brothman he subsequently conducted experiments for Brothman and is now employed by him on a full-time basis. Gold was born 1910 in Switzerland of Russian parents. Came to U.S. 1914, has resided in Philadelphia since 1915 where parents presently reside at 6823 Kindred Street. Photo of Gold obtained and will be exhibited to Informant Gregory. Gold was unable to recognize a

photo of informant Gregory and denied ever having heard of her. Gold during interview appeared composed and offered to assist in any investigation being conducted. Gold will be recontacted. Philadelphia requested to immediately verify death of Carter Hoodless who was connected with Pennsylvania Sugar Co. and to ascertain background information of Hoodless and Harry Gold. Gold was also employed for a number of years for Pennsylvania Sugar Company. Gold's parents should be contacted to verify his story concerning contact with Abraham Brothman in New York. Also parents should be requested to ascertain if any of the blue prints obtained from Brothman are still in his house in Philadelphia. Gold indicated some of the blue prints may still be in his house. (Scheidt) 65-56402-2515)

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65-56402-2712  
Memo from New York, New York, dictated by SA Francis D. O'Brien, Re: Gregory

On May 29, 1947 Abraham Brothman was interviewed in his office, room 1212-2948 41st Avenue Long Island City, L.I., N.Y. from 12:30 P.M. to 2:30 P.M. by Special Agents D. E. Shannon and Francis D. O'Brien. (Among other things he was questioned Re: "His associations with Harry Gold whom he admitted was sent to him by Golos and whom he had in his employ at the time of the interview.

65-56402-2583

Report SA John T. Hilsbos at NYC 6/7/47 entitled Gregory, Espionage - R.

The following investigation concerning the activities of Abraham Brothman and Harry Gold was conducted on 5/29/47 by SAs Donald E. Shannon and Francis D. O'Brien:

On 5/29/47, Abraham Brothman was interviewed in his office, Room 1212, # 2948 - 41st Avenue, Long Island City, N.Y. Brothman was first questioned regarding his submitting information or furnishing blue prints to any individuals who might have connections with a foreign government. Brothman stated that he had furnished blue prints to a number of individuals, and it was a common practice in the engineering field to submit blue prints to certain individuals who might possibly be in a position to obtain contracts for a firm.

Brothman was then specifically questioned as to whether or not he had been acquainted with an individual by the name of Jacob Golos. Brothman stated that he could not recall this name, and a picture of Golos was exhibited to him. Brothman denied knowing Golos at this time. Thereupon a picture of informant Gregory was exhibited to him. Brothman identified Gregory as an individual whom he knew as "Helen." Brothman was thereupon vigorously questioned as to his acquaintanceship with Helen. He then admitted that he did recognize the photograph of Golos but was unable to state the name of this individual. Brothman then related the following concerning his knowledge of Jacob Golos and Helen:

According to Brothman, sometime in 1938 or 1939 an individual came to him at his office at 114 East 32nd Street, at which time Brothman was operating a firm under the name of the Republic Chemical Machinery Company, which company was associated with the Hendrick Manufacturing Company at Carbondale, Pennsylvania. This individual told Brothman that he had contacts with the Russian government and that he was in a position to get contracts from the Russian government for Brothman, if Brothman would turn over to him blue prints of certain products Brothman was working on at that time. Brothman states that the blue prints were his own property and they were for the most part blue prints of shafts, vats, and other equipment necessary in the operation of a plant manufacturing chemicals.

According to Brothman, Golos visited his office on several occasions and sometime following his original visit he introduced him to an individual known only as Helen. Brothman stated that he was under the impression that Helen was secretary to Golos. Golos advised Brothman that Helen would in the future obtain the blue prints which he had been accustomed to turn over to Golos.

Helen visited Brothman's office over a dozen times during 1938-1939-1940 and sometime in 1940 Helen stopped coming to his office and another individual named Harry Gold came to his office and said he represented Golos,

the individual Brothman has already identified as the man who made the original contact with him. Gold visited Brothman's office a number of occasions during 1940 and 1941. Brothman stated that Gold at that time was living in Philadelphia and used to make the trip to New York approximately every three weeks and obtain these blue prints from Brothman. He said that to the best of his recollection the last time Gold picked up the blue prints was late in 1941 or early in 1942.

Brothman was then questioned as to the whereabouts of Harry Gold, to which he replied that Gold is presently employed by him as a chemist in his laboratory in Elmhurst, Long Island. Brothman emphatically stated that Gold was the last individual to pick up any blue prints or material which was to be furnished to Goles. He also stated that he did not know the present whereabouts of Goles and denied that he was ever contacted by any other individuals other than Helen and Gold as individuals who represented Goles.

Brothman was questioned as to the nature of the blue prints that he had turned over to Goles, at which time he displayed the blue prints, copies of which he still had in his offices, and an examination of the blue prints was made and it was determined that they were all concerned with blue prints of shafts, filters, vats and other machinery used in the manufacture of chemicals. Brothman stated that some of the blue prints which he turned over to Goles and Helen as well as to Gold were returned to him, but others were retained by them. He emphatically denied that he had ever turned over any blue prints which were of a restricted or secret nature pertaining to the war effort of the U. S. or any plans which the U. S. might be concerned with at that time.

Relative to the Hendrick Manufacturing Company at Carbondale, Pennsylvania, Brothman stated that he himself had founded the Republic ~~Engineering~~ Chemical Machinery Company which was set up as an engineering and designing company dealing solely with instruments and material to be used in the manufacture of chemicals. He stated that at the time he had formed the Republic Chemical Machinery Company he was associated with the Hendrick Manufacturing Company and worked with that company until 1942. Brothman added that all of the blue prints which had been turned over to the individuals mentioned hereinbefore were his own personal ~~xxxx~~ property belonging solely to the firm that he had founded.

Brothman was specifically questioned as to how he had become acquainted with Jacob Goles. He replied that possibly Goles knew of his firm through advertising in the various chemical magazines. He emphatically stated that this was the only possible way that Goles would get in touch with him and denied that anybody had ever sent Goles to him. Brothman then stated that it was a common practice in the engineering field to turn over blue prints to various individuals in an effort to obtain contracts. He also stated that this ~~xxx~~ was his sole purpose in turning over the blue prints to Goles; namely, that Goles had stated that he was in a position to obtain contracts from the Russian government.

The following signed statement, the original of which is being retained in this file, was obtained from Brothman:

"New York, N. Y.  
May 29, 1947

"I, Abraham Brothman, make the following voluntary statement to Donald E. Shannon and Francis D. O'Brien, whom I know to be Special Agents of the Federal Bureau of Investigation. No threats or promises of any nature were made to be to make this statement. I know that what I say may be used against me at any time in a court of law.

"In 1938 or 1939 a man whose name I do not recall but whose picture was shown to me today by Mr. Shannon & Mr. O'Brien, came into my office at 114 E. 32 St. where I own and operated the Republic Chemical Machinery Co. which was associated by contract with Hendrick Manufacturing Co. This man said he had contacts with the Russian government and he could get me contracts with the Russian government. I turned over several blue prints to him; these blue prints were my own for the most part and the purpose of turning them over to him was to obtain contracts. Shortly after this man came to my office a woman by the name of Helen came to my office and said she represented this man, whose picture I have identified; I believed that this woman was the secretary of the man whose picture I identified. I have identified Helen as the girl whose picture Mr. Shannon & Mr. O'Brien have shown to me. This Helen came to my office over a dozen times during 1938, 1939 & 1940. Then around 1940 another man whose name is Harry Gold came to my office and he said he too represented the man whose picture I identified. Both Helen and Harry Gold would pick up blue prints from me for this ~~man~~ man whose picture I have identified. Harry Gold is now employed by me as a chemist. The blue prints were sometimes returned by Helen and Harry Gold but not all of them. I still have the original of most of the blue prints that I turned over to them. Harry Gold made his last pick up of blue prints late in 1941 or early in 1942.

"Sometimes in 1938 or 1939 I became associated with Hendricks Machinery Co. and did work with them until 1942. The blue prints were my own and not Hendricks.

"I once contacted the man whose picture I have identified at a phone listed to a Mr. Chester and the telephone exchange was Watkins to the best of my recollection. I often met this man and Helen, his Secretary at various restaurants in the mid-town area in New York City.

"I have not seen this man whose picture I identified since 1941 or 1942.

"I have read the above three page statement and it is true to the best of my recollection. I have read and signed p. 2 and it is true to the best of my recollection. I now sign p. 3 and it is true to the best of my recollection.

/s/ Abraham Brothman

"Witnessed  
Donald E. Shannon, Special Agent, F.B.I. NY City  
Francis D. O'Brien, Special Agent,

Brothman was questioned regarding his activities and contacts with the Russian government. He stated that he had submitted various contracts to the Soviet Purchasing Commission and the Amtorg Trading Corporation but that he had never obtained a contract from either of these two agencies representing the Russian government. He offered the information that he had recently obtained a contract by the same means that he had used in obtaining all of his contracts; namely, by submitting plans and blue prints to individuals representing the Chinese government, and they had given him the contract for the development of a material which they hoped will eventually reduce the cost of manufacturing lucite.

Brothman was then specifically questioned as to whether or not he had ever been associated with the Communist Party or had attended any of the meetings or Communist affairs. Brothman replied that he was a member of the Young Communist League during the time that he attended Columbia University; namely, in 1933. Brothman stated that he did not attend any Communist Party meetings at the present time nor was he actively engaged in any Communist Party affairs.

Brothman was then questioned as to whether or not he had ever suspected that Jacob Golos was engaged in espionage activities. Brothman replied that during the time that the Canadian espionage case broke in Canada in 1946 in reflection he became suspicious of Golos and thought possibly he was engaged in the type of activity that existed in Canada.

Brothman offered the information that he was a member of the Political Action Committee and had attended meetings of that organization.

Re: Harry Gold

The following investigation concerning Harry Gold was conducted by Special Agents Donald E. Shannon and Francis D. O'Brien on May 29, 1947:

Harry Gold is presently employed by A. Brothman Associates as a chemist. Gold is the individual to whom Abraham Brothman, a subject in instant case, turned over blue prints which he had in his possession, and Gold also is the individual who obtained these blue prints at the express direction of Jacob Golos, now deceased but who was an agent of the Russian government.

Gold was interviewed on May 29, 1947, in the A. Brothman Associates Laboratory, 8503 - 57th Avenue, Elmhurst, Long Island. Gold stated that he was born December 12, 1910, in Switzerland and that he came to the U. S. in 1914 with his parents, Sam Gold and Celia Gold, both of whom were born in Russia. Gold stated that his parents came to the U. S. under the name of Golodnitsky but changed their names at the time they were naturalized. Gold stated that he moved to Philadelphia after a short time and attended the public schools of Philadelphia, and in 1929 he was employed by the Pennsylvania Sugar Company in their laboratories.

Subsequent to this time Gold attended night school at the Drexell Institute in Philadelphia, the University of Pennsylvania, and Columbia University, and he shortly thereafter obtained a leave of absence from the Pennsylvania Sugar Company in order to attend Xavier University at Cincinnati, Ohio, from which university he received a degree of Bachelor of

Science Summa Cum Laude in June 1940. Gold gave his address in Philadelphia as 68-23 Kindred Street where his parents presently reside. Gold stated that he was presently renting a room at Elmhurst, Long Island, and that he commutes to Philadelphia on the week-ends. His address in Long Island was given as 4209 Hampton Street, Elmhurst. Gold is residing with a family named Pereira at this address.

In the course of the interview Harry Gold advised that he had been employed off and on since 1929 with the Pennsylvania Sugar Company. During his employment with this company he became friendly with an individual by the name of Carter Noodless whose father was an official in the Pennsylvania Sugar Company. In October 1940, Gold advised, he attended a meeting of the American Chemical Society at the Franklin Institute in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, together with Carter Noodless. At the conclusion of this meeting Noodless introduced him to an individual whom he recalled as John Golush or Golish (phonetic). A photograph of Jacob Golos was then exhibited to Harry Gold, and he identified this photograph as that of John Golush or Golish to whom he was introduced by Carter Noodless in October 1940.

At the conclusion of this meeting at the American Chemical Society and after the introduction had taken place Harry Gold advised that he and Golos went to a restaurant on Broad Street in Philadelphia. He was unable to recall specifically the name of the restaurant but thought that it might be Low Tendler's Restaurant. They remained at the restaurant until 2:30 a.m. In the course of their conversation Golos made the following proposition to Harry Gold. He advised him that he had some connections with some individuals in a foreign country, not naming the country, and that he had connections with an individual in New York City by the name of Abraham Brothman and Brothman was turning over to him certain blue prints which had a connection in the chemical field. Golos told Gold that he had to have a recognized chemist who would go to New York City, make contact with Abraham Brothman, obtain from him certain blue prints, and then evaluate these blue prints on a chemical basis. Gold stated that no financial agreement was entered into but that there was an understanding that he would receive some reward for the work he was to perform.

Gold stated that about two weeks after this meeting he telephoned Abraham Brothman in New York City and introduced himself to him over the telephone as a representative of John Golush or Golish and made an appointment to come to New York City to see Brothman within a week or so. Within a week or two after this telephone call and sometime in November 1940 Harry Gold made his first trip to New York City where he contacted Abraham Brothman. This meeting, according to Gold, took place in the evening in a restaurant in the downtown section of New York City. Gold was unable to recall the name of the restaurant. The two had dinner together and Brothman turned over the blue prints to him.

Gold stated that for the next six months he made visits to New York City on the average of every three weeks. All of these trips were made in the daytime evening as Harry Gold stated he had to attend to his job in the daytime. He also advised that he returned to Philadelphia on the same evening that he came to New York City and that on no occasion did he stay overnight in New York City during this six months period.

During this same period he received four or five phone calls from John Golush or Golish and in all of these telephone calls Golush would state that they would have to get together very shortly for a meeting, which meeting, according to Gold, never took place. The last phone call from Golush or Golish was made in May 1941. No further word was heard from him, according to Gold.

Gold stated that after his second or third trip to New York City and the phone calls from Golush or Golish he felt that there was nothing to the proposition and he became more or less disinterested in it. However, in the meantime he and Abraham Brothman had become quite friendly and Abraham Brothman exhibited an interest in Harry Gold's career as a chemist. In this regard, Gold stated that Brothman gave him several odd jobs to perform in his capacity as a chemist and that he paid him for this work. It was through this contact, according to Harry Gold, that he subsequently became employed by Abraham Brothman in February 1946. Gold stated that ever since 1941 Abraham Brothman had been interested in having him come with his organization on a full-time basis, but it was not until February 1946 that he could see his way clear to accept such employment.

Harry Gold was questioned very closely as to any financial arrangements that had been entered into between Golush or Golish and him. He stated that he did not receive one cent from him and that he had only seen Golush on the one occasion in October 1940. He was then asked who paid his fare for these trips he made every three weeks for a six months period from Philadelphia to New York and return. He stated that he himself stood the expenses for the first two trips and that after that and after he became friendly with Abraham Brothman, Brothman would give him a \$5 bill to sustain the expenses of his trips to New York and return.

A signed statement, the original of which is being retained in this file, was obtained from Harry Gold in the course of the interview and is set out as follows:

"Queens, N. Y. City  
May 29, 1947

"I, Harry Gold, residing at 68-23 Kindred St., Phila, Pa make the following voluntary statement to Francis D. O'Brien and Donald E. Shannon whom I know to be Special Agents of the Federal Bureau of Investigation. No threats or promises of any nature were made to me to make this statement. I know that anything I state may be used against me at any time in a court of Law.

"In Oct. 1940 I was introduced to a man by the name of John Golush or Golish by Carter Hoodless, who was a good friend of mine. The introduction took place at a meeting of the American Chemical Society at the Franklin Institute in Phila., Pa. After the meeting Golish or Golush and myself went to a restaurant on Broad Street where we remained until 2:30 A.M. On this occasion Golish or Golush made the following proposition to me; that I was to ~~make~~ telephone Abe Brothman, a Chemical Engineer in N. Y. City and to make an appointment to see him; that I was to discuss two chemical processes with him and to obtain blue prints from him which I was to evaluate against the chemical soundness of the process. The two chemical processes were Phenol Formaldehyde resins and Urea Formaldehyde resins. About one week



after this meeting with Golush or Golish I telephoned Brothman in N. Y. City and made an appointment to see him in about two weeks. I saw Brothman the first time in November 1940 and obtained the blue prints; this meeting was in the evening and took place in N. Y. City in a restaurant in the downtown section. Brothman had the blue prints with him; we had dinner together and turned over the blue prints to me. For the next six months I made trips to N. Y. City on the average of every three weeks and on each occasion Brothman met me and we would have dinner together and Brothman would turn over more blue prints to me. I kept these blue prints in my home in Phila. and I never did turn them over to Golish or Golush. I received four or five telephone calls from Golish or Golush in regard to seeing him but he kept telling me we would get together but no definite meeting was ever made. The last time I heard from Golush or Golish was by telephone in May or June of 1941. I never heard from him again. The plans and blue prints were useless to me and I have discarded most of them. Carter Hoodless who introduced me to Golish or Golush died in July 1942 in Phila., Pa.

"I have read the above three page statement and it is true. I have read and signed page 1 and it is true. I have read and signed p. 2 and it is true. I now sign p. 3 having read it and it is true.

/s/ Harry Gold

"Witnessed  
Donald E. Shannon, Special Agent, F.B.I. NY City  
Francis D. O'Brien, Special Agent, F.B.I. N.Y. City"

The following is a description of Harry Gold as obtained from observation and interview:

Name	Harry Gold
Age	36
Born	December 12, 1910, Switzerland
Residence	68-23 Kindred Street, Philadelphia, Pa.
Height	5'6"
Weight	180 lbs.
Eyes	Hazel
Hair	Brown, wavy
Build	Short and fat
Characteristics	Round, full face, prominent protrusion of eyes

Gold stated that he was a naturalized United States citizen by deviation through his parents.

Photo of Harry Gold shown to informant Gregory by Special Agent J. M. Kelly, but she was unable to identify it as an individual whom she knew at any time.

.....

Investigation at Philadelphia established that Carter Hoodless died 7/2/42 in Philadelphia of cancer. He had been employed by the Pennsylvania Sugar Company of Philadelphia. The personnel director there characterized him as wild and irresponsible and not disloyal. R. P. Smith, the personnel

director stated that Hoodless was quite friendly with Harry Gold, and that Gold's chemical knowledge and his willingness to assist Hoodless was the only thing that enables Hoodless to keep his position as foreman in the distillery.

Mr. Smith also furnished the personnel record of Harry Gold from which the following information was obtained. Gold was born in Switzerland December 12, 1910 and is a naturalized American citizen. He was first hired by the Pennsylvania Sugar Company on January 2, 1929 as an assistant chemist and remained in that position until August 31, 1930, when he left of his own accord. He was re-hired on April 25, 1932 and was laid off by the company because of lack of work on December 15, 1932. During this time Gold worked as a chemist on the production of carbon dioxide gas. He was again hired on September 18, 1933 as a laboratory assistant and remained in that position until September 15, 1938, when he again left of his own accord. On July 1, 1940 he was re-hired as a chemist in the alcohol plant and remained in this job until February 1, 1946, when the Pennsylvania Sugar Company sold its alcohol making equipment and discontinued the operation.

Mr. Smith stated that he knew Gold well while he was employed at the Pennsylvania Sugar Company. Smith stated that when Gold was first hired he was a conscientious worker. During the course of his employment he attended school and also continued his education during the periods when he was employed by the company. Smith stated that he believes Gold, at least during part of the time between his periods of employment, was attending college. He stated that Harry Gold is an intelligent, shrewd man, but that his work as a chemist during the latter part of his employment was not completely satisfactory, as he required a great deal of supervision.

Smith stated that Gold and Hoodless became friendly when they worked together as young men, and that during the time they both worked in the laboratory at the alcohol plant Gold's knowledge of chemistry and his assistance to Hoodless placed Carter Hoodless under some obligation to him. Smith stated that he knew nothing of Gold's activities outside the plant and that he never suspected Gold of being connected with any organizations that might be considered subversive.

It is noted that the personnel file of Harry Gold indicates that he was given an occupational deferment from Selective Service Board No. 65, Philadelphia, on May 3, 1945, at the request of Pennsylvania Sugar Company. According to personnel records, Gold has also worked for the following companies, dates of employment not given: The Hobrook Manufacturing Company, Jersey City, N.J., employed for nine months; The Moormeir Dairy Company, Cincinnati, Ohio, one year.

On May 31, 1947, Special Agents William B. Welte and Fred C. Birkby contacted the home of Harry Gold, 6823 Kindred Street, Philadelphia, for the purpose of interviewing Gold's parents along the lines set out in referenced teletype. Harry Gold was present at his home, having arrived during the early morning of May 31, 1947, from New York City. It was noted that Gold's parents are elderly and speak English with difficulty. They appeared to have no detailed knowledge of their sons' activities and immediately called Harry Gold to speak to the agents. No attempt was made to interview Gold's parents in detail.

Harry Gold appeared cooperative and looked through his personal effects, which he stores at his parents' home, to determine whether any of the blue prints mentioned in referenced teletype were still in existence. He was unable to locate any such blue prints. During the time he was making the search Gold spoke of his connections with Abraham Brothman, stating that Brothman is in financial difficulties and has been unable to meet his payroll on one or two recent occasions. Gold appeared to have considerable respect for Brothman's ability as a designer of chemical processes. He stated that Brothman could be described as a genius, without exaggeration. It also appeared that Gold is loyal to Brothman as his employer.

Gold stated that the blue prints in question contained nothing extraordinary but that the reason he had previously believed some of the blue prints might still be in his possession was that one of them contained a design for a machine used in making a common plastic which was an unusually good design. Gold stated that he was convinced that the blue prints had been destroyed in 1944 when his family moved to their present residence.

Federal Bureau of Investigation  
United States Department of Justice

New York, New York

June 9, 1950

Director, FBI

Attention: Inspector ALAN H. BELMONT

Re: HARRY GOLD, was  
ESPIONAGE - R

Dear Sir:

For the information of the Bureau, there are transmitted herewith two copies of the indictment of HARRY GOLD. One copy is being forwarded to Philadelphia for its information.

Very truly yours,

*Edward Scheidt*

EDWARD SCHEIDT, SAC

Encls. (2)

CC: Philadelphia (Encl) (1)

ENCLOSURE ATTACHED

RRG:MFB

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1950



553

2 Enclosures for BUREAU

Re: HARRY GOLD, was.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED  
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DATE 11/19/86 BY 3142 PMA/1

United States District Court  
Eastern District of New York

THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA  
vs.

HARRY GOLD;  
JOHN DOE, alias "JOHN";  
RICHARD ROE, alias "SAM"

DEFENDANTS

INDICTMENT

Title 50, USC (1946 Ed.)  
Sec. 34

J. VINCENT KEOGH

United States Attorney,  
Federal Building,  
271 Washington Street,  
Brooklyn, N. Y.

Filed

June 9, 1950.

UPI ATLANTA—11-21-47—34—5772

65-57449-553

2. Pursuant to the said conspiracy and to effect the objects thereof, at the times and places herein below indicated, the defendants and co-conspirators did commit, among others, the following overt acts:

a. In or about the month of January, 1944, in the Borough of Manhattan, New York City, the defendant HARRY GOLD met and conferred with the defendant RICHARD ROE, alias "SAM".

b. In or about the month of February or March, 1944, the exact date being to the Grand Jury unknown, in the Borough of Manhattan, New York City, the defendant HARRY GOLD met and conferred with EMIL JULIUS KLAUS FUCHS.

c. In or about the month of March or April, 1944, the exact date being to the Grand Jury unknown, in the Borough of Manhattan, New York City, the defendant HARRY GOLD met and conferred with EMIL JULIUS KLAUS FUCHS.

d. In or about the month of June or July, 1944, the exact date being to the Grand Jury unknown, in the Borough of Manhattan, New York City, the defendant HARRY GOLD met and conferred with EMIL JULIUS KLAUS FUCHS.

e. In or about the month of July, 1944, the exact date being to the Grand Jury unknown, in the Borough of Queens, within the jurisdiction of this Court, the defendant HARRY GOLD met and conferred with EMIL JULIUS KLAUS FUCHS and at that time received from said FUCHS certain documents, writings, sketches, notes and information.

f. In or about the month of July, 1944, the exact date being to the Grand Jury unknown, in the Borough of Queens, within the jurisdiction of this Court, the defendant, HARRY GOLD transmitted to the defendant JOHN DOE, alias "JOHN" certain documents, writings, sketches, notes and information.



PJ2:cmh

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT  
EASTERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,

Plaintiff,

-against-

Cr. No. \_\_\_\_\_

(SO, U.S.C. (1946 Ed.)  
Sec. 34)

HARRY GOLD;  
JOHN DOE, alias "JOHN";  
RICHARD ROE, alias "SAM"

Defendants.

THE GRAND JURY CHARGES:

1. Beginning on or about December 1943 and continuing thereafter for a considerable period, the exact period being to the Grand Jury unknown, but in no event subsequent to November 30, 1947, in the Eastern District of New York, within the jurisdiction of this Court, in the Borough of Manhattan, New York City, in Santa Fe, New Mexico, in Boston and Cambridge, Massachusetts, and divers other places to the Grand Jury unknown, HARRY GOLD, JOHN DOE, alias "JOHN" and RICHARD ROE, alias "SAM", the defendants herein, the true and correct names of the latter two defendants being to the Grand Jury unknown, did, the United States then and there being at war, conspire, combine, confederate and agree together and with EMIL JULIUS KLAUS FUCHS and divers other persons to the Grand Jury unknown, to violate Subsection (a) of Section 32, Title 50, United States Code, in that they did conspire, combine, confederate and agree, with intent and reason to believe that it would be used to the advantage of a foreign nation, to-wit, the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics, to communicate, deliver and transmit, and attempt to communicate, deliver and transmit, and aid and induce others to communicate, deliver and transmit to a foreign government, to-wit, the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics and representatives and agents thereof, directly and indirectly, documents, writings, sketches, notes and information relating to the national defense of the United States, to-wit documents, writings, sketches, notes and information relating to atomic energy and nuclear fission.

-5-  
g. In or about the month of December, 1944 or January, 1945, the exact date being to the Grand Jury unknown, in Cambridge, Massachusetts, the defendant HARRY GOLD met and conferred with EMIL JULIUS KLAUS FUCHS, and at that time received from said FUCHS certain documents, writings, sketches, notes and information.

h. In or about the month of June, 1945, in Santa Fe, New Mexico, the defendant HARRY GOLD met and conferred with EMIL JULIUS KLAUS FUCHS, and at that time received from said FUCHS certain documents, writings, sketches, notes and information.

i. In or about the month of June, 1945, in the Borough of Brooklyn, within the jurisdiction of this Court the defendant HARRY GOLD transmitted to the defendant JOHN DOE, alias "JOHN" certain documents, writings, sketches, notes and information.

j. In or about the month of September, 1945, in Santa Fe, New Mexico, the defendant HARRY GOLD met and conferred with EMIL JULIUS KLAUS FUCHS, and at that time received from said FUCHS certain documents, writings, sketches, notes and information.

k. In or about the month of September, 1945, in the Borough of Queens, within the jurisdiction of this Court the defendant HARRY GOLD transmitted to the defendant JOHN DOE, alias "JOHN"

certain documents, writings, sketches, notes  
and information.

In violation of Section 34, Title 50, United States Code  
(1946 Ed.).

A TRUE BILL

Foreman.

J. VINCENT EEOGH

United States Attorney.

FRANK J. PARKER,  
Chief Assistant U.S. Atty., E.D.; N.Y.

JAMES M. Mc INERNEY,  
Asst. Atty. General,  
Dept. of Justice  
Washington, D. C.

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION  
UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  
-----

CC-150

To: COMMUNICATIONS SECTION.

Transmit the following message to:

July 12, 1950

SACs, NEW YORK  
PHILADELPHIA

URGENT

*NY*  
0  
HARRY GOLD, WAS., ESP-R

NY & PHILA SUTEL IMMEDIATELY WHEN REPORTS WILL REACH BUREAU.

HOOVER

EJVLHC

65-57449

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Tolson \_\_\_\_\_  
Ladd \_\_\_\_\_  
Clegg \_\_\_\_\_  
Glavin \_\_\_\_\_  
Nichols \_\_\_\_\_  
Kosen \_\_\_\_\_  
Tracy \_\_\_\_\_  
Harbo \_\_\_\_\_  
Mohr \_\_\_\_\_  
Tele. room \_\_\_\_\_  
Nease \_\_\_\_\_  
Gandy \_\_\_\_\_

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EX-3

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Per \_\_\_\_\_

AB

12-5

# FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

CV. FILE NO. 65-2717

Form No. 1

THIS CASE ORIGINATED AT **PHILADELPHIA**

REPORT MADE AT <b>CLEVELAND, OHIO</b>	DATE WHEN MADE <b>6/20/50</b>	PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE <b>6/17,18/50</b>	REPORT MADE BY <b>EDWARD L. TIMMERMAN</b> <span style="float: right;">jmc</span>
TITLE <b>HARRY GOLD, wa.</b>			CHARACTER OF CASE <b>ESPIONAGE - R</b>

**SYNOPSIS OF FACTS:**

*Incorrect report.  
For corrected  
report see serial 516  
7/17/50 EHL*

**JAMES WILLIAM McMULLEN**, Niles, Ohio student, Xavier University, 1938-1942, knew GOLD as fellow student, Xavier University from 1938 to 1940. McMULLEN denies knowing GOLD other than casually and denies seeing or hearing from him since 1940.

-RUC-

**DETAILS:**

**Niles, Ohio**

**MATT MCGOWAN**, Sargeant, Niles, Ohio Police Department, advised that he has been acquainted with **DANIEL JOSEPH McMULLEN** and his son, **JAMES W. McMULLEN** for over twenty years. He stated that neither has a criminal record at the Niles Police Department and added that both have excellent reputations in the community as loyal American citizens. MCGOWAN stated that **JAMES W. McMULLEN** is a past Commander of an American Legion Post, Niles, Ohio, named after McMULLEN's brother **DANIEL** who was killed in action in the past war.

**JAMES WILLIAM McMULLEN**, 60 Linden Avenue, advised that he was born July 4, 1920 at Youngstown, Ohio and since 1926 has lived with his father at Niles, Ohio. He graduated from McKinley High School, Niles, in 1938; attended Xavier University, Cincinnati, Ohio, from

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APPROVED AND FORWARDED: <i>R. J. Abbatuckin</i>	DO NOT WRITE IN THESE SPACES
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U. S. GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE 16-40224-1

CV. F. O.  
65-2717

1938 to 1942; enlisted in the United States Army Air Corps in 1942, and was discharged on October 21, 1945 as a First Lieutenant. His Army Serial Number was O-808873. He was employed as a mechanical engineer for the Warren City Manufacturing Company, Warren, Ohio, from November, 1945 to November, 1946, and since the latter date has been employed by the Lombard Corporation, Youngstown, Ohio, as a mechanical engineer.

Mr. McMULLEN advised he lives with his father, DANIEL JOSEPH, and sister, ANN CATHERINE McMULLEN. His mother, CATHERINE McMULLEN, nee Varley, is deceased and his brother, DANIEL JOSEPH, was killed in action with the United States Army Air Corps on August 17, 1943 over Germany.

Mr. McMULLEN informed that he met HARRY GOLD in the fall of 1938 in the Chemistry Laboratory at Xavier University. He advised that he was a mathematics major but took two years of chemistry and struck up a casual friendship with GOLD as a fellow student. He informed that he never associated with GOLD socially while at school. He advised that he, McMULLEN, lived in a dormitory on the campus and GOLD had a room somewhere in Cincinnati. He stated that to his knowledge he never visited GOLD in his room and added that he could not remember GOLD ever visiting him at the dormitory. McMULLEN stated that his knowledge of GOLD was limited strictly to the classroom.

Mr. McMULLEN advised he has neither seen nor heard from HARRY GOLD since June, 1940 when GOLD graduated from Xavier University. He stated he has never corresponded with GOLD and has not seen nor talked with him since June, 1940. McMULLEN informed he has never seen GOLD outside of the city of Cincinnati and added that he knew no acquaintances of GOLD with whom he, McMULLEN, has been in contact with since 1940.

McMULLEN stated that he had no reason to question the loyalty of GOLD during his student acquaintanceship with him at Xavier University.

- REFERRED UPON COMPLETION TO THE OFFICE OF ORIGIN -

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION  
UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

CC-150  
X

To: COMMUNICATIONS SECTION.

Transmit the following message to:

July 5, 1950

SACs, CLEVELAND  
PHILADELPHIA

URGENT

HARRY GOLD, WAS., ESP-R.

CLEVELAND IMMEDIATELY CORRECT REPORT SA EDWARD L. TIMMERMAN DATED JUNE TWENTY  
LAST, AS FOLLOWS AND FURNISH CORRECTED COPIES BUREAU AND PHILADELPHIA. ALL  
INFO EXCEPT THAT IN LAST THREE PARAS SHOULD BE IN ADMINISTRATIVE SECTION.  
HANDLE IMMEDIATELY, DEPARTMENT AWAITING REPORT.

HOOVER

BJVL:hc

65-57449 - 555

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Tolson \_\_\_\_\_  
Ladd \_\_\_\_\_  
Clegg \_\_\_\_\_  
Glavin \_\_\_\_\_  
Nichols \_\_\_\_\_  
Rosen \_\_\_\_\_  
Tracy \_\_\_\_\_  
Harbo \_\_\_\_\_  
Mohr \_\_\_\_\_  
Tele. Room \_\_\_\_\_  
Nease \_\_\_\_\_  
Gandy \_\_\_\_\_

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FBI  
DEPT OF JUSTICE

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SENT VIA

Per K

# Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : Director, FBI

FROM : SAC, Philadelphia

SUBJECT: HARRY GOLD  
ESPIONAGE - R  
(Bureau File #65-58805)

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

RE: July 14, 1950

~~SECRET~~

Rebulet dated July 6, 1950.

This is to advise that on July 11, 1950, [REDACTED] were shown to HARRY GOLD by SA's T. SCOTT MILLER, JR. and RICHARD E. BRENNAN. GOLD advised that he had never seen any of these individuals. (X) b7D

In addition, [REDACTED] were shown in a series of other names at this time. GOLD said these names were unknown to him. (X) u

During previous interviews of HARRY GOLD he has been shown all photographs contained in the New York Office CORBY Case Album without effecting any identifications. GOLD has also seen various photographs of CORBY Case principals, as submitted by the Bureau, without effecting any identification.

DECLASSIFIED BY 3042 PWT/H/2  
ON 12/6/86

PCJ:DNH  
65-4307  
cc - New York (File #65-15324)

Classified by 3042 PWT/H/2  
Declassify on OADR 11/13/86 a

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165-57449-556  
JUL 17 1950

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

~~SECRET~~

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# FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION FOIPA DELETED PAGE INFORMATION SHEET

1 Page(s) withheld entirely at this location in the file. One or more of the following statements, where indicated, explain this deletion.

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☐ Information pertained only to a third party with no reference to you or the subject of your request.

☐ Information pertained only to a third party. Your name is listed in the title only.

☐ Documents originated with another Government agency(ies). These documents were referred to that agency(ies) for review and direct response to you.

         Pages contain information furnished by another Government agency(ies). You will be advised by the FBI as to the releasability of this information following our consultation with the other agency(ies).

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# Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

DATE: July 3, 1950

TO : A. H. Belmont

FROM : C. E. Hennrich

SUBJECT: HARRY GOLD, ALFRED DEAN SLACK,  
THOMAS L. BLACK, DAVID GREENGLASS,  
FERDINAND HELLER, ABRAHAM BROTHMAN,  
JULIUS ROSENBERG  
ESPIONAGE - R

Tolson \_\_\_\_\_  
Ladd \_\_\_\_\_  
Clegg \_\_\_\_\_  
Glavin \_\_\_\_\_  
Nichols \_\_\_\_\_  
Rosen \_\_\_\_\_  
Tracy \_\_\_\_\_  
Harbo \_\_\_\_\_  
Mohr \_\_\_\_\_  
Tele. Room \_\_\_\_\_  
Nease \_\_\_\_\_  
Gandy \_\_\_\_\_

In connection with the preparation of briefs on the above-mentioned individuals, your authority is requested to destroy one copy of the incoming reports from the field in order that the material contained in the reports may be broken down and serve as rough draft material and thereby facilitate the keeping of the briefs up-to-date. The appropriate notation that one copy has been destroyed will, of course, be placed on the original copy of the report.

65-57449

cc - File on Alfred Dean Slack (65-59183)  
" " Thomas L. Black (65-59181)  
" " David Greenglass (65-59028)  
" " Ferdinand Heller (65- )  
" " Abraham Brothman (100-365040)  
" " Julius Rosenberg (100-340431)

65-58236-

RJL:hmb

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65-57449-557

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## Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

DATE: July 14, 1950

TO : MR. LADD *John*  
 FROM : MR. BELMONT *John*  
 SUBJECT: HARRY GOLD, was.  
 ESPIONAGE - R

Tolson ☒  
 Ladd ☒  
 Clegg ☒  
 Glavin ☒  
 Nichols ☒  
 Rosen ☒  
 Tracy ☒  
 Harbo ☒  
 Mohr ☒  
 Tele. Room ☒  
 Nease ☒  
 Gandy ☒

PURPOSE

To obtain approval of suggested corrections to a Summary of Facts submitted by Assistant Attorney General James M. McInerney, which Summary is to be made available to the USA in Philadelphia at noon, Monday, July 17, 1950, for his assistance at the time of sentence of Gold.

DETAILS

The attached Summary of Facts submitted by the Department has been reviewed and found to be inaccurate in some respects. As our suggestions, corrections, or observations concerning this Summary of Facts were requested, the attached memorandum to the Department has been drawn up suggesting certain corrections in accordance with the true facts.

It is desired to point out that the last sentence of the first partial paragraph of Page 2 of the Department's Summary of Facts states, with reference to Gold's first meeting with Fuchs, that "Fuchs explained the setup of the British group and that the group was working on a project which was highly important to the national defense and that his work was of a very confidential nature." Actually, Gold stated that Fuchs explained the setup of the British group and either stated or implied that he, Fuchs, was working on the separation of isotopes for eventual utilization of the energy produced by nuclear fission in the form of a weapon.

In the third full paragraph on Page 2, the Summary states that Gold opened the packet of papers given to him by Fuchs and "saw that the information contained therein concerned highly confidential information pertaining to the national defense of the United States." Actually, Gold stated that he opened the package and "saw what he recognized as mathematical equations, which seemed to concern mathematical derivations."

EJVL:hc *hc*  
 65-57449

Attachment

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 65-57449-558  
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DATE 11/13/86 BY 3000 WJ/1/86

In about the center of the first paragraph on Page 3, it is stated that when Gold met Fuchs at the Heineman home Fuchs informed Gold that he was stationed at a place called Los Alamos in New Mexico, "where a highly secret research project pertaining to the national defense was being carried on." Again in the first paragraph of Page 4, it is stated that in the course of the September, 1945, meeting at Santa Fe, New Mexico, "Fuchs gave Gold a packet of papers and informed Gold that the papers pertained to highly important and confidential research developments at the two New Mexico defense projects," referring to Los Alamos and Alamogordo.

It will be noted that in these instances it appears that the Department is using a general description of the type of information being furnished by Fuchs to Gold for the apparent purpose of avoiding the use of the specific information passed. Inasmuch as this appears to be a desirable objective and the Department has the factual description of the information passed, no comment is being made in the attached memorandum to the Department.

#### RECOMMENDATION

It is recommended that the attached memorandum to the Department be approved.

GR.  
H.

B.B.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES  
FOR THE EASTERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

DO NOT (1944 24.5  
Sec. 24

HARRY GOLD,  
JOHN ROSS, alias "JOHN",  
RICHARD ROSS, alias "JOHN"

DEFENDANTS

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED  
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED  
DATE 11/24/88 BY SP-6/1/88  
JCH/ALB

SIX GRAND JURY CHARGES

1. Beginning in or about December 1945 and continuing thereafter for a considerable period, the exact period being to the Grand Jury unknown, but in no event subsequent to November 30, 1947, in the Eastern District of New York, within the jurisdiction of this Court, in the Borough of Manhattan, New York City, in Santa Fe, New Mexico, in Boston and Cambridge, Massachusetts, and diverse other places to the Grand Jury unknown, HARRY GOLD, JOHN ROSS, alias "JOHN" and RICHARD ROSS, alias "JOHN", the defendants herein, the true and correct names of the latter two defendants being to the Grand Jury unknown, did, the United States then and there being at war, conspire, combine, confederate and agree together and with EARL JAMES RAYMOND WOOD and diverse other persons to the Grand Jury unknown, to violate Subsection (a) of Section 24, Title 18, United States Code, in that they did conspire, combine, confederate and agree, with intent and reason to believe that it would be to the advantage of a foreign nation, to-wit, the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics, to communicate, deliver and transmit, and attempt to communicate, deliver and transmit, and did and caused others to communicate, deliver and transmit to the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics and representatives and agents thereof, directly and indirectly, documents, writings, sketches, notes and information relating to the national defense of the United States, to-wit documents, writings, sketches, notes and information relating to atomic energy and nuclear fission.

NEW YORK OFFICE

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2. Pursuant to the said conspiracy and to effect the objects thereof, at the times and places herein below indicated, the defendants and co-conspirators did commit, among others, the following overt acts:

a. In or about the month of January 1944, in the Borough of Manhattan, New York City, the defendant ELMER GALT met and conferred with the defendant WILLIAM W. ALLEN, alias "Doc".

b. In or about the month of February or March 1944, the exact date being to the Grand Jury unknown, in the Borough of Manhattan, New York City, the defendant ELMER GALT met and conferred with WILLIAM W. ALLEN, alias "Doc".

c. In or about the month of March or April 1944, the exact date being to the Grand Jury unknown, in the Borough of Manhattan, New York City, the defendant ELMER GALT met and conferred with WILLIAM W. ALLEN, alias "Doc".

d. In or about the month of June or July 1944, the exact date being to the Grand Jury unknown, in the Borough of Manhattan, New York City, the defendant ELMER GALT met and conferred with WILLIAM W. ALLEN, alias "Doc".

e. In or about the month of July 1944, the exact date being to the Grand Jury unknown, in the Borough of Queens, the defendant ELMER GALT met and conferred with WILLIAM W. ALLEN, alias "Doc" and at that time received from said ALLEN certain documents, writings, photographs, notes and information.

f. In or about the month of July 1944, the exact date being to the Grand Jury unknown, in the Borough of

Queens, the defendant HARRY GOLD transmitted to the defendant JUNE DOE, alias "JUNE" <sup>certain</sup> documents, writings, sketches, notes and information.

2. In or about the month of December 1944 or January 1945, the exact date being to the Grand Jury unknown, at Cambridge, Massachusetts, the defendant HARRY GOLD met and conferred with HILL JULIUS ELIAS FUCHS, and at that time received from said FUCHS certain documents, writings, sketches, notes and information.

3. In or about the month of June 1945, at Santa Fe, New Mexico, the defendant HARRY GOLD met and conferred with HILL JULIUS ELIAS FUCHS, and at that time received from said FUCHS certain documents, writings, sketches, notes and information.

4. In or about the month of June 1945, in the Borough of Brooklyn, the defendant HARRY GOLD transmitted to the defendant JUNE DOE, alias "JUNE" certain documents, writings, sketches, notes and information.

5. In or about the month of September 1945, at Santa Fe, New Mexico, the defendant HARRY GOLD met and conferred with HILL JULIUS ELIAS FUCHS, and at that time received from said FUCHS certain documents, writings, sketches, notes and information.

6. In or about the month of September 1945, in the Borough of Queens, the defendant HARRY GOLD transmitted to the defendant JUNE DOE, alias "JUNE" certain documents, writings, sketches, notes and information.

In violation of Section 34, Title 20, USC (1946 Ed.).



# Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

DATE: June 6, 1950

TO : The Director, Federal Bureau of Investigation  
 FROM : James M. McInerney, Assistant Attorney General  
 SUBJECT: Harry Gold, was.  
Espionage - R

JMM:RPW:DJ

146-41-15-114

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

Reference is made to the conference between Inspector Belmont and Special Agent Van Loon of the Bureau and Messrs. Whearty and Kneip of the Department on June 2, 1950, regarding the above case.

In accordance with the agreement there reached, it is thought that inquiry should be made of the Atomic Energy Commission regarding the classified character and availability for public disclosure of the following information allegedly given him by Fuchs and furnished by Gold to Bureau agents in the course of their interview with him (references to pages Gold statement of May 22, 1950):

1. Fuchs assignment "with the British Mission working with the Manhattan Engineer Project" . . . (and) " . . . the manpower set-up of the British group." (Page 3)
2. "They were working on the separation of isotopes, and . . . there was at least impliedly the eventual utilization of the energy produced by nuclear fission in the form of a weapon." (Page 3)
3. "There was a possibility of a large-scale installation for isotope separation projected for future development somewhere, he thought, down in Georgia or Alabama." (PP. 3 & 4)
4. "A description by Fuchs of the physical and personnel set-up of the Manhattan Engineer Project." (Page 4)
5. "He told me he had been present at the initial large-scale trial of nuclear fission at Alamogordo in New Mexico." (Page 6)

At the conference with Bureau representatives the possibility of securing Fuchs' attendance as a witness was also discussed and it was decided that no specific evaluation be sought from the Atomic Energy Commission as to the classification and security value

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memo. M. McInerney  
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- 2 -

of the information which Fuchs admitted transmitting to Gold until it had been determined whether or not Gold, in accordance with his advance announced intention, had pleaded guilty to the proposed indictment against him. It is believed that this decision should be continued in effect. In this connection, however, it is pointed out that the availability for use of the technical data which Fuchs has admitted disclosing has a direct bearing upon the advisability of making any approach to the British toward securing his attendance here as a witness. If such information could not, in any event, be used there would be no point in prosecuting such an effort to secure his attendance. In the circumstances, it is left to your discretion as to whether or not, in discussing the matters referred to above with the Atomic Energy Commission, it would be advisable to secure any preliminary evaluation as to the availability for use of such information which is included in the summary covering the New York, Cambridge and Santa Fe Gold-Fuchs meetings forwarded as an attachment to your memorandum of May 29, 1950, to the Attorney General.

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION  
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

ON 17 1950

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(3)

Mr. Tolson	
Mr. Ladd	
Mr. Clegg	
Mr. Glavin	
Mr. Nichols	
Mr. Rosen	
Mr. Tracy	
Mr. Harbo	
Mr. Belmont	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Mr. Mohr	
Tele. Room	
Mr. Nease	
Miss Gandy	

WASHINGTON 16 NEW YORK 11 FROM PHILA. 6-17-50 8.28 PM

DIRECTOR AND SACS

HARRY GOLD, WAS., ESPIONAGE R. HARRY GOLD ON INTERVIEW TODAY ADVISED THAT EITHER ON SEPTEMBER SIXTEEN OR SEVENTEEN FORTYFIVE HE CALLED THOMAS L. BLACK AT HIS RESIDENCE SEVENTEEN OXFORD ST., NEWARK, NJ TELEPHONE NUMBER BELIEVED TO BE MARKET THREE FIVE SEVEN ONE NAUGHT AND REQUESTED BLACK TO TELEGRAPH HIM FIFTY DOLLARS CARE OF THE HILTON HOTEL, ALBUQUERQUE, NM. GOLD ADVISED THAT HE RECEIVED TWENTY DOLLARS BY WIRE FROM THOMAS L. BLACK AT THE HILTON HOTEL EITHER ON SEPTEMBER NINETEENTH OR TWENTIETH, FORTY FIVE. ALBUQUERQUE SHOULD CHECK RECORDS OF WU AT ALBUQUERQUE TO DETERMINE IF ANY PAYMENT OF TWENTY DOLLARS CAN BE LOCATED TO HARRY GOLD WHICH PAYMENT ENANATED FROM THOMAS L. BLACK, NEWARK, NJ. SECURE ALL INFO REGARDING THIS PAYMENT. CHICAGO OFFICE SHOULD CHECK AT THE PALMER HOUSE AT CHICAGO TO DETERMINE IF ANY RECORD CAN BE FOUND OF A TELEPHONE CALL BEING MADE BY HARRY GOLD TO THOMAS L. BLACK ON SEPTEMBER SIXTEEN OR SEVENTEEN, FORTYFIVE. THE CALL MADE BY GOLD WAS MADE AT THE ATTENDED TELEPHONE IN THE LOBBY OF THE HOTEL. CORNELIUS.

ALBUQUERQUE AND CHICAGO TO BE ADVISED

NY ACK AND DISC

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DATE 11/19/86 BY 3042 PWT/SL

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JUL 28 1950

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## Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : MR. LADD *PL*  
 FROM : A. H. BELMONT *AB*  
 SUBJECT: HARRY GOLD, was.,  
 ESPIONAGE - R.

DATE: June 6, 1950

Tolson ☒  
 Ladd ☒  
 Clegg ☒  
 Glavin ☒  
 Nichols ☒  
 Rosen ☒  
 Tracy ☒  
 Harbo ☒  
 Belmont ☒  
 Mohr ☒  
 Tele. Room ☒  
 Nease ☒  
 Gandy ☒

On the morning of June 6, 1950, Mr. Raymond Whearty, of the Department, personally delivered the attached memorandum describing from the statement of Harry Gold certain types of what appeared to be classified information which Fuchs turned over to Gold and requesting that we contact the Atomic Energy Commission to ascertain whether information of this type was restricted at the time Fuchs turned it over to Gold and whether the information is of a nature that it could be publicly revealed at a trial at the present time.

Mr. Whearty advised that Chief Assistant U. S. Attorney Frank Parker, of the Eastern District of New York, will present this matter to the Grand Jury in the Eastern District on Friday, June 9. Mr. Parker is coming down to Washington tomorrow, June 7, for the purpose of going over the proposed indictment and to discuss with the Department the witnesses who will be used before the Grand Jury.

Mr. Whearty advised that he would furnish us this morning with a copy of the proposed indictment.

Mr. Whearty advised that as it now appears, the witnesses before the Grand Jury will be Special Agent T. Scott Miller and possibly Special Agent Richard Brennan. These are the two Agents who took the signed statement from Gold. Mr. Whearty advised that possibly they might desire a representative of the Atomic Energy Commission to testify regarding the restricted nature of the information turned over by Fuchs to Gold. In the event Mr. Parker feels that some corroboration of Gold's story is necessary, no matter how slight, it may be desirable for Laboratory experts to appear to testify that the handwriting on the hotel registers at Chicago and Albuquerque is identical with that of Harry Gold. Mr. Whearty advised that we would be kept informed of any developments. He desired to know whether a representative of the Bureau wanted to sit in at the conference between Mr. Parker and the Department officials tomorrow. He said he did not think this would be necessary, as the Department would want of us as soon as our primary interest was to know what the Department would want of us as soon as possible so that we could be fully prepared, as we did not want to have proceedings in any manner.

ACTION:

The question concerning the restrictive status of the material set forth in the attached memorandum from the Department will be discussed with the Atomic Energy Commission today for the purpose of ascertaining whether a representative of the Atomic Energy Commission will be available to testify to the restrictive nature of the information at the time Fuchs turned it over to Gold and whether the Atomic Energy Commission feels that this information, which is couched in very general terms, can now be made public in the event the case comes to trial, or for that matter whether it should be brought before the Grand Jury.

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MEMORANDUM FOR MR. LADD

ASAC Whelan, of the New York Office, has been advised of the contemplated Grand Jury proceedings set for June 9, and has been instructed to maintain a very close liaison with Mr. Keough and Mr. Parker, of the Eastern District of New York. Mr. Whelan was advised that the New York Office should take the responsibility of seeing that this matter is handled properly and that any requests from the United States Attorney are given immediate consideration; further, that any Bureau personnel or other witnesses are properly notified to appear.

Inasmuch as a copy of the indictment was received subsequent to Mr. Whearty's personal call, it is attached for your information. An analysis is being made of this proposed indictment to see whether any suggestions should be offered by the Bureau.

The Department will be followed tomorrow, June 7, to ascertain the results of the conference between Mr. Parker and Departmental officials.

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION  
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

JUL 12 1950

TELETYPE

Mr. Tolson	/
Mr. Ladd	/
Mr. Clegg	/
Mr. Glavin	/
Mr. Nichols	/
Mr. Rosen	/
Mr. Tracy	/
Mr. Harbo	/
Mr. Belmont	/
Mr. Mohr	/
Tele. Room	/
Mr. Nease	/
Miss Gandy	/

7-12-50

WASHINGTON 16 AND NEW YORK 8 FROM PHILA

DIRECTOR AND SAC DEFERRED

HARRY GOLD, WAS., ESPIONAGE - R. GOLD WAS QUESTIONED TODAY CONCERNING HIS RELATIONSHIP WITH JACK BRUIN, WA. JOSEPH BRODSKY. GOLD STATED THAT HE ORIGINALLY MET BRUIN, WHOM HE REFERS TO AS BRODSKY, AT DREXEL INSTITUTE IN PHILA. ABOUT FEB. OF THIRTY-FOUR AND ASSOCIATED WITH BRUIN FROM THEN UNTIL THIRTYSIX AS FELLOW STUDENTS. GOLD SAID THAT EVEN AT DREXEL, BRUIN WAS AN OPEN COMMUNIST AND WAS CONSTANTLY TRYING TO CONVERT DREXEL STUDENTS TO COMMUNISM. DURING THIS TIME HE WAS CONTINUALLY CONTACTING GOLD FOR DONATIONS AND CONTRIBUTIONS TO THE CP AND VARIOUS FRONTS. GOLD STATED THAT IN ABOUT LATE THIRTYSIX HE TOLD BRUIN THAT HE WAS ENGAGED IN INDUSTRIAL ESPIONAGE ON BEHALF OF THE SOVIET UNION. GOLD STATED THAT HE TOLD BRUIN THIS FOR ONE OR TWO REASONS, POSSIBLY BOTH. AT THIS TIME BRUIN WAS CONSTANTLY PESTERING GOLD FOR CONTRIBUTIONS AS MENTIONED ABOVE AND GOLD THOUGHT THAT BY TELLING HIM HE WAS ENGAGED IN INDUSTRIAL ESPIONAGE FOR THE SOVIET UNION THAT BRUIN WOULD QUIT PESTERING HIM. GOLD ALSO SAID THAT ABOUT THIS TIME HE SECURED THE KEY TO THE OFFICE OF DR. GUSTAV REICH OF THE PENNA. SUGAR CO. AND SINCE HE DESIRED TO OBTAIN INFO FROM REICH'S OFFICE ON OCCASIONS FOR THE SOVIET UNION, HE WANTED TO HAVE A DUPLICATE KEY MADE. GOLD STATED THAT HE TOOK WAX IMPRESSIONS OF THE KEY AS WELL AS A PENCIL OUTLINE OF IT AND THEN CONTACTED JACK BRUIN AND REQUESTED THE LATTER TO HAVE A KEY MADE FROM SUCH IMPRESSION.

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WHICH GOLD SUBSEQUENTLY USED TO GAIN ACCESS TO REICH-S OFFICE WHEN GOLD WAS WORKING AT PENNA. SUGAR CO. LABORATORY AT NIGHT. IN ANY EVENT GOLD STATED THAT WHEN HE TOLD BRUIN OF THIS THE LATTER WAS VERY IMPRESSED AND SAID THAT HE THOUGHT IT WAS A WONDERFUL IDEA. IN LATE THIRTYSIX OR EARLY THIRTYSEVEN, BRUIN SUGGESTED THAT GOLD MEET AN INDIVIDUAL IN WHOM GOLD MIGHT BE INTERESTED. GOLD ACCOMPANIED BRUIN TO THE APARTMENT OF A MAN WHOSE NAME HE CANNOT RECALL BUT WHO LIVED AROUND TWENTIETH OR TWENTYSECOND AND WALNUT STS., PHILA. THIS MAN WORKED FOR THE GIMBEL BROS. BUREAU OF STANDARDS, WHICH WAS TESTING ORGANIZATION SET UP TO SET STANDARDS FOR GIMBEL-S MERCHANDISE. GOLD RECALLED THAT THIS MAN TOLD HIM THAT THE TESTING ORGANIZATION WAS ACTUALLY OPERATED BY A PRIVATE FIRM AND NOT GIMBEL BROS. GOLD SAID THAT THE REASON BRUIN THOUGHT THAT GOLD WOULD BE INTERESTED IN THIS MAN WAS THAT HE HAD SOME INFO ON A QUOTE MARVELOUS NEW FIBRE OR FABRIC UNQUOTE WHICH GOLD STATED MIGHT HAVE BEEN NYLON. GOLD SAID THAT THIS MAN WANTED TO GO TO THE SOVIET UNION AND WORK THERE. GOLD STATED THAT HE SUBSEQUENTLY AND TACTFULLY BROUGHT THIS TO THE ATTENTION OF HIS SOVIET SUPERIOR PAUL SMITH WHO REJECTED THE IDEA. GOLD DESCRIBED THIS MAN AS ABOUT FIVE FT. NINE, SLENDER BUILD, DARK HAIR, BROWN EYES, LONG NOSE, MARRIED, HIS WIFE BEING A SCHOOL TEACHER. WHEN STEVE SWARTZ BEGAN ASKING GOLD FOR NAMES OF POSSIBLE RECRUITS, GOLD CONTACTED BRUIN AND OBTAINED NAMES OF INDIVIDUALS FROM BRUIN AS WELL AS THEIR BACKGROUNDS AND SUBMITTED THESE NAMES TO

PAGE THREE

HIS SOVIET SUPERIOR SWARTZ. GOLD CAN RECALL BUT ONE OF THESE NAMES AND WAS VERY VAGUE ABOUT THAT. GOLD SAID THAT HE RECALLED THE NAME OF TOM JACKSON A DRAFTSMAN OR A MECHANICAL ENGINEER, WHO WAS EMPLOYED IN FORTYSEVEN AT THE BALDWIN LOCOMOTIVE WORKS. HE WAS OF ENGLISH ANCESTRY AND WAS POSSIBLY A MEMBER OF THE FEDERATION OF ARCHITECTS, ENGINEERS, CHEMISTS AND TECHNICIANS. DURING THIS PERIOD OF THIRTY SEVEN, GOLD WAS HAVING FREQUENT CONTACTS WITH BRUIN AND THEY MET PROBABLY IN THE MAIN PHILA PUBLIC LIBRARY ON LOGAN CIRCLE IN EITHER THE PERIODICAL ROOM OR UPSTAIRS. GOLD SAID THAT THESE MEETINGS WERE NOT SET IN ADVANCE BUT WERE ARRANGED FOR BY ONE CALLING THE OTHER BUT THAT MOSTLY BRUIN WOULD CALL GOLD. SOMETIME IN THIRTYSEVEN BRUIN TOLD GOLD THAT HE WOULD LIKE TO ASSIST IN THE SOVIET ESPIONAGE AND THOUGHT THAT HE WOULD BE VERY VALUABLE TO THE SOVIETS IN OBTAINING RECRUITS FOR THEM SINCE HE KNEW PEOPLE WHO WERE NOT ONLY TECHNICALLY TRAINED BUT ALSO COMMUNISTS. GOLD BROUGHT THIS TO THE ATTENTION OF STEVE SWARTZ IN A TACTFUL MANNER AND SWARTZ INSTRUCTED GOLD TO OBTAIN BIOGRAPHICAL DATA ON BRUIN. GOLD SAID THAT HE BEGAN TO HAVE A SERIES OF MEETINGS WITH BRUIN DURING WHICH TIME HE OBTAINED BRUIN-S BACKGROUND AND IT WAS ON ONE OF THESE MEETINGS THAT BRUIN SUPPLIED GOLD WITH A BIOGRAPHICAL SKETCH OF HIMSELF AND WHICH WAS FOUND IN GOLD-S HOME WHEN IT WAS SEARCHED RECENTLY. FINALLY IN THE EARLY FALL OF THIRTYSEVEN, SWARTZ AGREED TO MEET BRUIN AND THE INTRODUCTION WAS MADE BY GOLD IN PHILA. GOLD CAN RECALL NO DETAILS WHATEVER OF THE INTRODUCTION. GOLD DOES

END PAGE THREE

PAGE FOUR

RECALL THAT SWARTZ NEVER MENTIONED BRUIN AGAIN AND THAT AT A SUBSEQUENT TIME BRUIN TOLD GOLD THAT HE HAD SEEN SWARTZ ONE TIME AFTER THE INTRODUCTION BUT THAT IT APPEARED THAT NOTHING WOULD COME OF IT WHICH GOLD INTERPRETED TO MEAN THAT BRUIN DID NOT THINK HE WAS GOING TO BE UTILIZED AS A SOVIET AGENT. GOLD SAID THAT DURING THIS TIME BRUIN LIVED IN THE STRAWBERRY MANSION SECTION OF PHILA AND THAT HE LATER MOVED TO THE WYNNEFIELD SECTION OF PHILA. GOLD RECALLED THAT IN THE LATE FALL OF THIRTYSIX HE INTRODUCED THOMAS L. BLACK TO BRUIN AND TOLD BRUIN THAT BLACK ALSO WAS ENGAGED IN SOVIET ESPIONAGE FOR THE SOVIET UNION. GOLD THINKS THAT HE SUBSEQUENTLY INFORMED BLACK OF THIS, AT WHICH TIME HE RECEIVED A VIOLENT UPBRAIDING ON BLACK-S PART. GOLD SAID THAT AFTER HE INTRODUCED BRUIN AND STEVE SWARTZ, HIS CONTACTS WITH BRUIN BECAME VERY INFREQUENT AND USUALLY THE MEETING WOULD TAKE PLACE AT THE REQUEST OF BRUIN, WHO WOULD ASK GOLD FOR DONATIONS FOR THE COMMUNIST PARTY OR SOME FRONT. GOLD SAID THAT BRUIN SUPPLIED HIM WITH ABOUT FIVE OR SIX NAMES WHICH GOLD TURNED OVER TO HIS SOVIET SUPERIORS. SUBSEQUENT TO THE INTRODUCTION OF SWARTZ AND BRUIN AND UP UNTIL FORTY-FOUR OR FORTY FIVE, BRUIN HAS OCCASIONALLY ASKED GOLD IF HE WAS STILL CONNECTED WITH SOVIET ESPIONAGE AND DURING THAT TIME GOLD WOULD INTIMATE THAT HE WAS. BRUIN WOULD USUALLY ASK THIS QUESTION OF GOLD BY SAYING QUOTE ARE YOU STILL WORKING WITH OUR FRIENDS UNQUOTE. GOLD STATED THAT IT IS POSSIBLE THAT BRUIN USED THE EXPRESSION QUOTE OUR BROTHERS UNQUOTE OR QUOTE THOSE PEOPLE IN NEW YORK UNQUOTE INSTEAD OF QUOTE

END PAGE FOUR



PAGE FIVE

OUR FRIENDS UNQUOTE. SINCE FORTY FOUR OR FORTYFIVE WHEN BRUIN HAS  
ASKED THE SAME QUESTION GOLD HAS TOLD HIM THAT HE HAS LOST CONTACT  
WITH THE SOVIETS. GOLD RECALLS THAT IN THE SUMMER OF FORTYEIGHT  
WHILE GOLD WAS LOOKING FOR WORK HE WAS TALKING WITH BRUIN IN PHILA.  
AT THIS TIME GOLD SAID THERE WAS A LOT OF PUBLICITY IN NEWSPAPERS ON  
DISCLOSURES MADE BY ELIZABETH BENTLY RELATIVE TO SOVIET ESPIONAGE.  
BRUIN ASKED GOLD IF HE QUOTE WAS SAFE UNQUOTE. GOLD TOLD BRUIN THAT  
HE WAS AND THAT HE HAD COVERED UP HIS TRACKS VERY WELL. GOLD ADVISED  
THAT BETWEEN THE TIME HE WAS CONTACTED BY AGENTS ON MAY FIFTEEN, FIFTY  
AND THE DAY HE CONFESSED, MAY TWENTYTWO, FIFTY, HE SAW BRUIN AT THE  
UNIV. OF PENNA. HOSPITAL. GOLD SAID THAT BRUIN CALLED HIM AND SAID  
HE WANTED TO MEET GOLD SO THE LATTER DID MEET BRUIN AT THE MAIN ENTRANCE  
TO THE UNIV. OF PENNA. HOSPITAL. GOLD SAID THAT BRUIN-S PURPOSE IN CON-  
TACTING HIM WAS TO SECURE A CONTRIBUTION FOR THE COMMUNIST PARTY. GOLD  
SAID THAT THE TWO WALKED OVER TO HOUSTON HALL OF THE UNIV. OF PENNA.,  
WHERE GOLD PURCHASED A LOOSE LEAF NOTEBOOK IN A BOOK STOR FOR USE IN  
GOLD-S WORK AT PHILA GENERAL HOSPITAL. DURING THE TIME THEY WERE TO-  
GETHER GOLD ADVISED BRUIN THAT HE WAS BEING QUESTIONED BY TWO FBI  
AGENTS. BRUIN WANTED TO KNOW WHAT ABOUT AND GOLD ADVISED HIM THAT  
SOMETHING IN GOLD-S PAST HAD COME TO LIGHT BUT THAT HE THOUGHT THAT  
HE HAD COVERED IT UP SUFFICIENTLY THEREFORE NOTHING WOULD COME OF THE  
END PAGE FIVE

PAGE SIX

INTERVIEW. GOLD SAID THAT BRUIN IS PRESENTLY SELLING NEWSPAPERS IN THE  
UNIV. OF PENNA. HOSPITAL, IS MARRIED AND HAS TWO CHILDREN. HE SAID  
THAT BRUIN TOLD HIM THAT BRUIN-S WIFE HAD BEEN ILL FOR TWO OR THREE  
YEARS AND WAS AT PRESENT A QUOTE NEUROTIC UNQUOTE. GOLD STATED HE  
KNOWS OF ~~NO~~ OTHER STEADY EMPLOYMENT BRUIN HAS HAD AND THAT SINCE BRUIN  
LEFT DREXEL INSTITUTE HE HAS BEEN EMPLOYED MAINLY BY LABOR UNIONS.  
GOLD STATED THAT IN ABOUT THIRTYSIX BRUIN PERSUADED HIM TO JOIN THE  
FAECT-CIO, WHICH GOLD DID, BUT STATED THAT HE NEVER AGAIN ATTENDED A  
MEETING OR VISITED THE HEADQUARTERS. GOLD STATED THAT HE RECALLED  
THAT WHILE BEING QUESTIONED BY THE AGENTS HE HAD ADVISED THEM THAT HE  
HAD GIVEN JACK BRUIN-S NAME TO THE SOVIETS AS AN INDIVIDUAL WHO WOULD  
BE VALUABLE IN SUGGESTING POSSIBLE RECRUITS FOR SOVIET ESPIONAGE BUT  
THAT HE HAD BEEN CONCENTRATING SO MUCH ON TRYING TO RECALL INCIDENTS  
RELATIVE TO HIS ASSOCIATION WITH FUCHS, SLACK, GREENGLASS, SAM, JOHN  
AND HIS OTHER SOVIET SUPERIORS THAT HIS CONTACTS WITH BRUIN HAD COM-  
PLETELY BEEN FORGOTTEN BY HIM. GOLD WILL BE QUESTION FURTHER RELATIVE  
TO HIS ASSOCIATION WITH BRUIN.

CORNELIUS

BOTH HOLD

*Broderick is ident with  
John Jack Bruin, alias  
Joseph Broderick, Jr.  
Broderick, Joseph 100-177584*

*cc: Mr. Belmont  
Mr. Lammie*

CHIEF OF BUREAU

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

JUL 19 1950

TELETYPE

7-19-50

WASHINGTON 15 FROM PHILA

DIRECTOR

10-15-PM

Mr. Tolson	_____
Mr. Ladd	_____
Mr. Clegg	_____
Mr. Glavin	_____
Mr. Nichols	_____
Mr. Rosen	_____
Mr. Tracy	_____
Mr. Harbo	_____
Tele. Room	_____
Mr. Nease	_____
Miss Gandy	_____

HARRY GOLD BE INTERVIEWED IN AN ATTEMPT TO FIX HIS ASSOCIATION WITH SMILG MORE DEFINITELY. GOLD ADVISED TODAY THAT HIS LAST CONTACT WITH SMILG WAS DEFINITELY LATE JAN. OR EARLY FEB., FORTY. HE STATED THAT HE DID NOT USE AN ARGUMENT WITH SMILG THAT RUSSIA WAS, QUOTE, FIGHTING OUR WAR, UNQUOTE, AND RECALLS THAT THE ONLY WAR HE TALKED TO SMILG ABOUT WAS THE FINNISH-RUSSIAN WAR AND THAT SEVERAL TIMES SMILG KIDDED GOLD ABOUT THE WAY THE RUSSIAN ARMY HAD BOGGED DOWN IN THE SNOW. GOLD RECALLED THAT SEVERAL TIMES HE MADE EXCUSES FOR RUSSIAN SETBACKS IN THIS WAR TO SMILG BUT THAT HE NEVER USED THIS WAR AS AN ARGUING POINT WITH SMILG. GOLD STATED THAT THIS CONVERSATION ABOUT THE FINNISH WAR WAS IN THE EARLY SPRING OF NINETEEN THIRTYNINE. THERE IS NO REASON TO BELIEVE THAT GOLD IS NOT TELLING TRUTH IN THIS MATTER, INASMUCH AS HE HAS ADMITTED TO AGENTS USING SUCH AN ARGUMENT WITH ALFRED DEAN SLACK. SINCE EVEN SMILG STATES THAT GOLD PROBABLY DID NOT CONTACT HIM AFTER GOLD LEFT XAVIER UNIVERSITY ABOUT JUNE, FORTY, IT WOULD BE VERY UNLIKELY THAT SUCH AN ARGUMENT WOULD BE USED BY GOLD IN CONTACTING SMILG. IT IS SUGGESTED THAT POSSIBLY SMILG MIGHT HAVE HEARD THIS STATEMENT MADE BY STANISLAUS

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DATE 11/13/92 BY 3042 PRT/afw  
65-57449-  
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END PAGE 6

PAGE TWO

SHUMOVSKY, WHO VISITED SMILG IN EARLY PART OF NINETEEN FORTYTHREE, WHICH WAS TIME, OF COURSE, WHEN NOT ONLY RUSSIA, BUT ALSO THE UNITED STATES WAS AT WAR. IT IS SUGGESTED THAT IF SMILG IS REINTERVIEWED, THAT HE ELABORATE ON ALL OF HIS CONVERSATIONS WITH SHUMOVSKY DURING THEIR ASSOCIATION IN EARLY NINETEEN FORTYTHREE.

CORNELIUS

CINCINNATI ADVISED

HOLD

ORIGINAL BELMONT

XXXXXX  
XXXXXX  
XXXXXXFEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION  
FOIPA DELETED PAGE INFORMATION SHEET

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6 Page(s) withheld for the following reason(s):

Disposition of document in Greenglass 65-59028-273.

☐ For your information: \_\_\_\_\_

☒ The following number is to be used for reference regarding these pages:

65-57449-NP 7/24/50

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July 5, 1950

Director, FBI

SAC, Knoxville

ALFRED DEAN SLACK, was.

ESPIONAGE - R

(Bufile 65-59183)

Rebulet dated June 28, 1950.

The subject was interviewed on July 3, 1950, by Special Agents ROBERT E. MARGISON and CHARLTON C. McSWAIN with reference to the paper found in the possession of HARRY GOLD, on which was written considerable biographical data concerning one PAUL STARCKER.

SLACK admitted that MARTIN (HARRY GOLD) had wanted to secure a reliable contact at the Carbide and Carbon Chemicals Division in South Charleston, West Virginia, and that the name of PAUL STARCKER (SLACK refers to this as PAUL STARCKER) had been given to him with the request that SLACK secure all the background information that he could gather on STARCKER. SLACK stated that he had contacted STARCKER in West Virginia and had secured considerable background information about STARCKER and had written it up and had furnished it to MARTIN.

SLACK stated that this write-up had been displayed by agents of the Albany Office to him and that he had admitted that it was his. He also recalled a notation written on the bottom of this piece of paper but said he could not recall what the writing was. SLACK was advised that the notation was "Humph - 1 child". SLACK stated the notation was not at all significant to him. He was questioned regarding his knowledge of a JOHN or JOHNNY HUMPHREYS or HUMPHRIES or any other name similar to these names. SLACK advised he was at a complete loss to explain the notation of "Humph - 1 child". SLACK's recollection of the meeting with MARTIN, at which time SLACK furnished MARTIN with this write-up on STARCKER, was refreshed. The possibility that GOLD made this notation on the bottom of the STARCKER write-up at the time of this meeting was suggested. SLACK appeared to be cooperative in his attempt to recall how the notes could have been placed on the bottom of this piece of paper, but all efforts by SLACK to recall anything pertaining to this notation were unsuccessful.

REM:jam  
65-480

CC: Philadelphia  
Pittsburgh  
Albany

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED  
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED  
DATE 11/12/84 BY 8422001/4

65-57449- /  
JUL 17 1950

65-59183-283

DIRECTOR, FBI

7/6/50

SAC, KNOXVILLE

ALFRED DEAN SLACK, was.  
ESPIONAGE - R  
(Bufile 65-59183)

*Harry Gold*

Re Albany ltr dated June 22 and June 28, 1950, referring to a small piece of paper, apparently detached from a pocket-size notebook, secured during a search of SLACK's residence, and Knoxville tel dated July 6, 1950.

This piece of paper, apparently detached from a pocket-size loose leaf notebook, contained several addresses, one of which is "A. GOLD, 3032 Boudinot St., Phila. Pa." Albany requested Knoxville to interview SLACK regarding this item and then forward it to the FBI Laboratory for comparison with SLACK's handwriting.

SLACK was interviewed by SAs ROBERT E. MARGISON and CHARLTON C. McSWAIN on July 6, 1950 and this paper displayed to him. SLACK advised that all the addresses, including GOLD's address, were in his handwriting. He stated that this address had been furnished to him by MARTIN (with the information that it was the name of a friend of MARTIN's through whom SLACK could contact MARTIN.) This address was furnished to SLACK, to his best recollection, while he was still employed by Eastman Kodak Company in Rochester.

SLACK continued that he had used this address on only one occasion, either while he had been residing in Webster, New York or Kingsport, Tennessee. He could not recall the occasion for this correspondence, but believed that he wrote to MARTIN advising MARTIN that he was moving, and had given MARTIN this information in hope that MARTIN would no longer contact him at his Webster or his Kingsport address, whichever the case might have been.

It was pointed out to SLACK that he had previously stated that he had personally told MARTIN that he was moving from Kingsport, Tennessee and that there would appear to have been no reason for him to have written to MARTIN to furnish this information. SLACK then stated that he was of the opinion that he had written to MARTIN, using the GOLD address, when he had lived in Webster, New York.

SLACK was persistent in his statement that he had never known MARTIN as HARRY GOLD and he was equally persistent in stating that he had never contacted MARTIN, either personally or by correspondence, after SLACK had moved from Kingsport, Tennessee.

REM:at  
65-480

CC: Albany (65-1647)

65-57449 - ✓  
RECORDED

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED  
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED  
DATE 11/18/84 BY SP42PWT/vk

65-59183-293  
DE/6-50-44

The other addresses on this piece of paper were called to the attention of SLACK and he advised that TOM LALOR and RAY HILL were individuals whom he had met while he had been employed in Chattanooga, Tennessee. (Employment records reveal that this was from September, 1942 through December, 1942.) It was pointed out to SLACK that the GOLD address had obviously been written on the piece of paper after all the other addresses had been placed on the piece of paper and that it was obvious, therefore, that the GOLD address had been placed on the paper after SLACK had met LALOR and HILL, which could not have been before September, 1942, and which was after the time SLACK had moved from Kingsport, Tennessee. SLACK then stated that he had copied the GOLD address on this slip of paper from a card, previously located in SLACK's residence and displayed to him by Agents of the Albany Office, and reiterated that the A. GOLD address had not been furnished to him after the beginning of his acquaintance with LALOR and HILL in Chattanooga, Tennessee in the latter part of 1942.

SLACK was questioned regarding the other addresses on this piece of paper and the miscellaneous information on the reverse side, and furnished information concerning the notations, none of which appears to be pertinent at this time to this investigation.

This piece of paper is being forwarded to the FBI Laboratory for comparison with SLACK's handwriting in accordance with the request contained in the referenced Albany letter of June 22, 1950.



Assistant Attorney General James M. McInerney July 26, 1950

Director, FBI

THOMAS L. BLACK; ABRAHAM  
BROTHMAN; HARRY GOLD; ET AL  
ESPIONAGE - R

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~  
WAG/ova  
10-20-75

On July 20, 1950, I forwarded a memorandum to the Attorney General in the above-entitled matter, a copy of which was directed to your attention. You will recall that this memorandum was for the purpose of assisting you in considering the possibility of instituting prosecutive action against Thomas L. Black, Abraham Brothman, Harry Gold and others charging them in a general conspiracy to violate the Federal Espionage Statute.

It will be appreciated if you will advise me as to your opinion with regard to this matter.

EFE:jam

65-57449- ✓  
NOT RECORDED  
135 AUG 1 1950

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED  
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED  
DATE 11/18/86 BY 3042aur/vpd

65-57449-220  
N 6/10

REPORT  
of the



FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION  
WASHINGTON D. C.

July 6, 1950

To: SAC, Albany

There follows the report of the FBI Laboratory on the examination of evidence received from your office on June 21, 1950.

Re: ALFRED BRAS SLACK  
ESPIONAGE - R

J. Edgar Hoover  
John Edgar Hoover, Director

YOUR FILE NO. 65-1547  
FBI FILE NO. 65-57283  
LAB. NO. E-118251 BE

Examination requested by: Albany

Reference: Letter dated June 17, 1950

Examination requested: Document - Pigeon Post

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED  
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED  
DATE 11/12/86 BY 3042 PWT/SPD

Specimens:

- Q16 A sheet of white paper containing handwriting in pencil beginning "Paul 'tender' Carbon & Corbide Works Lab..." ending "...in the prospects of some better future." (Your exhibit 1)
- Q17 A small slip of white paper bearing the hand-printed notation "Harry Gold 603 11th Street St. Philadelphia Pa." (Your exhibit 2)
- Q18 Two rolls of Kodak film 1 film, found in the home of ALFRED B. SLACK. (Your exhibit 1)
- Q19 Two sheets of white paper bearing the known handwriting of ALFRED BRAS SLACK. (Your exhibit 3)

RESULT OF EXAMINATION:

It was concluded that the handwriting in lead pencil on Q16 was written by ALFRED BRAS SLACK, whose known handwriting is found on numerous specimens previously submitted in this case an example of which is Q13.

Enclosure - Registered Special Delivery

- 2- Philadelphia - Enclosure - Registered Mail
- 1- New York
- 1- Pittsburgh

65-57449-✓  
NOT RECORDED  
145 JUL 14 1950

Tolson \_\_\_\_\_  
Ladd \_\_\_\_\_  
Clegg \_\_\_\_\_  
Glavin \_\_\_\_\_  
Nichols \_\_\_\_\_  
Tracy \_\_\_\_\_  
Harbo \_\_\_\_\_  
Belmont \_\_\_\_\_  
Mohr \_\_\_\_\_  
Tele. Room \_\_\_\_\_  
Nease \_\_\_\_\_  
Gandy \_\_\_\_\_

FILED  
HID:AB

DUPLICATE YELLOW

Continued on next page

65-57449-42

No conclusion could be reached whether the handwriting in red pencil on Q16 was written by HARRY GOLD, I2, Bureau file 65-57449, because the questioned writing is so small and limited in amount that there are an insufficient number of characteristics upon which to base a conclusion on the basis of the available known writing. It is possible that additional known writing prepared by HARRY GOLD in the same wording as the questioned writing in red pencil on Q16 may be of value in a further comparison.

It was concluded that the handwriting on Q17 was written by HARRY GOLD, I2, Bureau file 65-57449.

Specimen Q17 was chemically treated for the development of latent fingerprints, but no prints of value were found.

The original evidence, Q16, is returned herewith to the Philadelphia office. Specimens Q17, Q18 and Q19 are returned herewith to the Albany office. It should be noted that the two rolls of film, Q15, were found to be blank, indicating that they had never been exposed. Photographic copies of Q16, Q17 and Q18 are retained.

XXXXXX  
XXXXXX  
XXXXXXFEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION  
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Disposition of document in Brothman 100-365040-147.

☐ For your information: \_\_\_\_\_

☒ The following number is to be used for reference regarding these pages:

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July 24, 1950

UNKNOWN RUSSIAN NO. ONE, NEW YORK  
HARRY GOLD, IMPORTANT  
ESPIONAGE - R

Classified by 3042 PWT/TW  
Declassify on: OADR 11/24/8

The Philadelphia office is being furnished

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED  
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED EXCEPT  
WHERE SHOWN OTHERWISE

It is to be noted that HARRY GOLD has stated the Unknown Russian Number One, upon contacting him in late October, 1941, said that "JOHN" and "SAM" were well and that "JOHN" could not come so he was sent to GOLD at the time. The Unknown Russian also stated that the Doctor (KLAUS FUCHS) was well and that no suspicion was attached to the Doctor who was in England, and that the Doctor sent his regards to GOLD. In view of these statements by the Unknown Russian to GOLD, and the fact that [REDACTED] the [REDACTED]

possibility exists that the Unknown Russian was actual

AND FIELD OFFICIALS  
ADVISED BY ROUTING  
SLIP(S) OF

HAB:LMS  
65-5510

65-2512  
CC - New York (65-15340)  
Philadelphia (Enc.)  
SPECIAL DELIVERY

165-57449  
NOT RECORDED  
73 AUG 4 1956

~~SECRET~~

ORIGINAL FILED IN 65-59204-12

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XXXXXXFEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION  
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# FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION FOIPA DELETED PAGE INFORMATION SHEET

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2 Page(s) withheld for the following reason(s):

Disposition of document in Fuchs 65-58805-1405

☐ For your information: \_\_\_\_\_

☒ The following number is to be used for reference regarding these pages:

65-57449-NR 7/4/50

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XXXXXXFEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION  
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Disposition of document in Brothman 100-365040-165

☐ For your information: \_\_\_\_\_

☒ The following number is to be used for reference regarding these pages:

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U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

JUL 5 1950

TELETYPE

WASHINGTON 13 NEW YORK  
DIRECTOR AND SAC

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED  
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED  
DATE 10/27/81 BY SP-8 BTJ/mg

Mr. Tolson	
Mr. Ladd	
Mr. Clegg	
Mr. Glavin	
Mr. Nichols	
Mr. Rosen	
Mr. Tracy	
Mr. Harbo	
Mr. Belmont	
Mr. Mohr	
Tele. Room	
Mr. Nease	
Miss Gandy	

HARRY GOLD, WAS., ESP - R. GOLD DICTATED ADDITIONAL MATERIAL  
TODAY WHICH SUPPLEMENTS HIS DICTATED MATERIAL ON HIS ASSOCIATION  
WITH KLAUS FUCHS BUT WHICH HAS NOT YET BEEN SUBMITTED TO GOLD FOR  
HIS SIGNATURE. THIS ADDITIONAL MATERIAL TODAY CONSISTED OF SEVERAL  
BITS OF VERBAL INFO FUCHS GAVE GOLD AND WHICH GOLD STATES HE RE-  
DUCED TO WRITING AND GAVE TO HIS SOVIET SUPERIOR JOHN. [AMONG THIS  
INFO WAS FACT THAT THE DANISH SCIENTIST NILS BOHR WAS WORKING ON  
ATOMIC RESEARCH IN THIS COUNTRY UNDER NAME OF NICHOLAS BAKER,  
THAT FUCHS HAD TOLD GOLD THAT HE KNEW OF TWO THEORIES FOR  
THE SEPARATION OF ISOTOPES OF URANIUM TWO THREE FIVE ON WHICH THE  
MANHATTAN ENGINEER PROJECT WAS WORKING TOWARD THE GOAL OF CREATING  
THE ATOM BOMB. THESE TWO THEORIES WERE THE DIFFUSION OF GASES  
THEORY AND THE ELECTRO MAGNETIC THEORY, THAT A LARGE INSTALLATION  
WAS BEING PLACED SOMEWHERE IN THE SOUTHEASTERN PART OF THE U S,  
POSSIBLY IN GEORGIA OR ALABAMA TO CARRY ON RESEARCH IN ATOMIC  
ENERGY. GOLD ALSO ADVISED THAT HE RECALLED A STATEMENT MADE BY  
FUCHS AT TIME OF THEIR MEETING IN JUNE, FORTY-FIVE, IN SANTA FE TO  
EFFECT THAT AMONG MATERIAL BEING SUBMITTED BY FUCHS AT THAT TIME WAS  
A ROUGH SKETCH OF THE ATOM BOMB ITSELF. GOLD SAID HE DID NOT INSPECT  
THIS MATERIAL AND THEREFORE COULD NOT SAY THAT HE SAW THIS SKETCH.

INDEXED - 93 RECORDED - 93

165-57449-563

JUL 18 1950

PAGE TWO

ASSOCIATE DEFENSE COUNSEL BALLARD WAS IN PHILA OFFICE TODAY BUT DECLINED TO READ THE STATEMENTS DICTATED BY GOLD BUT NOT YET SUBMITTED TO HIM FOR HIS SIGNATURE. BALLARD STATED THAT DEFENSE ATTORNEY-S INTEREST IN STATEMENTS IN WHICH GOLD ELABORATED ON MOTIVE OR INTENT CONFIRMED TO STATEMENTS BY GOLD RELATIVE TO EX-TENUATING OR AGGRAVATING CIRCUMSTANCES. MR. BALLARD SAID THERE WAS NO SPECIAL INTEREST IN STATEMENTS BY GOLD TO EFFECT CERTAIN MATERIAL HE OBTAINED WAS HANDED OVER TO SOVIETS SINCE THIS IS ADMITTED. MR. BALLARD STATED MR. HAMILTON WHO IS OUT OF CITY WILL RETURN ON FRIDAY, JULY SEVEN, AND THAT HE WILL ADVISE MR. HAMILTON THAT HE HAS NOT READ STATEMENTS YET UNSIGNED BY GOLD. MR. BALLARD SAID THAT UNLESS THIS OFFICE IS ADVISED TO CONTRARY BY FRIDAY NIGHT, THERE WILL BE NO NECESSITY FOR EITHER MR. HAMILTON OR MR. BALLARD TO READ THE STATEMENTS PRIOR TO SUBMITTING THEM TO GOLD FOR LATTER-S SIGNATURE. BALLARD INDICATED MR. HAMILTON WILL PROBABLY ASK USA DURING EARLY PART OF WEEK OF JULY NINE TO AGREE TO SET DATE FOR GOLD TO PLEAD ON A DAY IN WEEK OF JULY SIXTEEN. IN EVENT HAMILTON DOES NOT DESIRE TO READ THESE STATEMENTS OR IF HE DOES READ THEM AND HAS NO OBJECTIONS TO GOLD-S SIGNING THEM, THEN THE STATEMENTS WILL BE SUBMITTED TO GOLD UPON RETURN OF AGENT BRENNAN FROM ALBUQUERQUE, WHERE HE IS PRESENTLY TESTIFYING BEFORE GJ IN CONNECTION WITH PROPOSED INDICTMENT AGAINST DAVID GREENGLASS.

CORNELIUS

BOTH AAD PLS

WA PH R 13 WA DCL

NY PH R 4 NYC REOT

*C. M. Ballard*  
*4/17/54*

ASSISTANT ATTORNEY GENERAL JAMES M. McINERNEY

July 7, 1950

DIRECTOR, FBI

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

HARRY GOLD, WAS.  
ESPIONAGE - R

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

RECORDED - 93

65-57449-563

INITIALS

For your information and assistance in connection with this matter, on July 5, 1950, Harry Gold related that he had received several bits of verbal information from Fuchs which he subsequently reduced to writing and gave to his Soviet superior "John," who has been identified as Anatoli Antonovich Yakovlev. *XU*

These items of information consisted of the fact that the Danish scientist, Nils Bohr, was working on atomic research in this country under the name of Nicholas Baker; that Fuchs knew of two theories for the separation of isotopes of Uranium 235 on which the Manhattan Engineer Project was working in order to effect the creation of the atom bomb; that these two theories were the diffusion of gases theory and the electro-magnetic theory; and that a large installation was being placed somewhere in the Southeastern part of the United States, possibly in Georgia or Alabama, to carry on research in atomic energy.

Harry Gold has further advised that he recalled a statement made by Fuchs at the time of their meeting in Santa Fe, New Mexico, in June, 1945, which was to the effect that among the written material furnished by Fuchs at that time was a rough sketch of the atom bomb itself. Gold stated he did not inspect this material and therefore could not say that he saw such a sketch.

There is enclosed herewith a copy of the report of Special Agent William C. Ritt, Springfield, Illinois, dated June 20, 1950, in this matter.

Further information will be furnished to you as it becomes available.

Enclosure

Class. & Ext. By *SP-8 BTJ/mc*  
Reason-FCIM II, 1-2.4.2 *23*  
Date of Review *10/27/91*

EJVL:ho

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10/21/91

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DATE *10/27/81* BY *SP-8 BTJ/mc*

*11/18/86*

*3042 PLOT/UP*

RECEIVED READING ROOM  
FBI  
U.S. DEPT. OF JUSTICE

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EXCEPT WHERE SHOWN  
OTHERWISE

Tolson \_\_\_\_\_  
Ladd \_\_\_\_\_  
Clegg \_\_\_\_\_  
Glavin \_\_\_\_\_  
Nichols \_\_\_\_\_  
Rosen \_\_\_\_\_  
Tracy \_\_\_\_\_  
Harbo \_\_\_\_\_  
Mohr \_\_\_\_\_  
Tele. Room \_\_\_\_\_  
Nease \_\_\_\_\_  
Gandy \_\_\_\_\_

ASSISTANT ATTORNEY GENERAL JAMES M. MOINERNEY

July 14, 1950

DIRECTOR, FBI

HARRY GOLD, was.  
ESPIONAGE - R

Enclosed herewith for your use in connection with this matter is a copy of the report of Special Agent Robert G. Jensen, at Philadelphia, dated July 7, 1950.

Enclosure

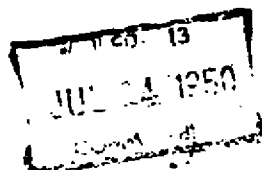
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165-57449-564  
JUL 17 1950  
49

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DATE 11/18/86 BY 3002 PWT/SPD

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RECEIVED READING ROOM  
F B I  
U. S. DEPT. OF JUSTICE



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Tele. Room \_\_\_\_\_  
Nease \_\_\_\_\_  
Gandy \_\_\_\_\_

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION  
UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

URGENT

JULY 17, 1950

To: COMMUNICATIONS SECTION.

Transmit the following message to:

SAC, NEW YORK  
SAC, PHILADELPHIA

HARRY GOLD, ESP-R. DEPARTMENT ADVISED TODAY THAT HARRY GOLD WILL APPEAR BEFORE JUDGE MCGRANERY ON PLEA OF GUILTY JULY TWENTY, NEXT. JUDGE MCGRANERY WILL ORDER PRE-SENTENCE INVESTIGATION WHICH WILL TAKE TWO TO THREE WEEKS AFTER WHICH SENTENCE WILL BE PASSED. PHILADELPHIA EXPEDITE ALL NECESSARY INTERROGATIONS OF GOLD AND SET OUT LEADS TO AUXILIARY OFFICES FOR ANY INFORMATION REQUIRED FOR INTERROGATION.

HOOVER

AHB:dkr

INITIALED  
DIRECTOR'S OFFICE  
RECEIVED - DIRECTOR  
FBI  
U.S. DEPT. OF JUSTICE  
JUL 17 7 58 PM '50

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DATE 11/18/86 BY 3042 mwt/rh

COPIES DESTROYED

R47 DEC 16 1960

Tolson \_\_\_\_\_  
Ladd \_\_\_\_\_  
Clegg \_\_\_\_\_  
Glavin \_\_\_\_\_  
Nichols \_\_\_\_\_  
Rosen \_\_\_\_\_  
Tracy \_\_\_\_\_  
Harbo \_\_\_\_\_  
Mohr \_\_\_\_\_  
Tele. Room \_\_\_\_\_  
Nease \_\_\_\_\_  
Gandy \_\_\_\_\_

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION  
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

JUL 17 1950

TELETYPE

SENT VIA

Per

JUL 14

TELETYPE

Mr. Tolson \_\_\_\_\_  
Mr. Clegg \_\_\_\_\_  
Mr. Glavin \_\_\_\_\_  
Mr. Ladd \_\_\_\_\_  
Mr. Nichols \_\_\_\_\_  
Mr. Rosen \_\_\_\_\_  
Mr. Tracy \_\_\_\_\_  
Mr. Egan \_\_\_\_\_  
Mr. Gurnea \_\_\_\_\_  
Mr. Harbo \_\_\_\_\_  
Mr. Mohr \_\_\_\_\_  
Tele. Room \_\_\_\_\_  
Mr. Nease \_\_\_\_\_  
Miss Gandy \_\_\_\_\_

WASHINGTON 10 NEW YORK 7 FROM PHILA  
DIRECTOR AND SAC.....U R G E N T

7-14-50

407

HARRY GOLD, ESPIONAGE R. SUBJECT NOT INTERVIEWED TODAY.  
INTERVIEWS WILL BE RESUMED JULY SEVENTEEN NEXT.

CORNELIUS

END

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NY PH R 7 NYC REOT

DSC

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165-57449-566  
JUL 18 1950

cc: Mr. Belmont  
Mr. Tamm

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COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

JUL 12 1950

TELETYPE

Mr. Tolson	_____
Mr. Ladd	_____
Mr. Clegg	_____
Mr. Glavin	_____
Mr. Nichols	_____
Mr. Rosen	_____
Mr. Tracy	_____
Mr. Harbo	_____
Mr. Belmont	_____
Mr. Mohr	_____
Tele. Room	_____
Mr. Nease	_____
Miss Gandy	_____

*Henry C. [unclear]*

*Vag. Pers.*

WASHINGTON 15 FROM PHILA

7-12-50

8-30

DIRECTOR

HARRY GOLD, WAS., ESPIONAGE. R. REURTEL TODAY. PHILA REPORT DATED  
AND MAILED JULY SEVEN LAST.

CORNELIUS

END

PH R 15 WA ELR

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165-57449-567  
JUL 18 1950

## Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

DATE: July 12, 1950

TO : Director, FBI

FROM : SAC, New York

SUBJECT: HARRY GOLD, Was  
ESPIONAGE - R

Re Philadelphia teletype 6/26/50 re SEMENOV'S reported contact in 1942 with the manager of Ben Marden's "Riviera," Fort Lee, New Jersey.

GOLD stated that SEMENOV told him of this contact and that the manager of the Riviera had assured SEMENOV that he would do anything to help the Soviet Union because the Soviets were actively fighting anti-Semitism. It was GOLD'S impression that the assistance was to be in the form of money.

By teletype 6/30/50, Newark Office advised that JOE SILVERS, SAM SALVIN and JACK W. ARKIN functioned as managers of Ben Marden's "Riviera" during 1942 and all were next in line to Ben Marden.

The New York files fail to reflect any security information relative to the aforementioned. [REDACTED] b7C

JOE SILVERS reportedly committed suicide.

Efforts are being made to secure, through the N.Y. Police Department any current pertinent information re Marden and his associates in preparation of a possible interview pertaining to the information received from GOLD.

cc - Philadelphia

JCW:IM

65-15324

cc - 100-54127

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165-57449-568

JUL 17 1950

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## Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

DATE: July 14, 1950

TO : MR. A. H. BELMONT *AB*

FROM : MR. L. L. LAUGHLIN

SUBJECT: HARRY GOLD, WAS.  
ESPIONAGE - R

Tolson \_\_\_\_\_  
Ladd \_\_\_\_\_  
Clegg \_\_\_\_\_  
Glavin \_\_\_\_\_  
Nichols \_\_\_\_\_  
Rosen \_\_\_\_\_  
Tracy \_\_\_\_\_  
Harbo \_\_\_\_\_  
Belmont \_\_\_\_\_  
Mohr \_\_\_\_\_  
Tele. Room \_\_\_\_\_  
Nease \_\_\_\_\_  
Gandy \_\_\_\_\_

Mr. William E. Foley of the Department personally delivered the attached memorandum dated July 14, 1950, addressed to the Director from Mr. James M. McInerney, Assistant Attorney General, and the enclosure mentioned therein, the latter being a "Summary of Facts in the Harry Gold Case."

Mr. Foley advised that although this memorandum says that the summary of facts had been furnished to the United States Attorney in Philadelphia for his assistance at the time of the sentencing of Gold, actually this material has not yet been made available and will not be furnished to the United States Attorney until Monday afternoon.

In the interim, Mr. Foley stated, if the Bureau, after reviewing this summary, has any suggestions, corrections or observations to make, the Department will be glad to receive them, but, of course, to have any effect they must be forwarded to the Department prior to noon, Monday, July 17, 1950.

Enclosure

LLL:mer

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Summary of Facts  
in the  
Harry Gold Case

Harry Gold became interested in the Communist Party of the United States sometime during the summer of 1936. He made inquiries concerning the Communist Party among his associates and a chemist whom Gold had known since the early 1930's approached Gold in an effort to interest him in working as a Soviet espionage agent. In the fall of 1936 Gold was visited at his home by a man who identified himself as Paul Smith. Smith told Gold that he understood he was a chemist and thought that possibly Gold might be interested in aiding in the procurement of industrial information for the Soviet Union. This began a period of industrial espionage which lasted until 1943, with the exception of two years from 1938 to 1940 during which time Gold attended Xavier University, Cincinnati, Ohio. At the time Gold started his industrial espionage he was employed as a chemist by the Pennsylvania Sugar Company in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania. Between 1936 and 1938 Gold furnished the Russian espionage agents with data concerning processes that were being worked on in the laboratory of the Pennsylvania Sugar Company. Gold has stated that this information was as detailed as he could make it and that he knew the information would be used by a foreign government.

Gold returned to Philadelphia after graduating from Xavier University in 1940 and he was again contacted by Soviet espionage agents. By late 1940 Gold's Soviet contact was Semen Markovich Semenov, an official of the Amtorg Trading Corporation and identified in the indictment as "Sam." Semenov left the United States in September of 1944 and is now residing somewhere in Europe. Gold received information from various contacts during this period and turned the information over to Semenov.

After Russia was attacked by Germany, Semenov contacted Gold and told him that they had to begin an intensive campaign for obtaining information for the Soviet Union. Following this meeting Gold made several trips to upper New York State where he acted as a go-between in transmitting industrial information to the Soviet Union through Soviet espionage agents.

Early in 1944 Semenov came to Gold and told him he was to undertake an extremely important assignment and that he would have to drop all his contacts and discontinue all work that he had been doing for the Soviet agents for this new assignment. Semenov then gave Gold the arrangements for meeting an individual whom Semenov

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identified as Klaus Fuchs. Gold met Fuchs on a Saturday afternoon in late February or early March 1944 in the lower East Side of New York City. In the initial meeting Gold and Fuchs discussed certain security precautions which they must observe and discussed plans for future meetings. During this meeting Fuchs told Gold that he was employed with the British Mission working at the Manhattan Engineering District. Thereupon Fuchs explained the setup of the British group and that the group was working on a project which was highly important to the national defense and that his work was of a very confidential nature.

Sometime in late March 1944 Gold again met Fuchs in New York City according to arrangements which had been made at the first meeting. The two walked for several blocks and made arrangements for a future meeting. Gold and Fuchs agreed during this meeting that on occasions when Fuchs was to transmit information to Gold, Fuchs would inform Gold of this fact at the meeting immediately prior to the time the information was to be passed. This plan was designed to obviate the necessity of the two spending too much time together and in order for Gold to make arrangements with his Soviet contact, Semenov, so that the Russian agent could arrange to receive the information in a minimum of time after it had been passed to Gold.

Harry Gold received his first information from Fuchs in May 1944 in New York City. This meeting was in the vicinity of Central Park West and was short in duration. Gold received a packet of papers from Fuchs and within fifteen minutes after leaving Fuchs, Gold passed the packet of papers to his Soviet contact, Anatoli Antonovich Yakovlev. Yakovlev had replaced Semenov as Gold's Soviet contact and is identified in the indictment as "John." Yakovlev at this time was a vice-consul in the Russian Consulate in New York City and has since left the United States.

A fourth meeting was held between Gold and Fuchs in New York City in late June or early July 1944. The two walked for a while and made arrangements for their next meeting, at which time Fuchs was to transmit information to Gold. As scheduled Fuchs and Gold met again in late July 1944 in Queens, New York, where Fuchs gave Gold a packet of folded papers. Gold opened this packet of papers and saw that the information contained therein concerned highly confidential information pertaining to the national defense of the United States. Approximately half an hour after receiving the papers from Fuchs, Gold met his Soviet contact, Yakovlev, and transmitted the papers to him.

Fuchs did not appear at the next scheduled meeting or the alternate meeting which had been planned for early August 1944. Gold contacted his Soviet agent, Yakovlev, and the two discussed

what action should be taken. Yakovlev instructed Gold to proceed to 128 West 77th Street, New York City, and make inquiries as to whether Fuchs still resided at this address. The janitor at 128 West 77th Street informed Gold that Fuchs had moved from the address. Thereupon Yakovlev instructed Gold to proceed to Cambridge, Massachusetts and make inquiries at the home of Fuchs' sister, Mrs. Robert B. Heineman. On the second trip to Cambridge, Massachusetts, Gold was informed by Mrs. Heineman that Fuchs had been transferred to the Southwestern part of the United States but that Fuchs would be at the Heineman home in Cambridge during the Christmas holidays of 1944. Arrangements were then made between Yakovlev and Gold for Gold to proceed to Cambridge, Massachusetts during which time Fuchs was supposed to be in Cambridge. In accordance with these instructions, Gold proceeded to Cambridge between Christmas Day and early 1945, where he met Fuchs at the Heineman home. Fuchs informed Gold that he was stationed at a place called Los Alamos in New Mexico where a highly secret research project pertaining to the national defense was being carried on. During the meeting Gold offered Fuchs \$1,500 which Yakovlev had given Gold to be presented to Fuchs. Fuchs refused to take the money. Fuchs briefly discussed the research project in Los Alamos with Gold and told him the nature of his work at the research project. Thereafter Fuchs gave Gold a packet of papers and Gold left for New York City after making plans with Fuchs for a future meeting in Santa Fe, New Mexico, in June 1945. Gold returned immediately to New York City where he gave the packet of papers he had received from Fuchs to his Soviet contact, Yakovlev, and returned the \$1,500 which Fuchs had refused to accept. Gold briefly discussed with Yakovlev the nature of the work being carried on at Los Alamos and the importance of the research developments at this project.

Gold left Philadelphia in June 1945 and traveled to Santa Fe, New Mexico, where he met Fuchs in accordance with pre-arranged plans. Fuchs arrived at the meeting place in an automobile and the two proceeded to the outskirts of Santa Fe where they held a long discussion as to the work being done at the highly secret defense project in Los Alamos. During this conversation Fuchs described to Gold the physical setup of the project, as well as discussing his duties and the type of research he was engaged in. In the course of the conversation Fuchs discussed the highly confidential research developments at the Los Alamos project with Gold and gave him a large packet of papers which contained information relative to the highly confidential work being carried on at Los Alamos. After arrangements had been made for a meeting between Gold and Fuchs in Santa Fe in September 1945, Gold proceeded to New York City where he delivered the packet of papers to his Soviet contact, Yakovlev, and discussed with Yakovlev what had transpired in Santa Fe.

In accordance with plans which had been made in Santa Fe in June 1945, Gold met Fuchs in Santa Fe, New Mexico, in September 1945 at the designated place. The two drove well into the outskirts of Santa Fe where Fuchs discussed recent developments at the Los Alamos and Alamogordo research projects with Gold. In the course of this meeting Fuchs gave Gold a packet of papers and informed Gold that the papers pertained to highly important and confidential research developments at the two New Mexico defense projects. During this meeting Gold and Fuchs discussed plans for future contacts with Fuchs upon his return to England after Fuchs had advised Gold that the research work in New Mexico was nearing completion. When the meeting was over Gold returned to Albuquerque, New Mexico, where he stayed overnight at the Hilton Hotel and registered under his own name. The following day Gold returned to Philadelphia and within a very short time met his Soviet contact, Yakovlev, in Queens, New York, where he delivered the packet of papers and relayed to Yakovlev the information which Fuchs had given him orally.

After Gold's second trip to Santa Fe, New Mexico, he had two other meetings with his Soviet representative, Yakovlev, the last one in late 1945. At the last meeting Yakovlev was very apprehensive and appeared to be extremely nervous and told Gold to be extremely careful. Thereafter Gold and Yakovlev had a few other appointments but Yakovlev did not appear for any of the appointments.

The information which Gold received and transmitted to the Soviet representatives was the result of four or more years of concentrated research. According to Gold's own admission it was information which vitally affected the national defense of the United States.

Since his arrest Gold has freely admitted his espionage activities on behalf of the Soviet Government and has cooperated with the FBI in attempting to recount the details of his activities.

Harry Gold was born in Switzerland on December 12, 1910. He derived his United States citizenship through the naturalization of his father, Sam Gold, who received his citizenship on June 6, 1922. He was educated in the public school system in Philadelphia where he graduated in 1930. Thereafter Gold attended the University of Pennsylvania, the Drexel Institute of Technology and graduated from Xavier University at Cincinnati, Ohio in 1940. *up to it*

Klaus Fuchs was interviewed by special agents of the FBI in England on the 20th of May, 1950 and has corroborated the evidence which has been set out in this case. *up to it*

In addition to receiving information from Klaus Fuchs, Harry Gold contacted and received information vital to the defense of the United States from various other espionage agents within the United States and transmitted the information to Soviet agents. One of these agents, David Greenglass, was indicted for espionage in the Federal District Court for the District of New Mexico on July 6, 1950. Another agent, Alfred Dean Slack, was arrested on a complaint charging espionage on June 15, 1950 and is held in custody in the Eastern District of Tennessee. In both instances Greenglass and Slack transmitted information vital to the national defense to Harry Gold which Gold in turn passed to Soviet agents, knowing full well that such information was to be used by the Soviet Union. The Court may wish to consider that Harry Gold is not included in the indictment returned against Greenglass.

Gold also received information which was vital to the national defense from at least one other espionage agent which he transmitted to the Soviet authorities. An indictment has not been returned in this case to date and therefore the Government is not at liberty to discuss further the details of Gold's activities in this connection.

## Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : The Director, Federal Bureau of Investigation      DATE: July 14, 1950

FROM : James M. McInerney, Assistant Attorney General,      JEM:WEF:am  
Criminal Division      146-41-15-114

SUBJECT: UNITED STATES v. HARRY GOLD.

In accordance with the request of Mr. Belmont, there is forwarded herewith a summary of the facts in the above-entitled case which has been furnished to the United States Attorney in Philadelphia for his assistance at the time of sentence.

Enclosure No. 60081

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ASSISTANT ATTORNEY GENERAL JAMES M. MOINERNEY

July 15, 1950

DIRECTOR, FBI

HARRY GOLD, was.  
ESPIONAGE - R

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WAB/AVD  
10-26-75

Reference is made to your memorandum dated July 14, 1950, enclosing a Summary of Facts in this matter which was to be furnished to the U. S. Attorney at Philadelphia for his assistance at the time of sentence. At the time of the delivery of the referenced memorandum by Mr. William E. Foley, he solicited suggestions, corrections or observations with respect to the Summary, and in accordance therewith the comments set forth hereinafter are being made. In the first paragraph on Page one of the Summary of Facts the following appears:

"Harry Gold became interested in the Communist Party of the United States sometime during the summer of 1936. He made inquiries concerning the Communist Party among his associates and a chemist whom Gold had known since the early 1930's approached Gold in an effort to interest him in working as a Soviet espionage agent. In the fall of 1936 Gold was visited at his home by a man who identified himself as Paul Smith. Smith told Gold that he understood he was a chemist and thought that possibly Gold might be interested in aiding in the procurement of industrial information for the Soviet Union. This began a period of industrial espionage which lasted until 1943, with the exception of two years from 1938 to 1940 during which time Gold attended Xavier University, Cincinnati, Ohio."

In this connection, more recent information from Harry Gold is to the effect that in the early part of 1933 Harry Gold attended a Communist Party meeting in Jersey City, New Jersey, with Thomas L. Black, who attempted to get Gold to join the Party. In the Spring or Summer of 1935 Black asked Gold whether he could get information of interest to the Russians from the Pennsylvania Sugar Company. Black explained to Gold that he was in contact with a Russian who was with the Amtorg Corporation. In the latter part of 1935 Gold went to New York City with Black and was introduced by Black to a man named Paul Smith. Smith told Gold that the Soviet Union was interested in obtaining certain industrial information on which the chief chemist at the Pennsylvania Sugar Company, the place of Gold's employment, was working. This began Gold's industrial espionage.

It is also noted that Gold has now advised that he was also active as a Soviet espionage agent during the period from 1936 to 1943.

EJVL:HC

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1940 while he was attending Xavier University, Cincinnati, Ohio. Gold has stated that during this period he had various contacts with one Benjamin Smilg, who was employed at Wright Field, Dayton, Ohio, for the purpose of endeavoring to develop Smilg into a source of information. Smilg, however, never furnished any information, according to Gold. Smilg has been interviewed and he has furnished information concerning the contacts of Gold with him, but has denied that he ever furnished information to Gold or anyone else.

In the second full paragraph of Page 2 which pertains to Gold's second meeting with Fuchs in New York, it is stated, "This plan was designed to obviate the necessity of the two spending too much time together and in order for Gold to make arrangements with his Soviet contact, Semenov,-- --."

Harry Gold has advised that his last contact with Semenov, whom he knew only as "Sam," occurred between the first and second meetings that he had with Fuchs. On this occasion when he last saw Semenov, he was put in contact with Anatoli A. Yakovlev, whom he knew as "John." Accordingly, plans made at the second meeting with Fuchs would have been with reference to Yakovlev rather than Semenov.

The last sentence of the second full paragraph on Page 2 states that Yakovlev "at this time," referring to May, 1944, was a Vice Consul at the Russian Consulate, New York City. In this connection, available information is that the PB-1 Form maintained at the Department of State shows that Yakovlev assumed his duties at the Soviet Consulate, New York City, on February 8, 1941, as a clerk. It is further known, however, that on July 26, 1946, when Yakovlev returned to the United States from a trip to Moscow, the Soviet Embassy advised the State Department that Yakovlev had been appointed as a Vice Consul of the USSR in New York City.

The fourth paragraph on Page 4 reads, "Since his arrest Gold has freely admitted his espionage activities on behalf of the Soviet Government and has cooperated with the FBI in attempting to recount the details of his activities." In this regard it will be realized that it cannot be positively stated that Gold has furnished all information concerning his espionage activities. It will be recalled that Gold has changed his story on several occasions and that in the beginning he furnished fictitious information in an effort to protect Alfred Lean

Slack. At the same time it is also apparent that Gold has been cooperative generally, and has furnished much information of great value, some of which has led to the arrest of other Soviet espionage agents. Accordingly, you may desire to consider rewording this sentence as follows: "Since his arrest, Gold has voluntarily furnished detailed information concerning espionage activities that he previously engaged in on behalf of the Soviet Government. He has endeavored to recount, in cooperation with the FBI, details of these activities."

With respect to the last paragraph on Page 4, which reads, "Klaus Fuchs was interviewed by special agents of the FBI in England on the 26th of May, 1950 and has corroborated the evidence which has been set out in this case," you may desire to change the wording to reflect that Fuchs was interviewed by representatives of the FBI rather than "special agents" inasmuch as Assistant Director Hugh H. Clegg participated in the interview. In addition, the interview with Fuchs occurred on various dates in the month of May, rather than "on the 26th of May, 1950." As the information obtained from Fuchs does not coincide in all details with that furnished by Gold, it may be desirable to have this paragraph reflect that the Fuchs interview substantially corroborated the evidence set out in this case.

The foregoing comments are submitted for your consideration.

# Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

DATE: July 17, 1950

TO : Director, FBI  
FROM : SAC, Philadelphia  
SUBJECT: HARRY GOLD, wa  
ESPIONAGE - R

Reference is made to New Orleans letter, dated June 28, 1950, setting out information that ALFRED BERSIA of Natchez, Mississippi, believed that he had seen GOLD in Geneva, Switzerland, around July 15, 1947.

On July 12, 1950, GOLD was questioned concerning his whereabouts around this time and, further, was asked if he had been in Switzerland. GOLD advised that he had no vacation whatever in 1947 and that at this time he was working for A. Brothman and Associates in Queens, New York. GOLD stated that probably there were numerous laboratory reports or other data at the Brothman Company which would show his presence in the laboratory on any pertinent date.

It is not believed feasible to attempt to ascertain whether such corroboration of GOLD's statement exists in the Brothman Laboratory.

Attention is called to the fact that this occurred shortly before GOLD testified before the Grand Jury in New York City and after the time ABRAHAM BROTHMAN had testified.

TSM:adc  
65-4307

cc: New Orleans  
cc: New York

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JUL 19 1950

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FIVE

# FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

NY FILE NO. 65-15324 MAR/DM

Form No. 1  
THIS CASE ORIGINATED AT NEW YORK

REPORT MADE AT NEW YORK	DATE WHEN MADE 6/3/50	PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE 5/25, 26, 29- 6/3/50	REPORT MADE BY JOHN R. MURPHY
TITLE HARRY GOLD, was: Henry Gold, Henrich Gold, Henrich Goldnitzki, Henrich Golodnitsky, Frank Keppler, Frank Kessler, (fnu) Raymond			CHARACTER OF CASE ESPIONAGE - R

## SYNOPSIS OF FACTS:

Results of interviews with former employees of A. Brothman and Associates during tenure of GOLD'S employment there set forth. The following individuals were interviewed: WILLIAM RONALL, RUTH LEWIN (SELIGER), ROBERT KEITH TOWNSEND, ROBERT LIPPIN, ERNEST E. MAIR, SOL FANSHEL, ROBERT GERSON, JOEL S. CHALEK, HERSH RABINOVITCH, and SMOLEM SILBERSTEIN. PHILIP LEVINE, former close associate of GOLD at Brothman firm, now living Brookline, Mass. Lead set out to interview him. EMIL BARISH interviewed re GOLD; BARISH had no additional information. Employees, Peacock Roll Leaf Co., Elmhurst, L.I., situs of Brothman's Laboratory, interviewed re GOLD and results set out. EDWARD QUICK, owner of Peacock Firm, among those interviewed. Confidential Informant identified GOLD from photos as having attended a Jamaica (L.I.) Section Membership meeting, Queens County Communist Party, 1/30/50. MURRAY SAVAGE, Queens County Organizer; was believed to have brought GOLD to this meeting. ALBERT UMIN and RICHARD ROBERT UMIN, relatives of GOLD, also interviewed. JOHN B. ADAMS, Jr., former associate of GOLD at Pennsylvania Sugar Co., Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, interviewed and results recorded. Membership of GOLD, American Chemical Society, NYC, 1947, located. Dr. LOUIS G. FEMAN, Jamaica, Long Island, states he is not acquainted with GOLD. Investigation at 8739 Elmhurst Ave., Elmhurst, L.I., former residence of GOLD, negative. No bank account located for GOLD at Union Dime Savings Bank, Manhattan. No record of GOLD'S attendance, Columbia

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DATE 11/11/76 BY SP-6 BJS/MLD

APPROVED AND FORWARDED <i>[Signature]</i>	SPECIAL AGENT IN CHARGE <i>[Signature]</i>	DO NOT WRITE IN THESE SPACES	RECORDED - 34
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R-47 DEC 16 1954 5 - Bureau 1 - USA, EDNY 1 - Albuquerque 1 - Albany (info) 2 - Boston 1 - Buffalo (info)		1 cc to Dept 6/28/50 - fully corrected + per 25 thru 30 attached + destroyed 5/12/50	

JUL 25 1950

1 cc Destroyed re brief - ER.

NY 65-15324

Synopsis (cont.):

University, on file there. Results of contacts with various Confidential Informants, other Field Offices, set out.

- P -

Copies (cont.)

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- 1 - Los Angeles (info)
- 2 - Philadelphia
- 1 - San Francisco (info)
- 1 - Washington Field (info)
- 3 - New York

NY 65-15324

RESULTS OF INTERVIEWS OF FORMER ASSOCIATES OF GOLD WHO WERE EMPLOYED BY BROTHMAN

WILLIAM ROHALL  
2533 Aqueduct Avenue,  
Bronx, New York

The records of A. BROTHMAN & Associates reflected that WILLIAM ROHALL was employed from July, 1945 to April, 1949.

WILLIAM ROHALL, who lives at 2533 Aqueduct Avenue, Bronx, New York and works for the International Correspondence School, was interviewed by SAS JOHN A. HARRINGTON and FREDERICK C. BAUCKHAM in the New York Office on June 2, 1950.

ROHALL advised that he worked in the laboratory at the same time HARRY GOLD was employed. He stated that they worked extremely long hours and he believed that GOLD worked the same type of hours. He stated that although he worked with GOLD, they had very little conversation and he could furnish very little information regarding GOLD. He did not know where GOLD lived or with whom he was acquainted.

He further advised that GOLD and VAGO quit BROTHMAN in 1948 because they were receiving no pay and had a big fight over it. GOLD went to Philadelphia after he left and that was the last time ROHALL ever saw GOLD.

ROHALL also said that GOLD went to the main library in New York at various times to do research and sometimes would be there for a week or two at a time.

At one time in 1945, ROHALL saw an article in a trade paper written by a HARRY GOLD and when he asked GOLD if he had written it, GOLD denied that he had.

ROHALL further advised that the only person in the laboratory that GOLD was very friendly with was one PHILLIP LEVINE who is now in Boston.

RUTH LEWIN SELIGER  
7 Toneville Avenue  
Jersey City, New Jersey

In an interview by SA'S JOHN A. HARRINGTON and FRED BAUCKHAM, RUTH LEWIN advised she was employed as draftsman at the Brothman firm for three-four months in the Spring of 1946. She was laid off in May, 1946.

She worked in the office on 32nd Street, New York City, and only met GOLD on one or two occasions when he visited the office, merely saying "hello" or "good-bye" to him. She knows nothing about him.

RUTH LEWIN was married two years ago and is known as RUTH LEWIN SELIGER. She is employed at Denenco, Incorporated, 115 Broadway, New York City. She lives at 7 Toneville Avenue, Jersey City, New Jersey, an apartment-hotel, telephone: Journal Square 2-8886.

ROBERT KEITH TOWNSEND

The records of Brothman Associates reflect that ROBERT KEITH TOWNSEND was employed by BROTHMAN in 1945.

ROBERT KEITH TOWNSEND was interviewed by SA JOHN A. HARRINGTON and SA FREDERICK C. BAUCKHAM at Sperry Gyroscope Company, Lake Success, Long Island, on May 31, 1950.

He advised he had worked at Brothman's from the Fall of 1945 for six to eight months. His employment consisted of drafting in the office and he had no connection with laboratory where HARRY GOLD worked, and therefore, he was not acquainted with HARRY GOLD and knew nothing concerning him. He only met him once during the entire eight months, and that was only an introduction.

ROBERT LIPPIN

ROBERT LIPPIN was interviewed by SA'S JOHN A. HARRINGTON and FREDERICK C. BAUCKHAM on June 1, 1950 and advised that he was employed by JULES KORCHEIN and had nothing to do with Brothman and his employees. He stated he did not know GOLD and had not seen him or talked to him at any time.

ROBERT LIPPIN is presently employed by Rogers and Butler, 219 East 44th Street, New York City, as an architect.

NY 65-15324

ERNEST EGERSON MAIR  
772 East 222nd Street  
Bronx, New York  
OL 2-8842

The records of A. BROTHMAN & Associates reveal MAIR was employed as mechanical draftsman from February to May 1946.

MAIR resides at 772 East 222nd Street, Bronx, New York, and is employed by City of New York, Sanitation Department as Junior Civil Engineer at 125 Worth Street, New York City.

The following interview was conducted by SA FREDERICK C. BAUCKHAM:

MAIR stated he was employed by BROTHMAN from February to May 1946 as a mechanical draftsman. MAIR said he did not go to the laboratory in Elmhurst; that he did not hear from GOLD and knows nothing about him.

SOL FANSHEL  
86-20 162nd Street  
Jamaica, Long Island, New York

On June 1, 1949 SAs MAURICE W. CORCORAN and JOSEPH J. PALGUTA interviewed SOL FANSHEL, a former employee of A. BROTHMAN & Associates, during the period of employment of GOLD. FANSHEL stated he is an electrical engineer and worked in the engineering office of the firm at the Chatham Phenix Building, Long Island City, while GOLD worked in the chemical laboratory at 85-03 57th Avenue, Elmhurst. For this reason, plus the fact that they were interested in different phases of the various BROTHMAN projects, they were not in frequent contact. FANSHEL stated he recalls seeing GOLD in the Long Island City Office on only six or eight occasions and had very little conversation with him. He could not furnish any information pertinent to this inquiry with the possible exception that he was under the impression that GOLD was married and had two children. FANSHEL resides at 86-20 162nd Street, Jamaica, Long Island, New York, and is now employed at the H. A. BRASSERT Company, Consulting Engineers, 60 East 42nd Street, New York City.



NY 65-15324

ROBERT GERSON  
201 West 77th Street  
New York City, New York

On June 2, 1950, SAs MAURICE W. CORCORAN and JOSEPH J. PALGUTA interviewed ROBERT GERSON, a chemist, who was employed by A. BROTHMAN & Associates in the laboratory at 85-03 57th Avenue, Elmhurst, from February 1946 to June 1948, during which period he stated that he recalled GOLD coming to work for the firm about May or June 1946. It was his understanding that GOLD obtained this employment through a previous friendship with BROTHMAN. During the fall of 1946, one of the lab employees left the firm and thereafter HARRY GOLD became chief chemist. The work consisted, for the most part, with the development of a new type plaster and a glue, both of which were to be used in the manufacture of airplanes.

GERSON said he worked rather closely with GOLD in these projects and found him to be a very quiet type person who was extremely interested in his work. He regularly spent many hours overtime conducting experiments and for this reason had very little social life. GERSON said GOLD told him he was married and had two children in Philadelphia, although he only went to Philadelphia on weekends. However, GERSON accompanied BROTHMAN and other employees to the funeral of GOLD'S mother in Philadelphia, at which time he learned GOLD was a bachelor. GOLD could not explain his former statements in this regard. GERSON could recall no trips made by GOLD with the exception of his visits home and could furnish no further pertinent information in reference to him.

GERSON currently resides at Apartment 4 H, 201 West 77th Street, New York City, and is a graduate student at New York University for a Ph.D. in Physics.

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JOEL STANLEY CHALEK  
Home Address: 63-45 Wetherole Street, Rego Park,  
Long Island  
Telephone No: ILLinois 9-0587

JOEL STANLEY CHALEK was interviewed on June 1, 1950 by Special Agents FRANCIS W. ZANGLE and RAYMOND J. RUCKEL. CHALEK advised he was employed at A. BROTHMAN AND ASSOCIATES from December, 1946 to March, 1947 as a draftsman. CHALEK said he did his work at BROTHMAN's office in the Chatham Phenix Building, Long Island City, and therefore had little or no occasion to ever go to the laboratory in Elmhurst. CHALEK said he only met GOLD on one or two occasions and knew very little about him, except that GOLD was in charge of BROTHMAN's laboratory as a chemist. CHALEK said the only business he recalled that he had to do with BROTHMAN which concerned the laboratory was that on two occasions BROTHMAN asked him to go to Philadelphia and Trenton to pick up some chemicals. CHALEK did not recall the names of the chemical companies in these cities, nor did he recall anything about the transactions, except that it seemed to him to be in the course of normal business.

CHALEK said he was unemployed at the present time, but that he could generally be reached either at his home phone or in care of NELLO MUSIC COMPANY, 1650 Broadway, Columbus 5-9642.

HERSH RABINOVITCH  
Home Address: 129 West 89th Street, New York City  
Telephone No: TRafalgar 4-5585  
Business: H. A. BRASSERT & COMPANY, 60 East 42d Street,  
New York City

RABINOVITCH was interviewed by Special Agents FRANCIS W. ZANGLE and RAYMOND J. RUCKEL. He advised that he worked at A. BROTHMAN AND ASSOCIATES from August, 1946 to June, 1947 approximately. He was employed as a draftsman and did his work at BROTHMAN's office at 114 East 32d Street, and later at the Chatham Phenix Building in Long Island City. He said he knew GOLD but only saw him a few times because GOLD very rarely came to BROTHMAN's office, and he very rarely went to the laboratory. He furnished no pertinent information about GOLD.

SHOLEM SILBERSTEIN  
Home address: 2 Brighton 8 Court,  
Brooklyn 35, New York

SILBERSTEIN was interviewed by Special Agents FRANCIS W. ZANGLE and RAYMOND J. RUCKEL. He said he worked at A. BROTHMAN AND ASSOCIATES from January, 1945 to June, 1947 as a chemist. He said that soon after he began working there he met HARRY GOLD and GOLD was introduced to him as FRANK. At a later date it was explained to SILBERSTEIN by BROTHMAN or one of the other employees in the laboratory that GOLD was originally called FRANK because he was doing work for BROTHMAN on a consultant basis, although he was still under contract with the PENNSYLVANIA SUGAR COMPANY in Philadelphia. GOLD then came to work for the laboratory full time at a time when GERHART WOLLAN was head of the laboratory. A short time later WOLLAN left and GOLD was designated as the head chemist in the laboratory. SILBERSTEIN stated his contact with GOLD was confined to the work that they did in the laboratory, and that he knew little else about GOLD's outside activities. He recalled that when GOLD first came to the laboratory he lived in Philadelphia and later recalled that GOLD took a room nearby the laboratory in Elmhurst. He did not recall the address or any other information about where GOLD lived. He did not recall any extended leave of more than a day or so which GOLD might have taken when he was the head of the laboratory, except that he remembered GOLD's frequently saying that he was visiting his home in Philadelphia. SILBERSTEIN furnished no other pertinent information concerning GOLD or his activities.

SILBERSTEIN stated he is presently unemployed, but that he generally can be reached in care of his brother at MURRAY Hill 4-0661.

Confidential Informant T-1, of unknown reliability, advised that HARRY GOLD lived in Room AA in the apartment house located at 48-53 54th Street, Woodside, Long Island, from November, 1947 to June, 1948. T-1 also stated that PHILIP LEVINE, who resided in Apartment 1-L at this address, arranged for the rental of space by GOLD, and further that GOLD visited LEVINE's apartment almost daily and ate his meals there. T-1 believed that both LEVINE and GOLD were employed at the same place of business as chemists.

It is to be noted that the records of A. Brothman and Associates show that PHILIP LEVINE was employed by Brothman in the Elmhurst, Long Island, Laboratory during the years 1946-1948.

Confidential Informant T-2, of known reliability, advised

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that LEVINE'S current address is 67 Perry Street, Brookline, Massachusetts.

On May 30, 1950, EMIL Z. BARISH, 21-44 78th Street, Jackson Heights, New York, was interviewed by the writer at which time he stated that he was acquainted with GOLD during the time that GOLD was employed at Brothman's Laboratory, Elmhurst, Long Island. BARISH described GOLD as being a soft-spoken, meek individual. BARISH stated that he was not well acquainted with GOLD, having seen him on several occasions when he, BARISH, would visit the Elmhurst Laboratory. BARISH had stated that he was very surprised by the recent arrest of GOLD on espionage charges.

EDWARD QUICK

EDWARD QUICK, owner of the Peacock Roll Leaf Company, Incorporated, 85-03 57th Avenue, Elmhurst, Long Island, New York, was interviewed by SAs THOMAS H. ZOELLER and ROBERT S. PLANTZ on May 26, 1950. QUICK advised that A. Brothman and Associates have rented space from him since approximately June, 1945 for use as a laboratory. About June, 1947, QUICK authorized the Brothman firm to do some work for him in connection with improving their gold leaf process, and HARRY GOLD worked on that particular job as a Brothman employee.

According to QUICK, "GUS" WOLLAN, ROBERT GERSON, ROLF WOLLAN and a brother of MIRIAM MOSKOWITZ, whose first name may have been BEN, were all employed in the laboratory at the time GOLD began his employment. There was also an individual known only as "CY" to QUICK who was employed in the laboratory and who left very soon after GOLD began his employment.

PHILIP LEVINE who was later employed at the laboratory left at the same time that GOLD did in 1948, and it is QUICK'S impression that LEVINE and GOLD at one time roomed together or at least stayed in the same rooming house. QUICK stated that he believes this rooming house is located in Jackson Heights, Long Island and belongs to an unknown woman. QUICK added that he believes GOLD resided in the basement of this house.

According to QUICK, while ABE BROTHMAN was on a trip to Switzerland in 1948 the other Brothman employees, including GOLD, attempted to renegotiate a contract BROTHMAN had with a chemical company in Philadelphia. This contract was in connection with cold wave process chemicals being manufactured by the Philadelphia concern. BROTHMAN cut short his Switzerland trip because of this and upon his return to the United States got rid of all of his employees. GOLD then returned to Philadelphia, and QUICK has had no knowledge of him since that time.

QUICK said that he never had any reason to believe that GOLD was other than a hard-working chemist who was likeable and always anxious to be of assistance to anyone who requested a favor. Due to the fact that GOLD was always borrowing money, it was apparent to QUICK that he was in dire financial straits. QUICK added that he and others loaned GOLD money because of GOLD'S story about the needs of his wife and two children; however, he learned from BROTHMAN after GOLD left BROTHMAN'S employ that GOLD'S story of having a family was not true.

QUICK advised that GOLD would work unusually long hours and would

often sleep on a cot in the laboratory instead of returning to his room. Although GOLD appeared to be a good chemist, BROTHMAN later told QUICK that GOLD had written many false reports showing results that he had never obtained.

QUICK was quoted in the New York "Journal American" on May 25, 1950 as saying that GOLD read the "Daily Worker". He advised in instant interview that the "Daily Worker" had been brought into the laboratory by other Brothman employees, but could not recall seeing same in the possession of HARRY GOLD. He added that GOLD gave the impression of being preoccupied most of the time and did not take part in the discussions of the other laboratory employees.

WALTER QUICK, brother of EDWARD, was unable to furnish any additional information to that set out above.

Miss ROSE MARY MORAN employed in the office of the Peacock Roll Leaf Company advised that she only had a speaking acquaintance with GOLD and that all the information she knew concerning him had come from EDWARD QUICK.

RICHARD FRANZ, 52-07 Haspel Street, Elmhurst, Long Island, advised that he would occasionally speak to HARRY GOLD during working hours. He stated that at the time GOLD left in 1948 to return to Philadelphia they exchanged addresses at FRANZ' suggestion. FRANZ explained that he knew at the time that GOLD was looking for work and as GOLD had worked on the gold leaf process used by the Quick firm, he felt something might turn up in which GOLD could be of assistance to the firm. He added that he had never written to GOLD, nor has he ever heard from him.

FRANZ recalled that sometime in 1947 GOLD travelled by air to Washington, D. C. in connection with obtaining some patents for ABR BROTHMAN. GOLD was gone about two days and it is the present impression of FRANZ that the patents desired were concerned with BROTHMAN'S methacrylate process. FRANZ said that GOLD never discussed his personal life with him and FRANZ was unable to furnish any additional information concerning GOLD.

The following employees recalled HARRY GOLD working in the laboratory, but were unable to furnish any additional information concerning him:

JOHN COUGHLIN, 150 74th Street, Brooklyn, New York

CHARLES MANGOLD, 167 Summit Circle, Little Ferry, New Jersey

PAUL R. JOSSIER, 180-02 Crochern Avenue, Flushing, Long Island

EDDIE SHESKIER, 82-21 58th Avenue, Elmhurst, Long Island

GUSTAVE ALBRECHT, 84-28 57th Road, Elmhurst, Long Island  
PERCY ESTRIDGE, 31-65 49th Street, Woodside, Long Island  
JOSEPH GOEB, 114-27 134th Street, South Ozone Park, Long Island  
JOHN MURPHY, 50-30 46th Street, Woodside, Long Island  
CHARLES PORTRAS, 15 Jefferson Avenue, Lynbrook, Long Island

The following individuals who were formerly employed by the Peacock Roll Leaf Company, 85-03 57th Avenue, Elmhurst, Long Island, during the period that HARRY GOLD was employed in the A. Brothman and Associates Laboratory, were interviewed at their homes or place of business by SAs Paul J. Blasco, Roland G. Kearns, Robert W. Coholan and Thomas H. Zoeller. They were unable to furnish any additional information concerning HARRY GOLD:

WILLIAM WAGNER, 50-27 42nd Street, Long Island City

CHARLES BORTNER, 47-11 58th Lane, Woodside, Long Island

FRANK MC NALLY, 179-14 146th Road, Jamaica, Long Island

CHARLES N. DARLEEN STARK, 59-18 Summerfield Street, Glendale, Long Island

JOSEPH CARRONE, 47-17 98th Street, Corona, Long Island

EDWARD SZEMPLANSKI, 145-85 220th Street, Springfield Gardens, L. I.

ANGELO CASSELLLO, 34-07 34th Avenue, Long Island City

WALTER MOHR, 86-02 102nd Avenue, Ozone Park, New York

The following former employees have moved from the addresses reflected in the Peacock Roll Leaf Company records, and could not be located:

PATRICK MURPHY, 33-06 34th Avenue, Long Island City

RALPH QUIN, 95-43 11th Street, Richmond Hill, Long Island

MATTHEW O'MALLEY, 47-40 45th Street, Woodside, Long Island

JOSEPH WALSH, 142-28 Roosevelt Avenue, Flushing, Long Island

DOROTHY MILLER, 59-61 59th Street, Maspeth, Long Island



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Confidential Informant T-3, of known reliability, previously advised that she did not know HARRY GOLD. However, on May 31, 1950, this informant telephonically advised that she had now submitted a report dated May 29, 1950 by mail to the New York Office, indicating that she was able to identify HARRY GOLD. She explained that upon making a close study of the Associated Press photograph of GOLD and after due reflection and thought, she now recalled that she believes she had seen GOLD at a Communist Party meeting, Jamaica Section Headquarters at sometime in the past. The informant's report reads as follows:

"On or about the time of the introduction into Jamaica Section Headquarters of OSCAR JAMES, Jamaica Section Organizer (SO); HARRY GOLD was present. Also attending this meeting was MURRAY SAVAGE, who had very little to say at that time and who kept looking and smiling at HARRY GOLD. HARRY GOLD had nothing to say but sat up front to the right of the speakers in an easy chair. Sitting in a sprawled position I believe him to be about five feet, six or seven inches tall and approximately 185 pounds. I am under the impression that HARRY GOLD came in with MURRAY SAVAGE and certainly appeared to be the best of friends." (MURRAY SAVAGE is the Queens County Communist Party Organizer.)

Upon being further questioned regarding this identification of GOLD, the informant stated that she was unable to fix the date of this meeting at Jamaica Section Headquarters.

A review of the informant's reports contained in the files of the New York Office disclosed that on January 30, 1950, a meeting was held at Jamaica Section Headquarters, which meeting was a short time after OSCAR JAMES took over as Section Organizer. It should be noted that JAMAICA SECTION is a part of the Queens County Communist Party organization. The informant felt that if she were shown her original report, it might serve to refresh her memory and that she could thereby fix the date that she observed HARRY GOLD at the Jamaica Section meeting.

On June 1, 1950, this report was made available to the informant. She stated that although she had inadvertently omitted MURRAY SAVAGE'S name from among those who attended this particular meeting, there was no question in her mind but that this was the meeting at which she saw GOLD. She stated that the reason why she might have omitted SAVAGE'S name from this report was that she had made mental note at the time that he had made only a very few remarks at this meeting, that they were of little consequence, and that she had mentally tabbed him as being rather stupid. Inasmuch as she did not know HARRY GOLD at that time, she did not report his presence at that meeting, not even by description.

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There were contained in her report several items which served to refresh her memory and which brought her to the definite conclusion that this was the date and the meeting at which she observed GOLD. The address of the Jamaica Section Headquarters is 107-04 New York Boulevard, Queens County. She further explained her report of May 29, 1950, by stating that she was unable to say positively that the individual whom she identified as HARRY GOLD came in with MURRAY SAVAGE because she said it is the habit of the section and county functionaries to meet in a room adjoining the meeting hall and to troop into the meeting in a body. She said, however, that the reason she was under the impression that he was a close friend of MURRAY SAVAGE was that during the course of his remarks he appeared to be addressing them to Gold and not to the membership in general. She said he gave sidelong smiles to GOLD, apparently making quite a play for his approval. It was her impression that GOLD, who sat on the left of the speaker's platform facing the membership, was quite fascinated with the proceedings of the membership meeting. It was her impression, further, at that time that GOLD was a novice at Communist Party meetings.

Further photographs of GOLD were shown to this informant on June 1, 1950, from the full length, full face photograph of GOLD. She stated that she was positive of her identification. Her best recollection of the suit he was wearing on the night of January 30, 1950, was that it was dark, possibly blue, serge. It should be noted in this regard that this informant is not aware of the fact that GOLD was ever known to have lived or worked in Queens County.

It is to be noted with reference to the foregoing that HARRY GOLD has denied knowing MURRAY SAVAGE and attending Communist Party meetings. There is no available verification of this information, the reliability of which is therefore not known.

The following investigation was conducted by SAS HERMAN C. LITTLEJOHN, JR. and ROBERT L. STEVENSON, JR:

ALBERT UMIN  
aka Abraham Umin  
1517 Jesup Avenue  
Bronx, New York  
Business: Zerner and Umin  
Room 205, 15 West 38th Street  
New York, New York  
Telephone, BRyant 9-3482

ALBERT UMIN was interviewed on May 29, 1950 at his office and advised that he was born August 15, 1902 in Russia and had come to the United States in 1905 with his mother, GOLDIE (COHEN) UMIN, who died in Philadelphia in March, 1939. He said he was a citizen of the United States, having been naturalized through the naturalization of his father SAMUEL and that he, ALBERT, was known, when a child, as ABRAHAM UMIN. ALBERT stated that his father SAMUEL (Hebrew, SHAMA) UMIN came to the United States previous to 1905 and that his father changed his name to UMIN upon arrival in the United States, his true name being SAMUEL OMINSKY.

According to ALBERT, his father died June 25, 1925, in Philadelphia. ALBERT said he moved to New York City after his father's death in 1925 and that he was employed by the Hensel Colladay Company, manufacturers of ribbons and braids, from 1917 until 1938 in Philadelphia and New York, this company having dissolved in 1938. After 1938, ALBERT said he was employed in various capacities until 1945 when he and ELIAS ZERNER organized the Zerner and Umin Company, dealers in ribbons, braids and fabrics. ALBERT informed that he married ANNA KATZ in Philadelphia in 1924, and they have two children, MYRNA M. (18) and STUART (14).

ALBERT UMIN expressed extreme indignation of the actions of his first cousin HARRY GOLD stating his feelings as a "true American" in strong language. He offered to assist the United States Government in any manner possible in instant investigation. ALBERT advised that he had met HARRY GOLD the first and only time approximately twenty years ago when GOLD on a Friday, date unknown, telephoned ALBERT'S home in the Bronx and then visited and had dinner at ALBERT'S home which was either at the present Jesup Avenue address or a previous address on Grand Concourse, Bronx, New York. ALBERT said he had no other contacts with HARRY GOLD and had no knowledge of

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GOLD'S associates or contacts, further that he had no knowledge that HARRY GOLD had ever used any other name. ALBERT said that his father, SAMUEL, had been close to his sister, subject's mother, SEPIA (phonetic) before SAMUEL'S death in 1925, but otherwise the families had no contacts. ALBERT also said that he himself had visited Philadelphia every week since 1925 on business and had never contacted or seen any member of the GOLD family during that time with the exception of the visit of HARRY GOLD to his Bronx home as previously mentioned. ALBERT did say that his brother, FRANK UMIN, of Philadelphia recently told him that JOSEPH GOLD, brother of HARRY GOLD, had telephoned him after subject's arrest and requested assistance in "hiding" subject's father who was apparently being hounded by the press. ALBERT said that FRANK UMIN told him he did not know JOSEPH GOLD until he identified himself as a relative and that FRANK had refused to become involved in such a matter.

ME: RICHARD ROBERT UMIN  
aka: Reuben Umin  
1500 Grand Concourse  
Bronx, New York  
Business: Gailstyn Company, Inc.  
Lobby, 1150 Broadway  
Telephone, ORegon 9-3575

RICHARD ROBERT UMIN was interviewed at his office on May 29, 1950 and advised that he was born September 4, 1909 in Philadelphia. He gave information concerning his parents which information was identical with that furnished by ALBERT UMIN. RICHARD said he was known as REUBEN until the age of 18 or 20 when he checked his birth certificate and found his true name was RICHARD ROBERT. He said his parents were married in Russia. RICHARD further stated that he was married, his wife being named ELLA and that he had two children, a son STEVEN M. (11) and daughter GAIL H. (8). RICHARD said he came to New York from Philadelphia in 1928 and was employed by the National Silver Company, 61 West 23rd Street, New York City, (now at 295 5th Avenue, New York City) for 17 years. RICHARD stated that in 1945 he organized the Gailstyn Company, wholesalers of giftware and houseware and since that date had incorporated with partners SOL KURSCH and HENRY CITRON.

RICHARD UMIN was obviously highly incensed because of his first cousin's (HARRY GOLD) activities. He said he first learned of GOLD'S

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"treachery" when he recognized GOLD'S name and photograph in a New York newspaper. He said he wanted to aid the United States Government's investigation in any way he could. RICHARD stated that he last saw HARRY GOLD 25 or 30 years ago in Philadelphia on an occasion not recalled. He said that his family and GOLD'S family were not close and that he has had no contacts with HARRY GOLD, JOSEPH GOLD, HARRY'S father or any other member of that family. RICHARD stated that the only word he has heard concerning HARRY since he left Philadelphia in 1928 was in a letter from his brother, JOSEPH UMIN, about four years ago. RICHARD said that his brother JOSEPH wrote and mentioned that HARRY GOLD was interested in plastics, and JOSEPH asked RICHARD'S advice as to the future of plastics. RICHARD said that he advised JOSEPH that he did not think much of the future of plastics and that this was the only mention or word he has ever received concerning GOLD. RICHARD said he had no idea that HARRY had been in touch with any other member of RICHARD'S immediate family with the exception of the probable contact mentioned above with JOSEPH UMIN in Philadelphia approximately four years ago.

ALBERT and RICHARD UMIN gave the following information concerning members of their immediate family who were related to subject HARRY GOLD:

Uncle

S. ~~OMINSKY~~ (possibly SAMUEL ~~OMINSKY~~) resides Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, approximately 75 years old, has son named JACK and three daughters, one named KITTY, all believed residing Philadelphia, Pennsylvania.

Brother

HARRY UMIN, born Russia, died Atlantic City, New Jersey about 1941, approximate age 45, buried Philadelphia.

Brother

LOUIS born Russia, killed by railroad train in New Jersey on January 6, 1916, at age 16.

Sister

MATILDA, died about 1935 in Philadelphia, age approximately 35, husband HARRY GELLAR resides Philadelphia, address and employment unknown.

Brother

FRANK ~~UMIN~~  
4906 North Rorer Street

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Philadelphia, Pennsylvania,  
employed Jack Tobin Dress Manufacturer,  
3311 West Allegheny Avenue,  
Philadelphia, Pennsylvania,  
age 42; married; wife ~~MARY~~; daughters,  
~~TOSYLIN~~ and ~~MARLENE~~.

Sister:

~~ESTHER TOMAR~~ aka ~~ESTELLE TOMAR~~,  
3904 Camden Avenue, Camden, New  
Jersey; Husband, ~~HAROLD TOMAR~~,  
employment not known; children,  
two sons, one named ~~GARY~~.

Brother:

~~JOSEPH L. UMIN~~ resides Baltimore,  
Maryland and employed by clothing  
manufacturer, home address and  
employment unknown; wife, ~~RUTH~~,  
children ~~SHELIA~~ (12) and ~~GAIL~~ (9)

JOHN BROOKING ~~ADAMS~~, Jr.  
Home address: Apartment 601,  
42-02 Layton Street,  
Elmhurst, Long Island, New York.  
Telephone: Havermeyer 9-0274  
Business Address: National Sugar Refining Company  
129 Front Street  
New York City, New York.  
Telephone: Whitehall 3-9500.  
Business Hours - 9:00 A.M. - 5:00 P.M.

The records of the PENNSYLVANIA SUGAR COMPANY, Philadelphia, reflect that JOHN ~~ADAMS~~ and GOLD made a trip in 1940 to Gibson Island, Maryland, on business.

Mr. ADAMS was interviewed at his place of business June 1, 1950, by Special Agent Michael J. McDonagh, and he stated that on approximately April 1, 1938, he began employment as a chemist in the Research Department of the PENNSYLVANIA SUGAR COMPANY at 1037 North Delaware Avenue, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania. At the time he began this employment, HARRY GOLD was already engaged as a bench chemist by this same concern. Mr. ADAMS advised he had not know HARRY GOLD prior to this time.

They were associated professionally at the PENNSYLVANIA SUGAR COMPANY Laboratory until approximately September of 1938 when GOLD left the Company to attend Xavier College at Cincinnati, Ohio. It was Mr. ADAMS' recollection that GOLD returned to the PENNSYLVANIA SUGAR COMPANY approximately the end of 1939. They again became in contact with each other through their work at the Laboratory.

Sometime in 1940 there was a meeting of food chemists being held at Gibson Island, Maryland, for the purposes of discussing vitamins and various related chemical food subjects by a number of chemists employed in the food line. Mr. ADAMS stated that he was appointed by his superior at the PENNSYLVANIA SUGAR COMPANY, Dr. GUSTAVE RICH, to attend this conference and that he drove his personally owned automobile and was accompanied by HARRY GOLD, MORRELL DOUGHERTY, and SAM FLEMING, all employees of the PENNSYLVANIA SUGAR COMPANY, who were designated to accompany him by Dr. RICH. It was ADAMS' recollection that the conference was of short duration and that they did not even remain overnight.

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This was the only occasion that he ever traveled anywhere, either socially or on business purposes, with HARRY GOLD. ADAMS stated that it is quite possible that at various chemical society conventions that he had attended, GOLD also was present.

ADAMS related that he had never visited HARRY GOLD'S home and had never met any members of GOLD'S family. He never became acquainted with GOLD on any intimate plane and had no recollection of any conversations wherein GOLD indicated what his ideological beliefs were.

ADAMS recalled that GOLD had indicated at the time he was rejected by the Armed Forces that he was disappointed. HARRY GOLD, to the best of ADAMS' recollection, had never discussed what his outside social activities were or who any of his social acquaintances might be, but it was ADAMS' recollection that either through general "shop" conversations or through a direct statement by HARRY GOLD himself that he had to the present an impression that GOLD, at one time, had a girlfriend in the late 1930s to whom he had become engaged or had contemplated engagement. The lady's name and residence were unknown to ADAMS.

Mr. ADAMS came to New York City on January 15, 1948 to work at the National Sugar Refining Company, which is affiliated with the PENNSYLVANIA SUGAR COMPANY of Philadelphia. In approximately May of 1948 he received a telephone call from HARRY GOLD. This telephone call was the first he had heard from GOLD since GOLD left PENNSYLVANIA SUGAR COMPANY in Philadelphia, which, as far as ADAMS could place it, was sometime in 1942. During this telephone conversation GOLD inferred that he had learned through some employees at PENNSYLVANIA SUGAR in Philadelphia that ADAMS had been transferred to New York and was probably interested in obtaining an apartment. In view of the fact that he, GOLD, was giving an apartment up, he felt that ADAMS might be interested in obtaining the vacated apartment. ADAMS reported that they consequently made an appointment to meet at Pennsylvania Station, New York City, and they traveled, ADAMS recalled, in all probability by the Seventh Avenue IRT Subway line to a point someplace either in Queens or Elmhurst and walked approximately five blocks after getting off the subway to an apartment house where GOLD showed ADAMS a one room basement apartment.

ADAMS recalled meeting the landlady, who was married and had one child, and that it is his recollection she mentioned that her husband was or had been a school teacher at Stores School in Connecticut. ADAMS could not recall the street address, but stated he is quite certain that he would recognize the building and one room apartment if he were to see it again.



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Since this meeting with GOLD, ADAMS has had no contact with him whatever.

Mr. ADAMS advised that GOLD had never introduced him to any persons outside of the PENNSYLVANIA SUGAR COMPANY, in Philadelphia.

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The following investigation was conducted by SA JOHN J. DOERFNER at New York City on May 29, 1950:

Miss MARGARET JEFFERSON, secretary, American Chemical Society, Lincoln Building, 60 East 42nd Street, advised that the records of that Society reflected that HARRY GOLD, 6823 Kindred Street, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, had been a member of the American Chemical Society in 1947. Miss JEFFERSON stated that this Society's records reflected that HARRY GOLD had been employed by ABE BROTHMAN and Associates.

The following investigation was conducted by SA ROBERT L. STEVENSON, JR.:

ABRAHAM BROTHMAN advised the subject resided at 87-39 Elmhurst Avenue, Elmhurst, Long Island, New York when he employed the subject.

Confidential Informant T-4, of known reliability, advised that the record books failed to reveal any forwarding address for the subject as HARRY GOLD or any of his known aliases from 87-39 Elmhurst Avenue or from any address on Elmhurst Avenue.

The following people were contacted on Elmhurst Avenue and they never heard of the subject nor could they identify the subject's pictures:

Mr. HARRY SWEENEY, 87-39 Elmhurst Avenue

Mrs. C. E. BUCKHEIT, 87-37 Elmhurst Avenue

Mr. S. PRACH, 87-41 Elmhurst Avenue

Mrs. BARBARA MULVEY, 87-20 Elmhurst Avenue

Mrs. MARY FICK, 87-33 Elmhurst Avenue

Mrs. F. R. SWEENEY, 87-17 Elmhurst Avenue

Mr. and Mrs. M. J. HELEN, 87-18 Elmhurst Avenue

Mr. WILLIAM SCOLLIN, 87-16 Elmhurst Avenue

Mrs. WILLIAM CIHELKA, 87-11 Elmhurst Avenue

Mr. CHARLES H. HERTER, 87-14 Elmhurst Avenue

Mrs. M. O'CONNOR, 87-06 Elmhurst Avenue.

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Bank Account

It will be recalled that Mrs. JOSEPH PEREIRA, 152-05 84th Avenue, Jamaica, Long Island, former landlady of HARRY GOLD, stated upon interview on May 25, 1950, that she believed GOLD gave as a reference the Dime Savings Bank, 42nd Street, New York.

SAA HAROLD F. GOOD conducted the following investigation:

There is no Dime Savings Bank at 42nd Street in New York City. In New York City (not including Brooklyn), there is the Union Dime Savings Bank. In Brooklyn there are the Dime Savings Bank of Brooklyn and the Dime Savings Bank of Williamsburgh.

The Union Dime Savings Bank maintains an office at 6th Avenue and 40th Street, which is the closest to 42nd Street. At this office, Mr. MARCEL TUCCI, Assistant Secretary, checked the open and closed accounts for the name of HARRY GOLD. Three closed accounts were located in the name of the Estate of NATHAN GOLD, deceased, in which HARRY GOLD was shown as Trustee in all three accounts. An open account was found in the name of HARRY GOLD who is married and whose wife's name is REBECCA. Inasmuch as none of the above accounts appeared to be identical with the subject, no further action was taken at this bank.

GOLD

- P E N D I N G -

ADMINISTRATIVE PAGE

By teletype of June 2, 1950, the Boston Office was requested to interview LEVINE regarding his association with GOLD.

RICHARD ROBERT UMIN stated that his former employer, the National Silver Company, was now one of his company's principal competitors, and he requested that the company not be contacted concerning his employment in any possible investigation unless such contact was absolutely necessary.

Miss MARGARET JEFFERSON stated that the subject had not been a member of the New York City Division of the American Chemical Society, and her records did not reflect whether the subject was a member prior or subsequent to 1947. She stated that in view of the subject's residence address, he might have been a member of the Society in the Philadelphia Division.

She stated that complete Society records concerning HARRY GOLD could be obtained from American Chemical Society's headquarters at 1155 16th Street, N.W., Washington 6, D. C. She further stated that the Philadelphia Division of the American Chemical Society records were maintained by Mr. WILLIAM G. BATT, Biochemical Research Foundation, Franklin Institute, Newark, Delaware.

Miss JEFFERSON stated that the American Chemical Society's records at New York City reflected no additional information concerning HARRY GOLD.

The records of the following chemists organizations were reviewed to determine if the subject had been a member of any of them. These records did not disclose, however, that the subject had ever held membership in any of these organizations:

Chemists Club, 52 East 41st Street; Mr. C. R. DEROWAY,  
Business Manager;  
The American Institute of Chemical Engineers, 120 East  
41st Street; Miss J. LOFT, Secretary;  
The Association of Consulting Chemists and Chemical Engineers,  
50 East 41st Street; Mr. ROBERT BALDWIN, Secretary;  
The American Institute of Chemists, Lincoln Building,  
60 East 42nd Street; Miss VERA KIMBALL, Secretary.

ADMINISTRATIVE PAGE (CONT'D)

Dr. LOUIS G. ~~FEMAN~~, also known as ~~FREEMAN~~  
Home Address: 138-51 Hoovers Avenue  
Jamaica, Long Island, New York  
Telephone No: LIget 4-1349  
Business Address: Self-employed, Room 803,  
Childs Building  
110 West 34th Street  
New York City  
Telephone No: BRYant 9-5510

The interview of Dr. LOUIS G. FEMAN, also known as FREEMAN, was requested by Philadelphia teletype to Washington Field and New York, dated May 31, 1950, wherein it was reflected that information had been received at the Naval Aviation Supply Depot, where JOSEPH GOLD, brother of HARRY GOLD, is employed, that one Dr. LOUIS G. FEMAN, care of I. MILLER AND SONS, INC., 43-10 23rd Street, Long Island City, New York, indicated to an employee there on one occasion that he was acquainted with HARRY GOLD.

Dr. FEMAN was interviewed at his place of business on June 1, 1950 by Special Agent PAUL J. BLASCO. At that time Dr. FEMAN stated that he merely serves as a part-time consultant for I. MILLER and that he is self-employed, with offices at 110 West 34th Street, New York City. Dr. FEMAN further advised that he is not acquainted with HARRY GOLD or any member of his family, nor could he recall ever making a statement that he knew GOLD. Dr. FEMAN, upon being shown photographs of GOLD, stated that he positively does not recall ever having any contacts with, or any knowledge of HARRY GOLD.

Consideration will be given to making an examination of the checks on A. Brothman and Associates account at Brothman's Office to see if any checks were paid to GOLD and to see if bank endorsements will identify a bank in which GOLD maintains an account.

Display of GOLD'S photographs of Confidential Informants in the United States

By letter of June 1, 1950, the Kansas City Office advised that GOLD'S photograph was displayed to [REDACTED] b2  
b7D

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[REDACTED] was unable to identify GOLD as a person known to him during his association with the Communist Party. b7c b7D

By teletype of June 1, 1950, the Charlotte Office advised that [REDACTED] was exhibited photographs of HARRY GOLD and no identification was made of GOLD by [REDACTED]

On May 31, 1950, the Salt Lake City Office advised that GOLD'S photograph had been displayed to informants and sources of information within the Salt Lake City Office territory without developing any pertinent information.

The Memphis Office on May 31, 1950 advised by teletype that Confidential Informant T-6 had been unable to identify photographs of GOLD when exhibited to him.

The Oklahoma City Office stated on May 31, 1950 that GOLD'S photographs had been exhibited to three informants within the Oklahoma City Field Office who were unable to identify GOLD as anyone with whom they had been connected or had known in Communist Party activities.

The Buffalo Office advised on May 27, 1950 that GOLD'S photograph had been exhibited to informants in the Buffalo Field Office territory without effecting an identification.

Confidential Informant T-5, of the New York Field Office, on May 31, 1950 was shown photographs of GOLD, but did not recognize GOLD as anyone whom he had ever seen.

The Birmingham, Savannah, and Memphis Field Offices have reported by letters that there are no informants or sources of information within these field offices who would be in a position to furnish information of value regarding HARRY GOLD.

#### Education

EDWARD B. FOX, Registrar, Columbia University, was contacted on May 25, 1950 by SA J. J. DOERMER, who stated that eight individuals named HARRY GOLD, five of whom had middle names, have attended Columbia University. The University records concerning these eight persons were reviewed by FOX and SA DOERMER, and it was observed from descriptive data in the records that none of these individuals was identical with the subject.

LEADS

PHILADELPHIA

At Philadelphia, Pennsylvania

Will, if not already done, determine the location of any of GOLD'S bank accounts in New York City during the time he was employed by BROTHMAN, 1946-1948, or at any other time.

Will, in a future interrogation of GOLD, confront him with the information furnished by Confidential Informant T-3, who identified a photograph of GOLD as having attended a Queens County Communist Party meeting at Jamaica, Long Island, on January 30, 1950.

BOSTON

At Boston, Massachusetts

Will, as requested in reference teletype of June 2, 1950, interview PHILIP LEVINE, 67 Perry Street, Brookline, former business associate and close personal friend of GOLD.

NEW YORK

At Long Island City, New York

Will consider the advisability of conducting another review of the records of A. Brothman and Associates for the specific purpose of attempting to ascertain the location of HARRY GOLD'S bank accounts in New York City during the time he was employed by BROTHMAN (1946-1948).

At New York, New York

Will endeavor to locate and interview the following employees of Peacock Roll Leaf Company, Incorporated, 85-03 57th Avenue, Elmhurst, Long Island, regarding GOLD:

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PATRICK MURPHY, 33-06 34th Avenue, Long Island City  
RALPH QUIN, 95-43 11th Street, Richmond Hill, Long Island  
MATTHEW O'MALLEY, 47-40 45th Street, Woodside, Long Island  
JOSEPH WALSH, 142-26 Roosevelt Avenue, Flushing, Long Island  
DOROTHY MILLER, 59-61 59th Street, Maspeth, Long Island

Will conduct all other logical investigation in this case.



FD-72  
(1-10-49)

# FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

NY FILE NO 65-15324 MAR

Form No. 1  
THIS CASE ORIGINATED AT NEW YORK

REPORT MADE AT NEW YORK	DATE WHEN MADE 6/3/50	PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE 5/25, 26, 29-6/3/50	REPORT MADE BY JOHN R. MURPHY
TITLE HARRY GOLD, was: Henry Gold, Henrich Gold, Henrich Goldnitaki, Henrich Golodnitsky, Frank Keppler, Frank Kessler, (fnu) Raymond			CHARACTER OF CASE ESPIONAGE - R

## SYNOPSIS OF FACTS:

Results of interviews with former employees of A. Brothman and Associates during tenure of GOLD'S employment there set forth. The following individuals were interviewed: WILLIAM ROHALL, RUTH LEWIN (SELIGER), ROBERT KEITH TOWNSEND, ROBERT LIPPIN, ERNEST E. MAIR, SOL FANSHEL, ROBERT GERSON, JOEL S. CHALEK, HERSH RABINOVITCH, and SHOLEM SILBERSTEIN. PHILIP LEVINE, former close associate of GOLD at Brothman firm, now living Brookline, Mass. Lead set out to interview him. EMIL BARISH interviewed re GOLD; BARISH had no additional information. Employees, Peacock Roll Leaf Co., Elmhurst, L.I., situs of Brothman's Laboratory, interviewed re GOLD and results set out. EDWARD QUICK, owner of Peacock Firm, among those interviewed. Confidential Informant T-2 identified GOLD from photos as having attended a Jamaica (L.I.) Section Membership meeting, Queens County Communist Party, 1/30/50. MURRAY SAVAGE, Queens County Organizer, was believed to have brought GOLD to this meeting. ALBERT UMIN and RICHARD ROBERT UMIN, relatives of GOLD, also interviewed. JOHN B. ADAMS, Jr., former associate of GOLD at Penna. Sugar Co., Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, interviewed and results recorded. Membership of GOLD, American Chemical Society, 1947, located. Dr. LOUIS G. FEMAN, Jamaica, Long Island, states he is not acquainted with GOLD. Investigation at 8739 Elmhurst Ave., Elmhurst, L.I., former residence of GOLD, negative. No bank account located for GOLD at Union Dime Savings Bank, Manhattan. No record of GOLD'S attendance, Columbia

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED  
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED  
DATE 11/17/88 BY SP8 BTJ/ML

APPROVED AND FORWARDED <i>Edward Scheidt</i>	SPECIAL AGENT IN CHARGE	DO NOT WRITE IN THESE SPACES
5 - Bureau of this report 1 - Albuquerque 1 - Albany (info) 2 - Boston 1 - Buffalo (info)		TELETYPE NYU 6-8-50 ASH THAT corrections BE MADE 6/2/50 T-1 to NYU T-2 to NYU T-3 to NYU T-4 to NYU T-5 to NYU T-6 to NYU T-7 to NYU T-8 to NYU T-9 to NYU T-10 to NYU T-11 to NYU T-12 to NYU T-13 to NYU T-14 to NYU T-15 to NYU T-16 to NYU T-17 to NYU T-18 to NYU T-19 to NYU T-20 to NYU T-21 to NYU T-22 to NYU T-23 to NYU T-24 to NYU T-25 to NYU T-26 to NYU T-27 to NYU T-28 to NYU T-29 to NYU T-30 to NYU T-31 to NYU T-32 to NYU T-33 to NYU T-34 to NYU T-35 to NYU T-36 to NYU T-37 to NYU T-38 to NYU T-39 to NYU T-40 to NYU T-41 to NYU T-42 to NYU T-43 to NYU T-44 to NYU T-45 to NYU T-46 to NYU T-47 to NYU T-48 to NYU T-49 to NYU T-50 to NYU T-51 to NYU T-52 to NYU T-53 to NYU T-54 to NYU T-55 to NYU T-56 to NYU T-57 to NYU T-58 to NYU T-59 to NYU T-60 to NYU T-61 to NYU T-62 to NYU T-63 to NYU T-64 to NYU T-65 to NYU T-66 to NYU T-67 to NYU T-68 to NYU T-69 to NYU T-70 to NYU T-71 to NYU T-72 to NYU T-73 to NYU T-74 to NYU T-75 to NYU T-76 to NYU T-77 to NYU T-78 to NYU T-79 to NYU T-80 to NYU T-81 to NYU T-82 to NYU T-83 to NYU T-84 to NYU T-85 to NYU T-86 to NYU T-87 to NYU T-88 to NYU T-89 to NYU T-90 to NYU T-91 to NYU T-92 to NYU T-93 to NYU T-94 to NYU T-95 to NYU T-96 to NYU T-97 to NYU T-98 to NYU T-99 to NYU T-100 to NYU

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ERNEST EGERSON MAIR  
772 East 222nd Street  
Bronx, New York  
OL 2-8842

The records of A. BROTHMAN & Associates reveal MAIR was employed as mechanical draftsman from February to May 1946.

MAIR resides at 772 East 222nd Street, Bronx, New York, and is employed by City of New York, Sanitation Department as Junior Civil Engineer at 125 Worth Street, New York City.

The following interview was conducted by SA FREDERICK C. BAUCKHAM:

MAIR stated he was employed by BROTHMAN from February to May 1946 as a mechanical draftsman. MAIR said he did not go to the laboratory in Elmhurst; that he did not hear from GOLD and knows nothing about him.

SOL FANSHEL  
86-20 162nd Street  
Jamaica, Long Island, New York

On June 1, 1949 SAS MAURICE W. CORCORAN and JOSEPH J. PAIGUTA interviewed SOL FANSHEL, a former employee of A. BROTHMAN & Associates, during the period of employment of GOLD. FANSHEL stated he is an electrical engineer and worked in the engineering office of the firm at the Chatham Phenix Building, Long Island City, while GOLD worked in the chemical laboratory at 85-03 57th Avenue, Elmhurst. For this reason, plus the fact that they were interested in different phases of the various BROTHMAN projects, they were not in frequent contact. FANSHEL stated he recalls seeing GOLD in the Long Island City Office on only six or eight occasions and had very little conversation with him. He could not furnish any information pertinent to this inquiry with the possible exception that he was under the impression that GOLD was married and had two children. FANSHEL resides at 86-20 162nd Street, Jamaica, Long Island, New York, and is now employed at the H. A. BRASSERT Company, Consulting Engineers, 60 East 42nd Street, New York City.

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ROBERT GERSON  
201 West 77th Street  
New York City, New York

On June 2, 1949 SAs MAURICE W. CORCORAN and JOSEPH J. PALGUTA interviewed ROBERT GERSON, a chemist, who was employed by A. BROTHMAN & Associates in the laboratory at 85-03 57th Avenue, Elmhurst, from February 1946 to June 1948, during which period he stated that he recalled GOLD coming to work for the firm about May or June 1946. It was his understanding that GOLD obtained this employment through a previous friendship with BROTHMAN. During the fall of 1946, one of the lab employees left the firm and thereafter HARRY GOLD became chief chemist. The work consisted, for the most part, with the development of a new type plaster and a glue, both of which were to be used in the manufacture of airplanes.

GERSON said he worked rather closely with GOLD in these projects and found him to be a very quiet type person who was extremely interested in his work. He regularly spent many hours overtime conducting experiments and for this reason had very little social life. GERSON said GOLD told him he was married and had two children in Philadelphia, although he only went to Philadelphia on weekends. However, GERSON accompanied BROTHMAN and other employees to the funeral of GOLD'S mother in Philadelphia, at which time he learned GOLD was a bachelor. GOLD could not explain his former statements in this regard. GERSON could recall no trips made by GOLD with the exception of his visits home and could furnish no further pertinent information in reference to him.

GERSON currently resides at Apartment 4 H, 201 West 77th Street, New York City, and is a graduate student at New York University for a Ph.D. in Physics.

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SHOLEM SILBERSTEIN  
Home Address: 2 Brighton 8 Court,  
Brooklyn 35, New York

SILBERSTEIN was interviewed by Special Agents FRANCIS W. ZANGLE and RAYMOND J. RUCKEL. He said he worked at A. BROTHMAN AND ASSOCIATES from January, 1945 to June, 1947 as a chemist. He said that soon after he began working there he met HARRY GOLD and GOLD was introduced to him as FRANK. At a later date it was explained to SILBERSTEIN by BROTHMAN or one of the other employees in the laboratory that GOLD was originally called FRANK because he was doing work for BROTHMAN on a consultant basis, although he was still under contract with the PENNSYLVANIA SUGAR COMPANY in Philadelphia. GOLD then came to work for the laboratory full time at a time when GERHART WOLLAN was head of the laboratory. A short time later WOLLAN left and GOLD was designated as the head chemist in the laboratory. SILBERSTEIN stated his contact with GOLD was confined to the work that they did in the laboratory, and that he knew little else about GOLD's outside activities. He recalled that when GOLD first came to the laboratory he lived in Philadelphia and later recalled that GOLD took a room nearby the laboratory in Elmhurst. He did not recall the address or any other information about where GOLD lived. He did not recall any extended leave of more than a day or so which GOLD might have taken when he was the head of the laboratory, except that he remembered GOLD's frequently saying that he was visiting his home in Philadelphia. SILBERSTEIN furnished no other pertinent information concerning GOLD or his activities.

SILBERSTEIN stated he is presently unemployed, but that he generally can be reached in care of his brother at Murray Hill 4-0661.

Confidential Informant T-1, of unknown reliability, advised SA MAURICE W. CORCORAN that HARRY GOLD lived in Room AA in the apartment house located at 48-53 54th Street, Woodside, Long Island, from November, 1947 to June, 1948. T-1 also stated that PHILIP LEVINE, who resided in Apartment 1-L at this address, arranged for the rental of space by GOLD, and further that GOLD visited LEVINE'S apartment almost daily and ate his meals there. T-1 believed that both LEVINE and GOLD were employed at the same place of business as chemists.

It is to be noted that the records of A. Brothman and Associates show that PHILIP LEVINE was employed by Brothman in the Elmhurst, Long Island, Laboratory during the years 1946-1948.

Confidential Informant T-2, of known reliability, advised SA CORCORAN

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that LEVINE'S current address is 67 Perry Street, Brookline, Massachusetts.

By teletype of June 2, 1950, the Boston Office was requested to interview LEVINE regarding his association with GOLD.

On May 30, 1950, EMIL Z. BARISH, 2-44 78th Street, Jackson Heights, New York, was interviewed by the writer at which time he stated that he was acquainted with GOLD during the time that GOLD was employed at Brothman's Laboratory, Elmhurst, Long Island. BARISH described GOLD as being a soft-spoken meek individual. BARISH stated that he was not well acquainted with GOLD, having seen him on several occasions when he, BARISH, would visit the Elmhurst Laboratory. BARISH had stated that he was very surprised by the recent arrest of GOLD on espionage charges.

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EDWARD QUICK

EDWARD QUICK, owner of the Peacock Roll Leaf Company, Incorporated, 85-03 57th Avenue, Elmhurst, Long Island, New York, was interviewed by SAs THOMAS H. ZOLLER and ROBERT S. PLANTZ on May 26, 1950. QUICK advised that A. Brothman and Associates have rented space from him since approximately June, 1945 for use as a laboratory. About June, 1947, QUICK authorized the Brothman firm to do some work for him in connection with improving their gold leaf process, and HARRY GOLD worked on that particular job as a Brothman employee.

According to QUICK, "GUS" WOLLAN, ROBERT GERSON, ROLF WOLLAN and a brother of MIRIAM MOSKOWITZ, whose first name may have been BEN, were all employed in the laboratory at the time GOLD began his employment. There was also an individual known only as "CY" to QUICK who was employed in the laboratory and who left very soon after GOLD began his employment.

PHILIP LEVINE who was later employed at the laboratory left at the same time that GOLD did in 1948, and it is QUICK'S impression that LEVINE and GOLD at one time roomed together or at least stayed in the same rooming house. QUICK stated that he believes this rooming house is located in Jackson Heights, Long Island and belongs to an unknown woman. QUICK added that he believes GOLD resided in the basement of this house.

According to QUICK, while ABE BROTHMAN was on a trip to Switzerland in 1948 the other Brothman employees, including GOLD, attempted to renegotiate a contract BROTHMAN had with a chemical company in Philadelphia. This contract was in connection with cold wave process chemicals being manufactured by the Philadelphia concern. BROTHMAN cut short his Switzerland trip because of this and upon his return to the United States got rid of all of his employees. GOLD then returned to Philadelphia, and QUICK has had no knowledge of him since that time.

QUICK said that he never had any reason to believe that GOLD was other than a hard-working chemist who was likeable and always anxious to be of assistance to anyone who requested a favor. Due to the fact that GOLD was always borrowing money, it was apparent to QUICK that he was in dire financial straits. QUICK added that he and others loaned GOLD money because of GOLD'S story about the needs of his wife and two children; however, he learned from BROTHMAN after GOLD left BROTHMAN'S employ that GOLD'S story of having a family was not true.

QUICK advised that GOLD would work unusually long hours and would

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Confidential Informant T-3, of known reliability, previously advised that she did not know HARRY GOLD. However, on May 31, 1950, this informant telephonically advised that she had now submitted a report dated May 29, 1950 by mail to the New York Office, indicating that she was able to identify HARRY GOLD. She explained that upon making a close study of the Associated Press photograph of GOLD and after due reflection and thought, she now recalled that she believes she had seen GOLD at a Communist Party meeting, Jamaica Section Headquarters, at sometime in the past. The informant's report reads as follows:

"On or about the time of the introduction into Jamaica Section Headquarters of OSCAR JAMES, Jamaica Section Organizer (SO); HARRY GOLD was present. Also attending this meeting was MURRAY SAVAGE, who had very little to say at that time and who kept looking and smiling at HARRY GOLD. HARRY GOLD had nothing to say but sat up front to the right of the speakers in an easy chair. Sitting in a sprawled position I believe him to be about five feet, six or seven inches tall and approximately 185 pounds. I am under the impression that HARRY GOLD came in with MURRAY SAVAGE and certainly appeared to be the best of friends." (MURRAY SAVAGE is the Queens County Communist Party Organizer.)

Upon being further questioned regarding this identification of GOLD, the informant stated that she was unable to fix the date of this meeting at Jamaica Section Headquarters.

A review of the informant's reports contained in the files of the New York Office disclosed that on January 30, 1950 a meeting was held at Jamaica Section Headquarters, which meeting was a short time after OSCAR JAMES took over as Section Organizer. It should be noted that JAMAICA SECTION is a part of the Queens County Communist Party organization. The informant felt that if she were shown her original report, it might serve to refresh her memory and that she could thereby fix the date that she observed HARRY GOLD at the Jamaica Section meeting.

On June 1, 1950, this report was made available to the informant. She stated that although she had inadvertently omitted MURRAY SAVAGE'S name from among those who attended this particular meeting, there was no question in her mind but that this was the meeting at which she saw GOLD. She stated that the reason why she might have omitted SAVAGE'S name from this report was that she had made mental note at the time that he had made only a very few remarks at this meeting, that they were of little consequence, and that she had mentally tabbed him as being rather stupid. Inasmuch as she did not know HARRY GOLD at that time, she did not report his presence at that meeting, not even by description.

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There were contained in her report several items which served to refresh her memory and which brought her to the definite conclusion that this was the date and the meeting at which she observed GOLD. The address of the Jamaica Section Headquarters is 107-04 New York Boulevard, Queens County. She further explained her report of May 29, 1950 by stating that she was unable to say positively that the individual whom she identified as HARRY GOLD came in with MURRAY SAVAGE because she said it is the habit of the section and county functionaries to meet in a room adjoining the meeting hall and to troop into the meeting in a body. She said, however, that the reason she was under the impression that he was a close friend of MURRAY SAVAGE was that during the course of his remarks he appeared to be addressing them to SAVAGE and not to the membership in general. She said he gave sidelong smiles to GOLD, apparently making quite a play for his approval. It was her impression that GOLD, who sat on the left of the speaker's platform facing the membership, was quite fascinated with the proceedings of the membership meeting. It was her impression, further, at that time that GOLD was a novice at Communist Party meetings.

Further photographs of GOLD were shown to this informant on June 1, 1950 from the full length, full face photograph of GOLD. She stated that she was positive of her identification. Her best recollection of the suit he was wearing on the night of January 30, 1950 was that it was dark, possibly blue, serge. It should be noted in this regard that this informant is not aware of the fact that GOLD was ever known to have lived or worked in Queens County.



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GOLD'S associates or contacts, further that he had no knowledge that HARRY GOLD had ever used any other name. ALBERT said that his father SAMUEL had been close to his sister, subject's mother, SEPIA (phonetic) before SAMUEL'S death in 1925, but otherwise the families had no contacts. ALBERT also said that he himself had visited Philadelphia every week since 1925 on business and had never contacted or seen any member of the GOLD family during that time with the exception of the visit of HARRY GOLD to his Bronx home as previously mentioned. ALBERT did say that his brother, FRANK UMIN, of Philadelphia recently told him that JOSEPH GOLD, brother of HARRY GOLD, had telephoned him after subject's arrest and requested assistance in "hiding" subject's father who was apparently being hounded by the press. ALBERT said that FRANK UMIN told him he did not know JOSEPH GOLD until he identified himself as a relative and that FRANK had refused to become involved in such a matter.

RICHARD ROBERT UMIN  
aka Reuben Umin  
1500 Grand Concourse  
Bronx, New York  
Business: Gailstyn Company, Inc.,  
Lobby, 1150 Broadway  
Telephone, ORegon 9-3575

RICHARD ROBERT UMIN was interviewed at his office on May 29, 1950 and advised that he was born September 4, 1909 in Philadelphia. He gave information concerning his parents which information was identical with that furnished by ALBERT UMIN. RICHARD said he was known as REUBEN until the age of 18 or 20 when he checked his birth certificate and found his true name was RICHARD ROBERT. He said his parents were married in Russia. RICHARD further stated that he was married, his wife being named ELLA and that he had two children, a son STEVEN M. (11) and daughter GAIL H. (8). RICHARD said he came to New York from Philadelphia in 1928 and was employed by the National Silver Company, 61 West 23rd Street, New York City (now at 295 5th Avenue, New York City) for 17 years. RICHARD stated that in 1945 he organized the Gailstyn Company, wholesalers of giftware and houseware and since that date had incorporated with partners SOL KURSCH and HENRY CITRON.

(RICHARD ROBERT UMIN stated that his former employer, the National Silver Company, was now one of his company's principal competitors, and he requested that that company not be contacted concerning his employment in any possible investigation unless such contact was absolutely necessary.)

RICHARD UMIN was obviously highly incensed because of his first cousin's (HARRY GOLD) activities. He said he first learned of GOLD'S

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"treachery" when he recognized GOLD'S name and photograph in a New York newspaper. He said he wanted to aid the United States Government's investigation in any way he could. RICHARD stated that he last saw HARRY GOLD 25 or 30 years ago in Philadelphia on an occasion not recalled. He said that his family and GOLD'S family were not close and that he has had no contacts with HARRY, his brother JOSEPH, HARRY'S father or any other member of that family. RICHARD stated that the only word he has heard concerning HARRY since he left Philadelphia in 1928 was in a letter from his brother, JOSEPH UMIN, about four years ago. RICHARD said that his brother JOSEPH wrote and mentioned that HARRY GOLD was interested in plastics, and JOSEPH asked RICHARD'S advice as to the future of plastics. RICHARD said that he advised JOSEPH that he did not think much of the future of plastics and that this was the only mention or word he has ever received concerning GOLD. RICHARD said he had no idea that HARRY had been in touch with any other member of RICHARD'S immediate family with the exception of the probable contact mentioned above with JOSEPH UMIN in Philadelphia approximately four years ago.

ALBERT and RICHARD UMIN gave the following information concerning members of their immediate family who were related to subject HARRY GOLD:

Uncle:

S. OMINSKY (possibly SAMUEL OMINSKY) resides Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, approximately 75 years old, has son named JACK and three daughters, one named KITTY, all believed residing Philadelphia, Pennsylvania.

Brother:

HARRY UMIN, born Russia, died Atlantic City, New Jersey about 1941, approximate age 45, buried Philadelphia.

Brother:

LOUIS born Russia, killed by railroad train in New Jersey on January 6, 1916 at age 16.

Sister:

MATILDA, died about 1935 in Philadelphia, age approximately 35, husband HARRY CELLAR resides Philadelphia, address and employment unknown.

Brother:

FRANK UMIN  
4906 North Rorer Street

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JOHN BROOKING ADAMS, Jr.  
Home address: Apartment 601,  
42-02 Layton Street,  
Elmhurst, Long Island, New York.  
Telephone: Havermeier 9-0274  
Business address: National Sugar Refining Company  
129 Front Street  
New York City, New York.  
Telephone: Whitehall 3-9500.  
Business Hours: 9:00 A.M. - 5:00 P.M.

The interview of Mr. JOHN ADAMS was requested by Philadelphia teletype to Washington and New York dated May 31, 1950, in which it was explained that records of the PENN SUGAR COMPANY showed he and GOLD had made a trip in 1940 to Gibson Island, Maryland on company business.

Mr. ADAMS was interviewed at his place of business June 1, 1950, by Special Agent Michael J. McDonagh, and he stated that on approximately April 1, 1938, he began employment as a chemist in the Research Department of the PENN SUGAR COMPANY at 1037 North Delaware Avenue, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania. At the time he began this employment, HARRY GOLD was already engaged as a bench chemist by this same concern. Mr. ADAMS advised he had not known HARRY GOLD prior to this time.

They were associated professionally at the PENN SUGAR COMPANY Laboratory until approximately September of 1938 when GOLD left the Company to attend Xavier College at Cincinnati, Ohio. It was Mr. ADAMS' recollection that GOLD returned to the PENN SUGAR COMPANY approximately the end of 1939. They again became in contact with each other through their work at the Laboratory.

Sometime in 1940 there was a meeting of food chemists being held at Gibson Island, Maryland, for the purposes of discussing vitamins and various related chemical food subjects by a number of chemists employed in the food line. Mr. ADAMS stated that he was appointed by his superior at the PENN SUGAR COMPANY, Dr. GUSTAVE RICH, to attend this conference and that he drove his personally owned automobile and was accompanied by HARRY GOLD, MORFELL DOUGHERTY, and SAM FLEMING, all employees of the PENN SUGAR COMPANY, who were designated to accompany him by Dr. RICH. It was ADAMS' recollection that the conference

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was of short duration and that they did not even remain overnight. This was the only occasion that he ever traveled anywhere, either socially or on business purposes, with HARRY GOLD. ADAMS stated that it is quite possible that at various chemical society conventions that he had attended, GOLD also was present.

ADAMS related that he had never visited HARRY GOLD's home and had never met any members of GOLD's family. He never became acquainted with GOLD on any intimate plane and had no recollection of any conversations wherein GOLD indicated what his ideological beliefs were.

ADAMS recalled that GOLD had indicated at the time he was rejected by the Armed Forces that he was disappointed. HARRY GOLD, to the best of ADAMS' recollection, had never discussed what his outside social activities were or who any of his social acquaintances might be, but it was ADAMS' recollection that either through general "shop" conversations or through a direct statement by HARRY GOLD himself that he had to the present an impression that GOLD, at one time, had a girlfriend in the late 1930s to whom he had become engaged or had contemplated engagement. The lady's name and residence were unknown to ADAMS.

Mr. ADAMS came to New York City on January 15, 1948 to work at the National Sugar Refining Company, which is affiliated with the PENN SUGAR COMPANY of Philadelphia. In approximately May of 1948 he received a telephone call from HARRY GOLD. This telephone call was the first he had heard from GOLD since GOLD left PENN SUGAR COMPANY in Philadelphia, which, as far as ADAMS could place it, was sometime in 1942. During this telephone conversation GOLD inferred that he had learned through some employees at PENN SUGAR in Philadelphia that ADAMS had been transferred to New York and was probably interested in obtaining an apartment. In view of the fact that he, GOLD, was giving an apartment up, he felt that ADAMS might be interested in obtaining the vacated apartment. ADAMS reported that they consequently made an appointment to meet at Pennsylvania Station, New York City, and they traveled, ADAMS recalled, in all probability by the Seventh Avenue IRT Subway line to a point someplace either in Queens or Elmhurst and walked approximately five blocks after getting off the subway to an apartment house where GOLD showed ADAMS a one room basement apartment.

ADAMS recalled meeting the landlady, who was married and had one child, and that it is his recollection she mentioned that her husband was or had been a school teacher at Stores School in Connecticut. ADAMS could not recall the street address, but stated he is quite certain that he would recognize the building and one room apartment if he were to see it again.

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Since this meeting with GOLD, ADAMS has had no contact with him whatever.

Mr. ADAMS advised that GOLD had never introduced him to any persons outside of the PENN SUGAR COMPANY in Philadelphia.

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The following investigation was conducted by SA JOHN J. DOERMER at New York City on May 29, 1950:

Miss MARGARET JEFFERSON, secretary, American Chemical Society, Lincoln Building, 60 East 42nd Street, advised that the records of that Society reflected that HARRY GOLD, 6823 Kindred Street, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, had been a member of the American Chemical Society in 1947. Miss JEFFERSON stated that this Society's records reflected that HARRY GOLD had been employed by ABE BROTHMAN and Associates. She stated that the subject had not been a member of the New York City Division of the American Chemical Society, and her records did not reflect whether the subject was a member prior or subsequent to 1947. She stated that in view of the subject's residence address, he might have been a member of the Society in the Philadelphia Division.

She stated that complete Society records concerning HARRY GOLD could be obtained from American Chemical Society's headquarters at 1155 16th Street, N. W., Washington 6, D. C. She further stated that the Philadelphia Division of the American Chemical Society records were maintained by Mr. WILLIAM G. BATT, Biochemical Research Foundation, Franklin Institute, Newark, Delaware.

Miss JEFFERSON stated that the American Chemical Society's records at New York City reflected no additional information concerning HARRY GOLD.

The records of the following chemists organizations were reviewed to determine if the subject had been a member of any of them. These records did not disclose, however, that the subject had ever held membership in any of these organizations:

Chemists Club, 52 East 41st Street; Mr. C. R. DEROWAY,  
Business Manager;  
The American Institute of Chemical Engineers, 120 East  
41st Street; Miss J. LOFT, Secretary;  
The Association of Consulting Chemists and Chemical Engineers,  
50 East 41st Street; Mr. ROBERT BALDWIN, Secretary;  
The American Institute of Chemists, Lincoln Building,  
60 East 42nd Street; Miss VERA KIMBALL, Secretary.

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DR. LOUIS G. FEMAN, also known as FREEMAN  
Home Address: 138-51 Hoovers Avenue  
Jamaica, Long Island, New York  
Telephone No: LIget 4-1349  
Business Address: Self-employed, Room 803,  
Childs Building  
110 West 34th Street  
New York City  
Telephone No: BRyant 9-5510

The interview of Dr. LOUIS G. FEMAN, also known as FREEMAN, was requested by Philadelphia teletype to Washington Field and New York, dated May 31, 1950, wherein it was reflected that information had been received at the Naval Aviation Supply Depot, where JOSEPH GOLD, brother of HARRY GOLD, is employed, that one Dr. LOUIS G. FEMAN, care of I. MILLER AND SONS, INC., 43-10 23rd Street, Long Island City, New York, indicated to an employee there on one occasion that he was acquainted with HARRY GOLD.

Dr. FEMAN was interviewed at his place of business on June 1, 1950 by Special Agent Paul J. Blasco. At that time Dr. FEMAN stated that he merely serves as a part-time consultant for I. MILLER, and that he is self-employed, with offices at 110 West 34th Street, New York City. Dr. FEMAN further advised that he is not acquainted with HARRY GOLD or any member of his family, nor could he recall ever making a statement that he knew GOLD. Dr. FEMAN, upon being shown photographs of GOLD, stated that he positively does not recall ever having any contacts with, or any knowledge of HARRY GOLD.



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The following investigation was conducted by SA ROBERT L. STEVENSON, JR.:

ABRAHAM BROTHMAN advised the subject resided at 87-39 Elmhurst Avenue, Elmhurst, Long Island, New York when he employed the subject.

Confidential Informant T-4, of known reliability, advised that the record books failed to reveal any forwarding address for the subject as HARRY GOLD or any of his known aliases from 87-39 Elmhurst Avenue or from any address on Elmhurst Avenue.

The following people were contacted on Elmhurst Avenue and they never heard of the subject nor could they identify the subject's pictures:

Mr. HARRY SWEENEY, 87-39 Elmhurst Avenue

Mrs. C. E. BUCKHEIT, 87-37 Elmhurst Avenue

Mr. S. PRACH, 87-41 Elmhurst Avenue

Mrs. BARBARA MULVEY, 87-20 Elmhurst Avenue

Mrs. MARY FICK, 87-33 Elmhurst Avenue

Mrs. F. R. SWEENEY, 87-17 Elmhurst Avenue

Mr. and Mrs. M. J. HELEN, 87-18 Elmhurst Avenue

Mr. WILLIAM SCOLLIN, 87-16 Elmhurst Avenue

Mrs. WILLIAM CIHELKA, 87-11 Elmhurst Avenue

Mr. CHARLES H. HERTER, 87-14 Elmhurst Avenue

Mrs. M. O'CONNOR, 87-06 Elmhurst Avenue.

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On May 31, 1950, the Salt Lake City Office advised that GOLD'S photograph had been displayed to informants and sources of information within the Salt Lake City Office territory without developing any pertinent information.

The Memphis Office on May 31, 1950 advised by teletype that Confidential Informant T-6 had been unable to identify photographs of GOLD when exhibited to him.

The Oklahoma City Office stated on May 31, 1950 that GOLD'S photographs had been exhibited to three informants within the Oklahoma City Field Office who were unable to identify GOLD as anyone with whom they had been connected or had known in Communist Party activities.

The Buffalo Office advised on May 27, 1950 that GOLD'S photograph had been exhibited to informants in the Buffalo Field Office territory without effecting an identification.

Confidential Informant T-5, of the New York Field Office on May 31, 1950 was shown photographs of GOLD, but did not recognize GOLD as anyone whom he had ever seen.

The Birmingham, Savannah, and Memphis Field Offices have reported by letters that there are no informants or sources of information within these field offices who would be in a position to furnish information of value regarding HARRY GOLD.

#### Education

EDWARD B. FOX, Registrar, Columbia University, was contacted on May 25, 1950 by SA J. J. DOERMER, who stated that eight individuals named HARRY GOLD, five of whom had middle names, have attended Columbia University. The University records concerning these eight persons were reviewed by FOX and SA DOERMER, and it was observed from descriptive data in the records that none of these individuals was identical with the subject.

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